

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Plaice (*Pleuronectes platessa*), FAO 27, ICES 3.a.20, 4 (Skagerrak and North Sea)

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa)
	Geographical area:	FAO 27 – Northeast Atlantic
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	France, UK, Ireland, Belgium
	Stock:	ICES 3.a.20, 4 (Skagerrak and North Sea)
Date	July 2024	
Report Code	FRA57	
Assessor	Blanca Gonzalez	
Country of origin of the product - PASS	France, UK, Ireland, Bel	gium
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	None	

Application details and	d summary of the assess	sment outcome	2
Company Name(s): Co	palis Industrie		
Country: France			
Email address:		Applicant Cod	e:
Certification Body Det	ails		
Name of Certification	Body:	LRQA	
		Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Days	Re-approval
Blanca Gonzalez	Sam Peacock	0.5	Surveillance 1
Assessment Period	July 2024 – July 2025		

Scope Details			
Main Species	Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa)		
Stock	ICES 3.a.20, 4 (Skagerrak and North Sea)		
Fishery Location	FAO 27 – Northeast Atlantic		
Management Authority			
(Country/ State)	EU		
Gear Type(s)	Otter trawls, beam trawls, others		
Outcome of Assessment			
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with recommendation		
Recommendation	PASS		

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Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

Plaice (*Pleuronectes platessa*) was assessed as a category C species considering that it is a Least Concern species by the IUCN, it is not in included in any CITES Appendixes, and the stock is managed using annual quotas relative to established reference points.

Plaice in ICES Subdivision 3.a.20 and subarea 4 (Skagerrak and North Sea) is subject to annual stock assessment by ICES Working Group on the Assessment of Demersal Stocks in the North Sea and Skagerrak (WGNSSK). The last assessment was published in June 2024 using catches data in the model. Fishing pressure on the stock is below F_{MSY} and spawning-stock size is above MSY B_{trigger}, B_{pa}, and B_{lim}. Therefore, both clauses in the assessment were met.

The plaice by-product meets the Marin Trust requirements and it should be remained approved for use as a raw material.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The peer reviewer agrees that this plaice stock should be assessed under Category C. The assessor has provided adequate evidence to demonstrate that the stock meets the requirements of category C, and therefore the peer reviewer agrees that the byproduct should remain approved for use as a raw material.

Notes for On-site Auditor

There are no concerns that requires attention from the on-site assessor



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Plaice	Peluronectes platessa	ICES 3.a.20, 4 (Skagerrak Subdivision, North Sea Subarea)	Yes	С	Least Concern ³	No

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

² https://	://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.g	hn
mups.	.// cites.org/ citg/ upp/ upper uces.p	лір

³ https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/135690/50018800

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CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa)	
C1	Catego	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements	
CI	C1.1		ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	PASS
	C1.2	reference po	s considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit int (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific o be negligible.	PASS
		•	Clause outcome:	PASS

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The clause is met considering that:

The plaice in Skagerrak and in the North Sea (ICES subdivision 3.a.20 and subarea 4) most recent assessment was published in June 2024 by The International Council for exploration of the Sea (ICES) Working Group on the Assessment of Demersal Stocks in the North Sea and Skagerrak (WGNSSK). The assessment was carried out using an age-based analytical model (SAM) that uses catches and surveys in the model and in the forecast (ICES 2024) (figure 1).

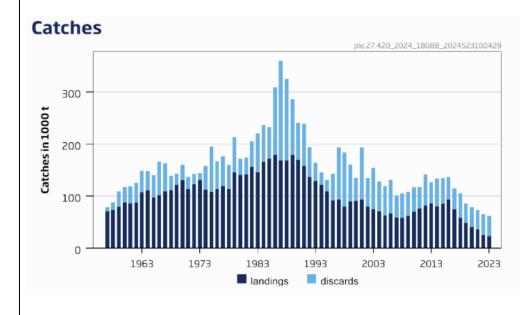


Figure 1. Plaice catches in subdivision 3.a.20 and subarea 4 (Skagerrak and the North Sea) since 1957. (ICES 2024).

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C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The Clause is met considering that:

The 2024 plaice assessment indicates that fishing pressure on the stock is below F_{MSY} (figure 1), and spawning-stock size is above MSY B_{trigger}, B_{pa}, and B_{lim} (figure 2). The catch advice is that when the MSY approach is applied, catches in 2025 should be no more than 176,988 tonnes. (ICES 2024).

Fishing pressure

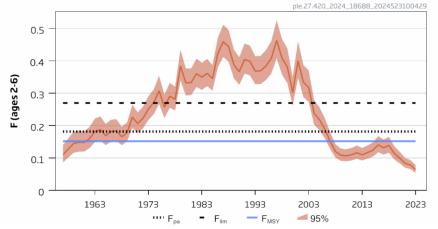


Figure 1. Plaice in subdivision 3.a.20 and subarea 4 (Skagerrak and the North Sea) fishing pressure below F_{MSY} (ICES 2024).

Spawning Stock Biomass

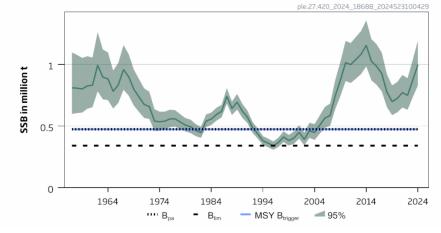


Figure 2. Spawning-stock size above MSY $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa} , and B_{lim} for plaice in subdivision 3.a.20 and subarea 4 (Skagerrak and the North Sea) (ICES 2024)

References

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ICES (2024). Plaice (Pleuronectes platessa) in Subarea 4 (North Sea) and Subdivision 20 (Skagerrak). ICES Advice: Recurrent Advice. Report. https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.25019441.v1

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01

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CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

Species Name	NA	
Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
Average age at maturity (years)		
Average maximum age (years)		
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)		
Average maximum size (cm)		
Average size at maturity (cm)		
Reproductive strategy		
Mean trophic level		
	Average Productivity Score	
Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Score
Availability (area overlap)		
Encounterability (the position of the stock/speci	es	
within the water column relative to the fishing g	jear)	
Selectivity of gear type		
Post-capture mortality		
	Average Susceptibility Score	
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	
	Compliance rating	
Further justification for susceptibility scoring (v For susceptibility attributes, please provide a bri uncertainty affecting your decision		there may b
nces		
ard clauses 1.3.2.2		



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility ow risk, score = 1)		edium susceptibility nedium risk, score = 2)		igh susceptibility igh risk, score = 3)
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<1	0% overlap	10	-30% overlap	>3	30% overlap
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	fis	w overlap with hing gear (low counterability).		edium overlap with hing gear.	fis en De	igh overlap with hing gear (high counterability). efault score for rget species
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	a	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught
Potential of the gear to retain species	ь	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	ridence of majority leased post-capture d survival.	rel	idence of some eased post-capture d survival.	m	etained species or ajority dead when leased.

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D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	cies Name	
	Impac	ts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements	
	D4.1	The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the managen process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.	ent
	D4.2	There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on species.	the
Outco	me:	·	
Eviden			
D4.1:	The pot	cential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management easures are taken to minimise these impacts.	process, and
D4.1: reasor	The pot able me		process, and
D4.1: reasor	The pot able me here is r	easures are taken to minimise these impacts.	process, and
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T	The pot able me here is r	easures are taken to minimise these impacts.	process, and
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T Refere	The pot nable me here is r	easures are taken to minimise these impacts.	process, and
D4.1: reasor D4.2 T Refere	The pot nable me here is r nces	easures are taken to minimise these impacts. no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.	process, and