



MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Indian Mackerel, FAO 51-57 Indian Ocean

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Indian Mackerel (Rastrelliger kanagurta)		
Fishery Under Assessment	Geographical area:	FAO 51-57		
	Country of origin of the product:	Thailand		
	Stock:	Indian Ocean		
Date	January 2023			
Report Code	THA31			
Assessor	Vineetha Aravind			
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Thailand			
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	N/A			

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome							
Company Name(s): South East Asian Packaging and Canning Ltd T. C. Union Agrotech Co, ltd							
Country: Thailand							
Email address:		Applicant Cod	e:				
Certification Body Det	ails						
Name of Certification	Body:	LRQA					
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval				
Vineetha Aravind Sam Peacock		0.5	Surveillance 2				
Assessment Period Jan 2023-Jan 2024							

Scope Details		
Main Species	Indian Mackerel (Rastrelliger kanagurta)	
Stock	Indian Ocean	
Fishery Location	FAO 51-57	
Management Authority (Country/ State)	Thailand	
Gear Type(s)	Purse seines and nets	
Outcome of Assessment		
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree	
Recommendation	Approve byproduct	



Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

Indian Mackerel has been categorised as Data Deficient by IUCN Red data List, and does not appear in CITES appendices. Therefore, it is eligible for approval for use as Marine Trust raw material.

The stock is not subject to species specific research and management measures are not in place. Therefore, following Marin Trust criteria, the stock is classified as Category D.

The fishery was assessed using the risk-based Productivity, Susceptibility Analysis (PSA) approach as per Marin Trust v 2.0 procedures for Category D species.

Table D1 has shown a score of 1.28 for Productivity Attributes and a score of 2.75 for Susceptibility Attributes. As per Table D3 this is a Pass.

Therefore, Indian Oil Sardine in FAO Areas 51-57 is APPROVED by the assessor in the assessment area for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products standard.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

PR agrees that the species meets the MT pre-requisites and has been correctly assessed under Category D. The PSA has been carried out correctly and the PR agrees that the byproduct should be approved for use as a raw material.

Notes for On-site Auditor		



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Indian mackerel	Rastrelliger Kanagurta	FAO 51-57 Indian Ocean	No	D	DD	No

¹ https://www.iucnredlist.org/

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

³ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/170328/6750032



CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	Species Name							
C 1	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements							
CI	C1.1	Fishery remov	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment					
		process, OR a	re considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
	C1.2	The species is	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit					
		·	nt (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific be negligible.					
			Clause outcome:					
proxy	C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. References							
Links								
Marin	Trust St	tandard clause	1.3.2.2					
EAG		7.5.3						
FAU	CCRF	7.5.3 D.3.04, D5.01						



CATEGORY D SPECIES

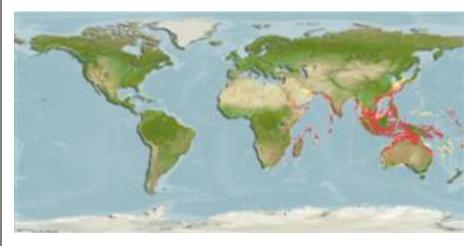
Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

Species Name		
Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
Average age at maturity (years)	2.5	1
Average maximum age (years)	4	1
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	37690-170455	2
Average maximum size (cm)	25 cm	1
Average size at maturity (cm)	19.9 cm	1
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	1
Mean trophic level	3.2	2
	Average Productivity Score	1.28
Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Score
Availability (area overlap)	10-30% overlap	2
Encounterability (the position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear)	Targeted	3
Selectivity of gear type	Retained	3
Post-capture mortality	Retained	3
	Average Susceptibility Score	2.75
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	PASS
	Compliance rating	PASS

For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision

References

Productivity attributes: Fishbase. Rastrelliger kanagurta, Indian mackerel: fisheries, gamefish, bait (fishbase.se)



*Figure 1. Distribution maps for Rastrelliger kanagurta (Indian mackerel), with modelled year 2050 native range map based on IPCC RCP8.5 emissions scenario. www.aquamaps.org, version 10/2019

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)	
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years	
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years	
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year	
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm	
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm	
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer	
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25	

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility ow risk, score = 1)		Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)		High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10	10-30% overlap		>30% overlap	
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).		Medium overlap with fishing gear.		High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species		
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	Ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	Evidence of majority released post-capture and survival.		Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.		Retained species or majority dead when released.		



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	cies Name						
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements							
	D4.1	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.						
	D4.2							
			Outcome:					
D4.2 T	reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts. D4.2 There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.							
Refere	ences							
Links								
Marin [*]	Trust Standard clause 1.3.2.2, 4.1.4							
FAO C	CRF		7.5.1					
GSSI			D.5.01					