

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Summer-spawn herring (*Clupea*harengus) in FAO 27, ICES Division 5.a: Icelandic Grounds

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Herring (Clupea harengus)	
	Geographical area:	FAO 27 Northeast Atlantic	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Iceland	
	Stock:	Summer-spawn herring in FAO 27 Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds)	
Date	15 September 2022		
Report Code	ISL03		
Assessor	Matthew Jew		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Iceland		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Company Name(s): Loðnuvinnslan hf					
Country: Iceland					
Email address:		Applicant Code:			
Certification Body Details					
Name of Certification Body:		Global Trust Certification			
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval		
Matthew Jew	Léa Lebechnech	0.5	Initial		
Assessment Period	sessment Period Up to September 2022				

Scope Details				
Main Species	Herring (Clupea harengus)			
Stock	Summer-spawn herring in FAO 27 Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds)			
Fishery Location	FAO 27 Northeast Atlantic			
Management Authority (Country/ State)	Icelandic Ministry of Industry and Innovation			
Gear Type(s)	2021 Estimates: Pelagic Trawl (100%)			
Outcome of Assessment				
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with the assessor's recommendation of approval			
Recommendation	APPROVED			

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin trust raw material. Herring (*Clupea harengus*) do not appear as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor do they appear in CITES appendices; therefore, *Clupea harengus* is eligible for approval for use as Marin trust by-product raw material.

The Icelandic Ministry of Industries and Innovation has a management plan for Icelandic summer-spawn herring since 2017. The rule has been evaluated by ICES and is considered to be precautionary and conforms to ICES MSY approach. The stock is subject to a specific management regime and reference points are defined, therefore it was assessed under Category C.

Fishery removals are included in the stock assessment and it PASSES Clause C1.1. The stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have biomass above the limit reference point, it PASSES Clause C1.2.

Therefore, summer-spawn herring in Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds) is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current MarinTrust v2.0 by-products.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The internal peer reviewer agrees with the assessor's determination, who correctly classified the stock of Icelandic summer-spawn herring under Category C, as the stock is subject to a specific management regime in place and reference points are defined.

Fishery removals are included in the stock assessment and the stock has its biomass above reference point, so it passes Clauses C1.1 and C1.2.

Therefore, summer-spawn herring in FAO 27 Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds) is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current MarinTrust v 2.0 by-products standards.

Notes for On-site Auditor

N/A



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Herring	Clupea	Summer-spawn herring	Icelandic Ministry of	С	LC	No
	harengus	in FAO 27 Division 5.a	Industries and			
		(Icelandic Grounds)	Innovation			

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Herring (Clupea harengus)	
C1	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements			
CI	C1.1		ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Yes
	C1.2	reference po	s considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit int (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific be negligible.	Yes
		•	Clause outcome:	PASS

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

This stock assessment is an age-based analytical model that uses catches (including commercial landings) and one age-structured acoustic survey index in the model and in the forecast. Long-term catch data are presented in Figure 1.

ICES advises that when the Icelandic management plan is applied, catches in the fishing year 2022/2023 should be no more than 66 195 tonnes.

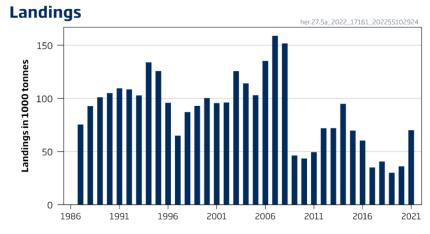


Figure 1. Long-term catches for summer-spawn herring in Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds). Source: ICES 2022.

Therefore, fishery removals of the stock, including from the fishery under assessment, are included in the stock assessment process. The stock PASSES Clause C1.1.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The most recent ICES stock assessment (2022) indicates that spawning-stock biomass (SSB) and Biomass 4+ (B4+) are above MSY B_{mgt}, MSY B_{trigger}, B_{pa}, and B_{lim} (Figure 2).



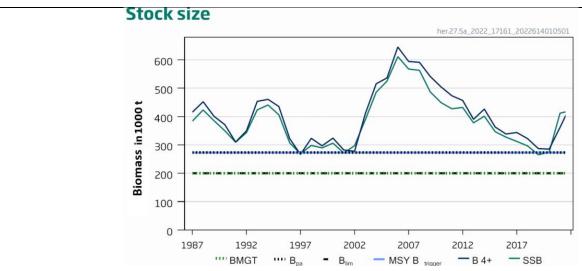


Figure 2. Long-term spawning stock biomass (SSB) trends in Division 5.a (Icelandic Grounds). Source: ICES 2022

Therefore, the stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have biomass above the limit reference point. The stock PASSES Clause C1.2.

References

ICES. 2022. Herring (*Clupea harengus*) in Division 5.a, summer-spawning herring (Iceland grounds). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2022. ICES Advice 2022, her.27.5a, https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.19447988.

Links		
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2	
FAO CCRF	7.5.3	
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01	