



MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment VNM08 – Alaska pollock in FAO Area 67 – Gulf of Alaska

MarinTrust Programme

Unit C, Printworks 22 Amelia Street London SE17 3BZ

E: standards@marin-trust.com

T: +44 2039 780 819



Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Alaska pollock (Gadus chalcogrammus)	
	Geographical area:	FAO Area 67 – Gulf of Alaska (GoA)	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	USA	
	Stock:	GoA pollock	
Date	July 2023		
Report Code	VNM08		
Assessor		Sam Peacock	
Country of origin of the product - PASS	USA		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	n/a		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome						
Company Name(s): Thien Quynh Co Ltd						
Country: Vietnam						
Email address:		Applicant Code	2:			
Certification Body Deta	ails					
Name of Certification E	Body:		LRQA			
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval			
Sam Peacock	Sam Peacock Jose Peiro Crespo 0.2 Surveillance 2					
Assessment Period		July 2023 -	- July 2024			

Scope Details	
Main Species	Alaska pollock (Gadus chalcogrammus)
Stock	GoA pollock
Fishery Location	FAO Area 67 - GoA
Management Authority (Country/ State)	USA / Alaska / NPFMC
Gear Type(s)	Mid-water trawl
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Pass
Recommendation	Pass



Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

Notes for On-site Auditor

Alaska pollock has been categorised by the IUCN Red List as Near Threatened, and does not appear in the CITES appendices. Pollock in the Gulf of Alaska (GoA) is managed relative to target and limit reference points, and was therefore assessed under Category C.

This fishery holds an MSC certification, with the most recent surveillance assessment published in April 2023. The most recent stock assessment was carried out in 2022 using all catch data and four survey indices. The assessment concluded that stock biomass is above the target and limit reference points and therefore the byproduct meets the MT requirements and should remain approved for use as a raw material.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The by-product fishery under assessment is the Alaska pollock or walleye pollock (*Gadus chalcogrammus*) mid-water trawl fishery in the Gulf of Alaska (FAO Area 67). The species is classified as NT in the IUCN red list. The species managed relative to biomass-based reference points.

The species was last assessed in 2022. That assessment indicates that SSB is above limit and target reference points. Therefore, the stock passes category C. The fishery is also MSC certified.

The peer review supports the auditor's recommendation to pass the Alaska pollock mid-water trawl fishery in the Gulf of Alaska (FAO Area 67) under the Marin Trust IFFO RS v2.0 by-fishery standard for the production of fishmeal and fish oil.



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Alaska pollock	Gadus chalcogrammus	GoA pollock	Yes	С	Near Threatened ³	No

¹ https://www.iucnredlist.org/

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

³ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/18258863/45097315



CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Alaska pollock		
C1	Catego	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements		
CI	C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.				
	C1.2	reference po	is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit pint (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific to be negligible.	PASS	
			Clause outcome:	PASS	

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

This fishery is currently MSC certified, with the most recent surveillance assessment report published in April 2023. The surveillance report notes that the most recent stock assessment for GoA pollock was conducted in 2022, using total catch and catch-at-age, two acoustic surveys, and two trawl surveys. The report also notes that "there were no elevated concerns about stock assessment, population dynamics, environment/ecosystem, or fisheries performance categories" (MRAG 2023). The full stock assessment report is also available online (AFSC 2022). C1.1 is met.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The 2023 MSC surveillance report examines the outcomes of the 2022 stock assessment for GoA pollock. SSB in 2022 was estimated to be 204,554t, which is 43.61% of unfished spawning biomass and above B40%, which is used as a target reference point (MRAG 2023). Biomass is therefore estimated to be above the limit reference point and C1.2 is met.

References

ASFC (2022). Assessment of the Walleye Pollock Stock in the Gulf of Alaska. https://apps-afsc.fisheries.noaa.gov/Plan Team/2022/GOApollock.pdf

MRAG (2023). Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands and Gulf of Alaska Pollock, 2nd surveillance report. April 17, 2023. https://fisheries.msc.org/en/fisheries/bsai-and-goa-alaska-pollock/@@assessments

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01



CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name		n/a					
	Productivity Attribut	:e	Value	Score				
	Average age at maturity (years)							
	Average maximum age (years)							
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)							
	Average maximum size (cm)							
	Average size at maturity (cm)							
	Reproductive strategy							
	Mean trophic level							
			Average Productivity Score					
	Susceptibility Attribu	te	Value	Score				
	Availability (area overlap)							
	Encounterability (the position of the s	•						
	within the water column relative to the	ne fishing gear)						
	Selectivity of gear type							
	Post-capture mortality							
			Average Susceptibility Score					
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)							
			Compliance rating					
		Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)						
	For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be							
	uncertainty affecting your decision							
Refere	nces							
Standa	ard clauses 1 3 2 2							



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility ow risk, score = 1)	Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)			High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10-30% overlap			>30% overlap	
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability). Medium overlap with fishing gear. Medium overlap with fishing gear.		gh overlap with hing gear (high acounterability). efault score for rget species				
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	vidence of majority leased post-capture Id survival.	rel	ridence of some eased post-capture d survival.	m	etained species or ajority dead when leased.	



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	Species Name n/a						
	Impac	ts On Species Categorise	ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements					
	D4.1	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management						
		process, and reasonab	ole measures are taken to minimise these impacts.					
	D4.2	There is no substantia species.	al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the					
			Outcome:					
Eviden	ice							
D4.2 T	here is r	no substantial evidence	that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.					
Refere	ences							
Links								
Marin [*]	Trust Sta	andard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4					
FAO C	CRF		7.5.1					

D.5.01

GSSI