



MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Round sardinella (*Sardinella aurita*) in FAO 34, Atlantic eastern central

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Round sardinella (Sardinella aurita)	
	Geographical area:	FAO 34 Atlantic eastern central	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Morocco (Flag country: Morocco)	
	Stock:	Atlantic eastern central round sardinella	
Date	3 February 2023		
Report Code	MAR001	MAR001	
Assessor	Léa Lebechnech		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Morocco (Flag country:	: Morocco)	
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA		

Application details and	I summary of the assessmen	t outcome	
Company Name(s): Co	pelit, Laayoune		
Country: Morocco			
Email address:		Applicant Code:	
Certification Body Deta	ails		
Name of Certification I	Body:	Global Trust Cer	rtification
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval
Léa Lebechnech	Matthew Jew	0.5	Surveillance 1
Assessment Period	To February 2023		

Scope Details	
Main Species	Round sardinella (Sardinella aurita)
Stock	Atlantic eastern central round sardinella
Fishery Location	FAO 34 eastern central Atlantic Ocean
Management Authority (Country/ State)	Fishery Committee for the Eastern Central Atlantic (CECAF)/ Morocco Ministère de l'Agriculture, de la Pêche Maritime, du Développment Durable et des Eaux et Forêts (MAMF)
Gear Type(s)	Purse seine, midwater trawl
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with assessor's recommendation
Recommendation	APPROVED



Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin trust raw material.

Round sardinella (*Sardinella aurita*) does not appear as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor do they appear in CITES appendices; therefore, round sardinella is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust RS by-product raw material.

The small pelagics fishery in the zone C is managed under a plan which includes a TAC (all small pelagic species combined), bycatch limits, species restrictions, spatial zoning and closed areas. The fishery in zones A+B is also managed via a management plan but using limits on effort rather than a TAC. Therefore, management measures are applied to the small pelagics fishery, but it is not clear the extent to which these are specific measures for round sardinella. In addition, there are no reference points defined for the stock. Therefore, it has been assessed under category D and a PSA was conducted.

With an average productivity score of 1.43 and an average susceptibility score of 2.25, it PASSES Table D1.

Therefore, round sardinella in FAO 34 (eastern central Atlantic Ocean), is APPROVED for the production of fishmeal and fish-oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products.

However, the assessor would like to stress that FAO in 2021¹ underlined that the sardinella stock is still overexploited. FAO highly recommends a fishing effort reduction of at least 50%, along with an implementation of joint management between national governments for the sustainable management of these species.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The assessor correctly classified round sardinella in FAO 34 (eastern central Atlantic Ocean) as Category D, as the stock is not subject to a specific management regime and reference points are not defined.

The assessor correctly applied attribute scores for the PSA and the productivity total of 1.43 and susceptibility total of 2.25 were correctly calculated. The stock passes category D per Table D4.

Round sardinella in FAO 34 (eastern central Atlantic Ocean) passes the PSA and therefore should be approved under the MarinTrust Standard v.2.

Notes for On-site Auditor		
N/A		

¹ Fishery committee for the eastern central Atlantic. Summary report. FAO working group on the assessment of small pelagic fish off northwest Africa 2021: https://ldac.eu/images/2021_WGSPN_summary_EN.pdf



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ²	CITES Appendix 1 ³
Round sardinella	Sardinella aurita	Atlantic eastern central round sardinella	CECAF / MAMF	D	LC ⁴	No

² https://www.iucnredlist.org/

³ https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php ⁴ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/198581/115340607



CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name	Round sar	dinella (<i>Sardinella aurita</i>)	
	Productivity Attribute		Value	Score
	Average age at maturity (years)		2.7	1
	Average maximum age (years)		10.9	2
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)		26,555	1
	Average maximum size (cm)		41	1
	Average size at maturity (cm)		21.4	1
	Reproductive strategy		Broadcast spawner, nonguarders	1
	Mean trophic level		3.4	3
			Average Productivity Score	1.43
	Susceptibility Attribute		Value	Score
	Availability (area overlap)		Medium overlap	2
	Encounterability (the position of the st	tock/species	Depth range 0 - 350 m	2
	within the water column relative to th	e fishing gear)		2
	Selectivity of gear type		Individuals < size at maturity are	
			regularly caught and individuals < half	2
			the size at maturity can avoid or	2
			escape the gear	
	Post-capture mortality		Mostly dead when retained	3
			Average Susceptibility Score	2.25
			PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	Pass
			Compliance rating	PASS

Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)

For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision



This map was computer-generated and has not yet been reviewed.

Sardinella aurita AquaMaps Data sources: GBIF OBIS

References

Fishbase. *Sardinella aurita*, Valenciennes, 1847. Round sardinella: https://www.fishbase.de/summary/Sardinella-aurita.html

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility		ow susceptibility		edium susceptibility	Hi	igh susceptibility
attributes	(L	ow risk, score = 1)	(m	nedium risk, score = 2)	(h	igh risk, score = 3)
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<1	0% overlap	10	-30% overlap	>3	0% overlap
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	fis	ow overlap with hing gear (low ecounterability).		edium overlap with hing gear.	fis en De	gh overlap with hing gear (high counterability). efault score for rget species
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	vidence of majority leased post-capture Id survival.	rel	idence of some eased post-capture d survival.	m	etained species or ajority dead when leased.



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	cies Name			
	Impac	ts On Species Categorise	d as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements		
	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.				
	D4.2	There is no substantia species.	Il evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the		
			Outcome:		
	The pot	ential impacts of the fi	shery on this species are considered during the management proces imise these impacts.	s, and	
D4.1: reasor	The pot	easures are taken to mir		s, and	
D4.1: reasor	The pot nable me	easures are taken to mir	imise these impacts.	s, and	
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D4.1: reason D4.2 T Refere	The pot nable me here is r ences	easures are taken to mir	that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.	s, and	