FISHERY BY-PRODUCT REPORT

IFFO GLOBAL STANDARD FOR RESPONSIBLE SUPPLY OF FISHMEAL AND FISH OIL





FISHERY By-Product:	Thornback ray (<i>Raja clavata</i>)
LOCATION:	UK & Ireland-Ices Area IVa-c, VI a, VIIa,b,d-h,j2
DATE OF REPORT:	February 2017
ASSESSOR:	Deirdre Hoare

Global Trust Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Park, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864			
Form No: 9a	Report Ref:	Page 1 of 6	CCM Code:

1. APPLICATION DETAILS AND SUMMARY OF THE ASSESSMENT OUTCOME					
Name:					
Address:					
Country: UK & Ireland			Zip:		
Tel. No.			Fax. No.		
Email address:			Applicant Code		
Key Contact:			Title:		
Certification Body Details					
Name of Certification Body:					
Assessor Name	Peer Reviewer			Initial/Surveillance/ Re-certification	
Deirdre Hoare	Virginia Polonio			Re-certification	
J. J.					
1. Scope of Assessment			IFFO RS By-Product surveillance year 2016		
2. Fishery By-Product			Thornback ray (<i>Raja clavata</i>)		
3. Fishery By-Product Location			UK & Ireland-Ices Area IVa-c, VI a, VIIa,b,d-h,j2		
4. Fishery Method			Bottom trawl, gillnet, tangle net and longline		
5. Outcome of Assessment			Approve byproduct		

2. GUIDANCE FOR ONSITE ASSESSMENT

3. ASSESSMENT DETERMINATION

There is a robust fishery management framework at the EU and UK & Ireland levels, but it is not applied to thornback ray specifically in the assessment area. Management is supported by limited species-specific data collection and stock assessment, but there is significant room for reducing uncertainty. The assessment team recommends the approval of this byproduct material against the IFFO RS standard.

Global Trust	Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Parl	k, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: (042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864
Form No: 9a	Report Ref:	Page 2 of 6	CCM Code:

A. THE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND PROCEDURE LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE The management of the fishery used to produce the By- Product must include a legal and administrative basis for the implementation of measures and controls to support the management of the fishery. LOW An administrative framework that ensures an efficient management of the fishery is not established. MEDIUM An administrative framework that ensures an efficient management of the fishery is somehow established, but there is evidence of not being efficient to ensure the management of the stock.

A legal and administrative framework that ensures an efficient management of the fishery is established and

Determination: There are effective fishery management frameworks in place at the EU and national levels, but these frameworks are not applied specifically to the byproduct species under assessment to any significant extent.

Fishery management framework:

works efficiently.

HIGH

The UK & Ireland are members of the European Union and therefore in Community waters implement the Common Fisheries Policy (CFP). In force since 1983, the CFP aims to reconcile resource conservation with the preservation of income and jobs in coastal zones that offer few alternatives in terms of production or employment. It therefore covers not just resources but also markets and structures.

The CFP has undergone a series of updates, including the most recent reform which was implemented from 1st January 2014. The principal aim of the new CFP is to achieve maximum sustainable yield (MSY) for all stocks by 2015 where possible, and at the latest by 2020. The 2014 reform also details the gradual roll-out of a landing obligation (prohibiting discards), which began in selected fisheries in 2015 and will eventually encompass all commercial fisheries from 2019. Finally, the 2014 reform increases the role and importance of management at the regional level, and encourages more intensive stakeholder engagement.

The primary authorities with responsibility for implementing the CFP are the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine in Ireland; the Marine Management Organisation (in cooperation with the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs) in England and Wales; and Marine Scotland, a Directorate of the Scottish Government, in Scotland.

Species-specific management:

There is limited evidence of any species-specific management measures applied to thornback ray in the area covered by this assessment. Annual quotas are set for three management areas, but are generic to all skates and rays and are not specific to thornback. These areas, and their associated TACs for 2016, are as follows:

• EU waters of IIa and IV: 1,313t

• EU waters of VIa, VIb, VIIa-c,e-k: 8,032t

EU waters of VIId: 878t

Each of these TACs covers an assemblage of around 20 elasmobranch species, and ICES notes that they are likely to have different vulnerabilities to over-exploitation – although does not necessarily advocate the introduction

Global Trust Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Park, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864			
Form No: 9a	Report Ref:	Page 3 of 6	CCM Code:

of species-specific TACs. Fisheries are a mixture of target and non-target. ICES considers the current approach to be sub-optimal, and that management measures such as closed areas/seasons or effort restrictions may better protect demersal elasmobranchs. There are some additional gear restrictions and other management mechanisms in place across all elasmobranchs, but no species-specific management measures.

Although outside the area covered by this assessment, it is worth noting that fishing for thornback ray is prohibited in Division IIIa.

R2-R9

B. STOCK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES AND MANAGEMENT ADVICE LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE B. Research in support of fisheries management should exist. LOW Research to support the management of the stock does not exist MEDIUM Research to support the management of the stock exists, however research programmes could be significantly improved to decrease scientific advice uncertainty. HIGH Research to support the management of the stock exists, and research programmes for provision of scientific advice are considered adequate.

Determination: Species-specific data collection is limited, and catches are still frequently not reported to the species level making even landings data unreliable. There remain significant improvements which are needed to improve the reliability of ICES advice.

Fisheries management in EU waters is supported by the International Council for the Exploration of the Sea (ICES). ICES utilises the best available scientific information collected by 20 member countries and others, and develops advice for the majority of commercially fished stocks in European waters. ICES provides stock assessment and advice for thornback ray in five stock units relevant to the area covered by this assessment, as follows:

Subarea IV, and Divisions IIIa and VIId (North Sea, Skagerrak, Kattegat and eastern English Channel)

The stock is categorised as data-limited and assessment is based on survey based trends. Input data includes: Annual landings since 2012, IBTS Q1 and Q3 Survey, UK Beam trawl survey, CGFS. A quota recommendation of 2,110 tonnes is advised.

Divisions VIIa,f,g (Irish and Celtic seas)

A survey-based trends assessment is conducted using one bottom-trawl survey. No quantitative reference points are defined and the stock is categorised as data-limited. ICES reports that further work is required to refine landings data and workshops are required to compile and refine all available data.

Division VIIe (Western English Channel)

Biennial advice is produced using estimated landings, but no stock assessment is conducted. No reference points are defined and the stock is categorised as data-limited.

Global Trust Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Park, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864				
Form No: 9a	Report Ref:	Page 4 of 6	CCM Code:	

M

West of Scotland (Subarea VI)

A survey-based trends assessment is conducted using one bottom trawl survey. No reference points are defined and the stock is considered data-limited. ICES states that a large proportion of skates caught in the area are not reported to species level.

Other skates(including thornback ray) in Subareas VI and VII (excluding Division VIId)

This report provides advice on skates and rays not covered by the other elasmobranch advice. No assessment is conducted and no reference points are defined. The assemblage is considered data-limited. ICES cannot provide catch advice for these stocks due to a lack of reliable survey and catch data

R8 - R9

C. The fish used to produce the fish By- Product is not considered to be critically at risk of over exploitation in accordance with the IUCN guidance. LOW The fish By-Product must not come from a species that is listed as extinct, or critically endangered. The fish By-Product is from a species that is classified as vulnerable, but has a management regime in place that will control the level of fishing permitted. Or if a species is deemed to be endangered but the sub-group from where the fish By- Product is harvested is deemed scientifically to be at no risk of over exploitation. HIGH The fish By- Product comes from a fishery that is not deemed to be at risk of over exploitation from fishing activities.

Determination: Thornback ray has been categorised by the IUCN as 'near threatened', and therefore a high compliance rating is appropriate.

The IUCN has categorised *R. clavata* as "near threatened" and it does not appear in the CITES appendices.

Within the Northeast Atlantic, the most consistent source of species-specific information is from scientific trawl surveys, which generally indicate either stable or increasing catch rates over the span of the most recent two generations. Historically, much steeper declines in catch rate and geographical extent were estimated in the English Channel, Irish Sea, and North Sea. Furthermore, the geographic range within the Northeast Atlantic has decreased on around 30% over the three-generation period (around 33 years). Moreover, the current status is reliant on on-going fisheries management of the skate complex.

R10 - R11

Global Trust Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Park, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864

Form No: 9a Report Ref: Page 5 of 6 CCM Code:

5. REFERENCES

R1 – Image of *Raja clavata*. Source Fishbase:

http://www.fishbase.se/photos/PicturesSummary.php?StartRow=0&ID=2059&what=species&TotRec=10

- R2- About the Common Fisheries Policy: http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/index en.htm
- R3 CFP Managing fish stocks: http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/fishing rules/index en.htm
- R4 CFP Discarding and the Landing Obligation: http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/fishing_rules/discards/index_en.htm
- R5 Irish Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine, Fisheries Department: http://www.agriculture.gov.ie/fisheries/
- R6 Marine Management Organisation (About): https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/marine-management-organisation
- R7 Marine Scotland (About): http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/marine/About
- R8 ICES advice, Thornback ray in the Northeast Atlantic, 2016:
 - Subarea IV, and Divisions IIIa and VIId (North Sea, Skagerrak, Kattegat and eastern English Channel): http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2015/2015/rjc-347d.pdf
 - Divisions VIIa,f,g (Irish and Celtic seas) advice for 2017 & 2018:
 http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2016/2016/rjc-7afg.pdf
 - Division VIIe (Western English Channel) advice for 2017 & 2018:
 http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2016/2016/rjc-echw.pdf
 - West of Scotland (Subarea VI) advice for 2015 & 2016:
 http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2014/2014/rjc-VI.pdf
 - Other skates(including thornback ray) in Subareas VI and VII (excluding Division VIId): http://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2016/2016/raj-celt.pdf

R9 – EU TACs, 2015: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L .2015.022.01.0001.01.ENG#ntr14 L 2015022EN.01003101-E0014

R10 – IUCN redlist: http://www.iucnredlist.org/

R11 – CITES appendices: http://www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

Global Trust	Certification Ltd, 3rd Floor, Block 3, Quayside Business Par	k, Mill Street, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 0	042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864
Form No: 9a	Report Ref:	Page 6 of 6	CCM Code: