

FISHERY By-Product SURVEILLANCE REPORT

IFFO GLOBAL STANDARD FOR RESPONSIBLE SUPPLY OF FISHMEAL AND FISH OIL



FISHERY By-Product:	Monkfish (Anglerfish) (<i>Lophius piscatorius/budegassa</i>)
LOCATION:	UK & Ireland-Ices Area IVa-c, VI a, VIIa,b,d-h,j2
DATE OF REPORT:	19/02/2012
ASSESSOR:	Sam Peacock

Global Trust Certification Ltd, Quayside Business Centre, Dundalk, Co. Louth, Ireland Tel: 042 932 0912 Fax 042 938 6864

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1. APPLICATION DETAILS AND SUMMARY OF THE ASSESSMENT OUTCOME

Name:		
Address:		
Country:	Zip:	
Tel. No.	Fax. No.	
Email address:	Applicant Code	
Key Contact:	Title:	

Certification Body Details

Name of Certification Body:	Global Trust Certification Ltd.	
Assessor Name	Peer Reviewer	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-certification
Sam Peacock	Mike platt	Surveillance

1. Scope of Assessment	By-Product surveillance
2. Fishery By-Product	Monkfish (<i>Lophius piscatorius/budegassa</i>)
3. Fishery By-Product Location	Otter Trawl, gillnet, beam trawl, <i>Nephrops</i> trawl.
4. Fishery Method	Beam trawls, Seines, Gill and Tangle Nets.
5. Outcome of Assessment	Maintain approval

2. GUIDANCE FOR ONSITE ASSESSMENT

3. ASSESSMENT DETERMINATION

There is a robust fishery management framework at the EU and UK & Ireland levels, which is applied specifically to monkfish in the assessment area. Management is supported by somewhat limited species-specific data collection and stock assessment, and ICES considers the species to be data-deficient throughout the assessment area. As there have been no substantial changes since the initial assessment, the assessment team recommends the approval of this byproduct be maintained.

4. RATIONALE OF THE ASSESSMENT OUTCOME

A. THE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK AND PROCEDURE

LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE	
<i>The management of the fishery used to produce the By- Product must include a legal and administrative basis for the implementation of measures and controls to support the management of the fishery.</i>	
LOW	There is no satisfactory legal and management framework for fisheries in the region.
MEDIUM	An administrative and legal framework that underpins management of fisheries in the region is established, but it is not directly applied to the byproduct stock under assessment.
HIGH	A legal and administrative framework that ensures an efficient management for fisheries in the region is established and applied specifically to the byproduct stock under assessment.

Determination: *There are effective fishery management frameworks in place at the EU and national levels, and these frameworks are applied specifically to the byproduct species under assessment. There have been no significant changes since the initial assessment.* H

Fishery management framework:

The UK & Ireland are members of the European Union and therefore in Community waters implement the Common Fisheries Policy (CFP). In force since 1983, the CFP aims to reconcile resource conservation with the preservation of income and jobs in coastal zones that offer few alternatives in terms of production or employment. It therefore covers not just resources but also markets and structures.

With regard to resource management, the CFP regulations comprise:

- A traditional management tool based on TACs and quotas;
- Technical measures relating to gear or catch;
- Effort-related management, based on vessel engine power and the number of days at sea.

The CFP also provides for the introduction of measures to rebuild, over a period of several years, stocks that are threatened in terms of sustainable harvesting, and for recourse to effort-related management rules to supplement TACs and quotas. An extensive reform of the CFP is currently under discussion by the European parliament and council, with the aim being to finalise negotiations by the end of 2013.

The primary authorities with responsibility for implementing the CFP are the Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine in Ireland, the Marine Management Organisation (in cooperation with the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs) in the UK.

Species-specific management:

Although there are no species-specific management plans for monkfish, the two species under assessment are subject to separate TACs in each of the areas for which ICES provides stock assessments and advice (see section B). Other management mechanisms in place vary between areas.

R1 – R5

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B. STOCK ASSESSMENT PROCEDURES AND MANAGEMENT ADVICE		
LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE		
<i>B. Research in support of fisheries management should exist.</i>		
LOW	Research to support the management of regional fisheries does not exist.	
MEDIUM	Research to support the management of regional fisheries exists; however research programmes are not specifically directed at the byproduct stock under assessment.	
HIGH	Research specifically targeting the byproduct stock under assessment is carried out in support of sustainable fisheries management.	
<p>Determination: <i>Limited research is carried out specifically to support the management of the species under assessment, and as a result the assessment team considers a rating of medium compliance to be appropriate.</i></p> <p>ICES provides annual advice on quotas and management of monkfish in four reports: Anglerfish (<i>Lophius piscatorius</i> and <i>L. budegassa</i>) in Division IIIa, and Subareas IV and VI; Anglerfish (<i>Lophius piscatorius</i> and <i>L. budegassa</i>) in Divisions VIIb–k and VIIIa,b,d; Black-bellied anglerfish (<i>Lophius budegassa</i>) in Divisions VIIIc and IXa; and White anglerfish (<i>Lophius piscatorius</i>) in Divisions VIIIc and IXa. The level of information used to conduct the stock assessment varies between areas, from multiple survey indices to landings data only. ICES considers all four stocks to be data-limited.</p> <p>R4</p>		M
C. STOCK STATUS		
LEVEL OF COMPLIANCE		
<i>C. The fish used to produce the fish By- Product is not considered to be critically at risk of over exploitation in accordance with the IUCN guidance.</i>		
LOW	The fish By-Product must not come from a species that is listed as extinct, or critically endangered by the IUCN.	
MEDIUM	The fish By- Product is from a species that is classified as vulnerable, but has a management regime in place that will control the level of fishing permitted. Alternatively if a species is listed as ‘not assessed’ or ‘data deficient’ by the IUCN and no additional information is available.	
HIGH	The fish By- Product comes from a fishery that is not deemed to be at risk of over exploitation from fishing activities. Alternatively if a species is listed as ‘not assessed’ or ‘data deficient’ by the IUCN but other sources of evidence (e.g. MSC certification) demonstrate that the species is not critically at risk.	
<p>Determination: <i>The IUCN redlist has not rated either of the species under assessment here, and there is no additional information on their vulnerability available.</i></p> <p>The IUCN has not assessed either monkfish species.</p> <p>R6</p>		M

5. REFERENCES

R1 – About the Common Fisheries Policy, Managing a Common Resource:

http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/cfp/index_en.htm

R2 – Irish Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine, Fisheries Department:

<http://www.agriculture.gov.ie/fisheries/>

R3 – Marine Management Organisation (About): <http://marinemanagement.org.uk/about/index.htm>

R4 – ICES anglerfish (monkfish) advice, 2012:

<http://www.ices.dk/committe/acom/comwork/report/asp/advice.asp?titlesearch=&Region=-1&Species=46&Period=316&submit1=Submit+Query&mode=2>

R5 – EU fishing quotas 2012: http://ec.europa.eu/fisheries/documentation/publications/poster_tac2012_en.pdf

R6 – IUCN redlist: <http://www.iucnredlist.org/>

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