



MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment SLV12 Yellowfin Tuna in FAO Areas 34, 41 & 47 (Atlantic)

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Yellowfin tuna (Thunnus albacares)
		FAO Major Fishing Areas:
	Geographical area:	34 Atlantic, Eastern Central
Fishery Under	Geographical area.	41 Atlantic, Southwest
Assessment		47 Atlantic, Southeast
	Country of origin of	El Salvador
	the product:	
	Stock:	Atlantic Yellowfin
Date	March 2023	
Report Code	SLV12	
Assessor	Sam Dignan	
Country of origin of the	El Salvador	
product - PASS		
Country of origin of the	Nono	
product - FAIL	None	

Application details and	d summary of the asses	sment outcome	5
Company Name(s): Ca	alvo Conservas El Salvad	dor SA de CV	
Country: El Salvador			
Email address:		Applicant Cod	e:
Certification Body Det	ails		
Name of Certification	Body:	LRQA	
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/
ASSESSO	Peer Reviewer	Days	Re-approval
Sam Dignan	Sam Peacock	0.2	Surveillance 1
Assessment Period	To April 2023		

Scope Details			
Main Species	Yellowfin tuna (Thunnus albacares)		
Stock	Atlantic Yellowfin		
	FAO Major Fishing Areas:		
Fishery Location	34 Atlantic, Eastern Central		
Fishery Location	41 Atlantic, Southwest		
	47 Atlantic, Southeast		
Management Authority	International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas		
(Country/ State)	(ICCAT)		
Gear Type(s)	Longline, baitboat, purse seine		
Outcome of Assessment			
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with recommendation		
Recommendation	PASS		

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Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

Yellowfin tuna has been categorised by the IUCN as a species of Least Concern and does not appear in the CITES appendices.

There is a single yellowfin stock in the Atlantic Ocean which is assessed and managed by the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT) relative to a target reference point (B_{MSY}); as such it is assessed under Category C.

The most recent stock assessment for Atlantic yellowfin was conducted in 2019 using all available catch data plus some catch estimates. The assessment concluded that stock biomass was above the target reference point, and therefore would also be above any potential limit reference point.

Overall, the by-product meets relevant MarinTrust requirements and should be re-approved for use as a raw material.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

Yellowfin tuna has been correctly assessed as eligible for approval and placed under Category C. The most recent assessment for this stock was conducted in 2019 and indicated that biomass at that time was above the limit reference point. A new stock assessment is due to be carried out this year. The peer reviewer agrees that this byproduct should be approved for use as a raw material in MT-certified marine ingredients.

Notes for On-site Auditor



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category		CITES Appendix 1 ²
Yellowfin tuna	Thunnus albacares	Atlantic	Yes	С	Least Concern ³	No

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

³ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/21857/46624561

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CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption. Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Yellowfin tuna (Atlantic stock	.)	
			tus - Minimum Requirements		
C1	C1.1	Fishery remove process, OR a	vals of the species in the fishery unde rre considered by scientific authoritie		PASS
	C1.2	reference poi		ck assessment, to have a biomass above the limit hery under assessment are considered by scientific	PASS
				Clause outcome:	PASS
consid Mana (ICCA 2018 2019) report	dered b gement T). The r catch re . This is ted as for 2018 2020 2020	y scientific autl of this yellowf most recent sto ports were inco adequate to r ollows (ICCAT 2 3 = 136,415 mt 9 = 135,312 mt 1 = 151,241 mt L = 110,600 mt	horities to be negligible. in tuna stock is coordinated by the In ck assessment carried out for this sto omplete, an average of the catch over	essment are included in the stock assessment process iternational Commission for the Conservation of Atla ick occurred in 2019 (ICCAT 2023). Although a propor in the previous three years (2015-17) was used as a pro- h data are now available up to and including 2021, cess: therefore, C1.1 is met.	ntic Tunas tion of the oxy (ICCAT
proxy Stock), OR re assessn	emovals by the ments are carrie	fishery under assessment are consid	ment, to have a biomass above the limit reference lered by scientific authorities to be negligible. ee Research and Statistics (SCRS) with the most reco 2023).	
1. 2. 3.	F2018/FM SSB2018/ MSY is (MSY is estimated /SSBMSY is estim estimated at 12	at 0.96 (range 0.56 – 1.50), indicatin ated at 1.17 (range 0.75 – 1.62), indi	cating that the stock was not overfished in 2018. 7,400 mt) meaning the 2021 catch (110,600 mt) was b	
			s most recent stock assessment to ha erence point; therefore, C1.2 is met.	ave a biomass above the target reference point, and	therefore
ICCAT ICCAT ISSF (2 Found	(2019). (2022). (2023). 2023). S	. ICCAT Statistic . Stock Assessm	al bulletin Vol. 47 Section 2. <u>https://v</u> ents and Executive Summaries. <u>https</u> rld fisheries for tuna. Mar. 2023. ISSF	v.iccat.int/Documents/SCRS/ExecSum/YFT_ENG.pdf www.iccat.int/sbull/SB47-2022/s2.html s://www.iccat.int/en/assess.html Technical Report 2023-01. International Seafood Sus	tainability
Links	T+ 0	to a doubt of our		4.2.2.2	
		tandard clause		1.3.2.2	
FAO C	CKF			7.5.3	
GSSI				D.3.04, D5.01	

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CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

Species Name		
Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
Average age at maturity (years)		
Average maximum age (years)		
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)		
Average maximum size (cm)		
Average size at maturity (cm)		
Reproductive strategy		
Mean trophic level		
	Average Productivity Score	
Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Scor
Availability (area overlap)		
Encounterability (the position of the stock/species		
within the water column relative to the fishing gear)		
Selectivity of gear type		
Post-capture mortality		
	Average Susceptibility Score	
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	
	Compliance rating	
Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where re	elevant)	
For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief ration uncertainty affecting your decision	nale for scoring of parameters where a	there may l
nces		
1663		



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility .ow risk, score = 1)		edium susceptibility nedium risk, score = 2)		igh susceptibility igh risk, score = 3)
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<1	0% overlap	10	-30% overlap		0% overlap
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	fis	w overlap with hing gear (low counterability).		edium overlap with hing gear.	fis en De	gh overlap with hing gear (high counterability). efault score for rget species
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught
Potential of the gear to retain species	ь	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	vidence of majority leased post-capture d survival.	rel	idence of some eased post-capture d survival.	m	etained species or ajority dead when leased.

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D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	cies Name				
	Impac	ts On Species Categorise	ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements			
	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.					
	D4.2	There is no substantia species.	al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the			
		, · ·	Outcome:			
	The pot		shery on this species are considered during the management proce	ss, and		
D4.1: reasor	The pot nable me	easures are taken to mir		ss, and		
D4.1: reasor	The pot nable me here is r	easures are taken to mir	imise these impacts.	ss, and		
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T	The pot nable me here is r	easures are taken to mir	imise these impacts.	ss, and		
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T Refere Links	The pot nable me here is r ences	easures are taken to mir	imise these impacts.	ss, and		
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T Refere Links	The pot nable me here is r ences Trust Sta	easures are taken to min	imise these impacts. that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.	ss, and		