

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Cod (*Gadus morhua*), FAO 27, ICES 5.a (Iceland Grounds)

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Cod (Gadus morhua)	
	Geographical area:	FAO 27 – Northeast Atlantic	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	UK, Ireland, Norway, Denmark	
	Stock:	ICES 5.a (Iceland Grounds)	
Date	July 2024		
Report Code	FRA66		
Assessor	Blanca Gonzalez		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	UK, Ireland, Norway, Denmark		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	None		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Company Name(s): Copalis Industrie					
Country: France					
Email address:		Applicant Cod	e:		
Certification Body Deta	ails				
Name of Certification	Body:	LRQA			
		Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/		
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Days	Re-approval		
Blanca Gonzalez Sam Peacock		0.5	Surveillance 1		
Assessment Period July 2024 – July 2025					

Scope Details	
Main Species	Cod (Gadus morhua)
Stock	ICES 5.a (Iceland Grounds)
Fishery Location	FAO 27 – Northeast Atlantic
Management Authority (Country/ State)	The Icelandic Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries
Gear Type(s)	Bottom trawl, longline, gillnet, demersal seine, jigging
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with recommendation
Recommendation	PASS



Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

Cod (*Gadus morhua*) was assessed as a category C species considering that it is a Vulnerable species by the IUCN, it is not in included in any CITES Appendixes, and the stock is managed using annual quotas relative to established reference points.

Cod in ICES Division 5.a (Iceland Grounds) is subject to annual stock assessment by ICES Northwestern Working Group (NWWG). The last assessment was published in June 2024 using catches data in the model. Fishing pressure on the stock is below HR_{MGT} and HR_{pa} , and spawning-stock size is above MGT $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa} , and B_{lim} . Therefore, both clauses in the assessment were met.

The cod by-product meets the Marin Trust requirements and it should be remained approved for use as a raw material.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The peer reviewer agrees that this cod stock should be assessed under Category C. The assessor has provided adequate evidence to demonstrate that the stock meets the requirements of category C, and therefore the peer reviewer agrees that the byproduct should remain approved for use as a raw material.

Notes for On-site Auditor

There are no concerns that requires attention from the on-site assessor



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Cod	Gadus morhua	ICES 5.a (Iceland grounds)	Yes	С	Vulnerable ³	No

¹ https://www.iucnredlist.org/

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

³ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/8784/12931575



CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	cies	Name	Cod (Gadus morhua)	
C1	Catego	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements	
CI	C1.1	Fishery remo	ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment	PASS
		process, OR	are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	
	C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit PASS		PASS	
	reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific			
		authorities to	o be negligible.	
			Clause outcome:	PASS

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The clause is met considering that:

The cod in Iceland grounds (ICES Division 5.a) most recent assessment was published in June 2024 by The International Council for exploration of the Sea (ICES) Northwestern Working Group (NWWG). The assessment was carried out using a Separable catchat-age model (Muppet) using catches in the assessment and forecast. Thus, removals of the species are included in the stock assessment process (ICES 2024) (figure 1).

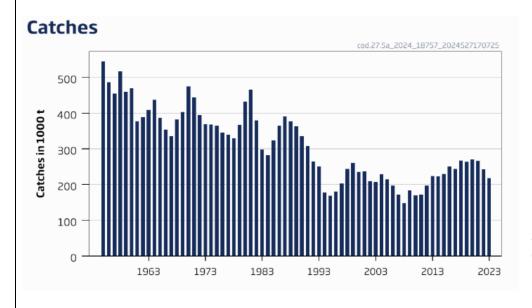


Figure 1. Cod catches in Division 5.a (Iceland grounds) since 1955. (ICES 2024).



C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The Clause is met considering that:

The 2024 cod assessment indicates that fishing pressure on the stock is below HR_{MGT} and HR_{pa} (figure 1), and spawning-stock size is above MGT $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa} , and B_{lim} (figure 2). The catch advice is that when the Icelandic management plan is applied, catches in the fishing year 1 September 2024 to 31 August 2025 should be no more than 213 214 tonnes. (ICES 2024).

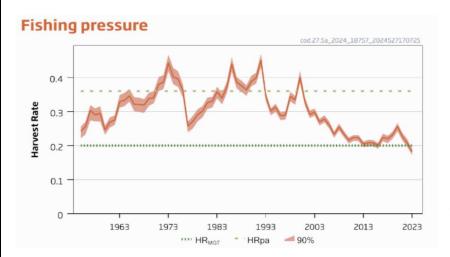


Figure 1. Cod in Division 5.a (Iceland grounds) fishing pressure below HR_{MGT} and HR_{pa} (ICES 2024).

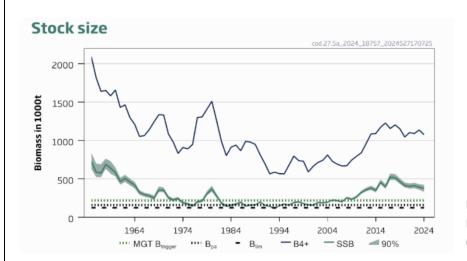


Figure 2. Spawning-stock size above MGT $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa} , and B_{lim} for cod in Division 5.a (Iceland grounds) (ICES 2024)

References

ICES (2024). Cod (Gadus morhua) in Division 5.a (Iceland grounds). ICES Advice: Recurrent Advice. Report. https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.25019222.v1

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01



CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name	NA			
	Productivity Attribut	te Value	Score		
	Average age at maturity (years)				
	Average maximum age (years)				
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)				
	Average maximum size (cm)				
	Average size at maturity (cm)				
	Reproductive strategy				
	Mean trophic level				
		Average Productivity Score			
	Susceptibility Attribu	te Value	Score		
	Availability (area overlap)				
	Encounterability (the position of the s	stock/species			
	within the water column relative to the fishing gear)				
	Selectivity of gear type				
	Post-capture mortality				
		Average Susceptibility Score			
		PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)			
		Compliance rating			
	Further justification for susceptibility For susceptibility attributes, please pr uncertainty affecting your decision	y scoring (where relevant) ovide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters wher	e there may be		
Refere	nces				
Standa	ard clauses 1.3.2.2				



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility ow risk, score = 1)	Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)			High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10-30% overlap		>30% overlap		
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).		Medium overlap with fishing gear.		High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species		
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	Ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	Evidence of majority released post-capture and survival.		Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.		Retained species or majority dead when released.		



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75 1.76 - 2.24		2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity 1 - 1.75		PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Species Name						
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements						
	D4.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of the fishery on this species are considered during the management le measures are taken to minimise these impacts.				
	D4.2	There is no substantia species.	al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the				
Outco	me:						
reason	able me	easures are taken to mir	shery on this species are considered during the management process, and imise these impacts. that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.				
Refere	nces						
Links							
Marin ⁻	MarinTrust Standard clause 1.3.2.2, 4.1.4						
FAO CO	CRF		7.5.1				
GSSI			D.5.01				