MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment

Sole, ICES Division 7e

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

Fishery Under Assessment	Species:	Sole, *Solea solea*
	Geographical area:	ICES Division 7e
	Country of origin of the product:	France
	Stock:	Sole in the Western English Channel
Date		December 2022
Report Code		FRA40
Assessor		Sam Peacock
Country of origin of the product - PASS		France
Country of origin of the product - FAIL		None

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome	
Company Name(s): BIOCEVAL SAS Concarneau	
Country: France	
Email address: info@bioceval.de	Applicant Code:
Certification Body Details	
Name of Certification Body:	LRQA

Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval
Sam Peacock	Kate Morris	0.25	Surveillance 2
Assessment Period	December 2022 – December 2023		

Scope Details	
Main Species	Sole, *Solea solea*
Stock	Sole in the Western English Channel
Fishery Location	ICES Division 7e
Management Authority (Country/ State)	EU
Gear Type(s)	Bottom trawl
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Pass
Recommendation	Approve for use as MT raw material

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination
Sole has been categorised by the IUCN as Least Concern and does not appear in the CITES appendices. Sole in the Western English Channel is managed relative to established reference points using an annual TAC, and was assessed under Category C. Sole in Division 7e is subject to an annual stock assessment conducted by ICES, the most recent of which was published in June 2022. The stock assessment incorporated catch data and concluded that stock biomass is considerably higher than both the target and limit reference points. The by-product continues to meet the MT requirements and should remain approved for use as a raw material.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments
The by-product fishery under assessment here is Sole (*Solea solea*) fishery, pursued by French fishing vessels in FAO fishing area 27, ICES subdivision 7e. Sole is managed by the EU Common Fisheries Policy and the French government, in French waters, and the UK fisheries act in the UK. For this Marin Trust assessment, the Sole stock is scored as a category C species as it's managed to species specific reference points. The species scoring table has been completed by the auditor with sufficient evidence presented to support their final determination. The peer review supports the auditor's recommendation to the ICES 27, Sub7e, Sole stock pursued by the fishery under the Marin Trust IFFO RS v2.0 by-fishery standard for the production of fishmeal and fish oil.

Notes for On-site Auditor

Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)

- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.

- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.

- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.

- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.

- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category[1]	CITES Appendix 1[2]
Sole	*Solea solea*	Western English Channel	Yes	C	Least Concern[3]	No

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[1] https://www.iucnredlist.org/
[2] https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php
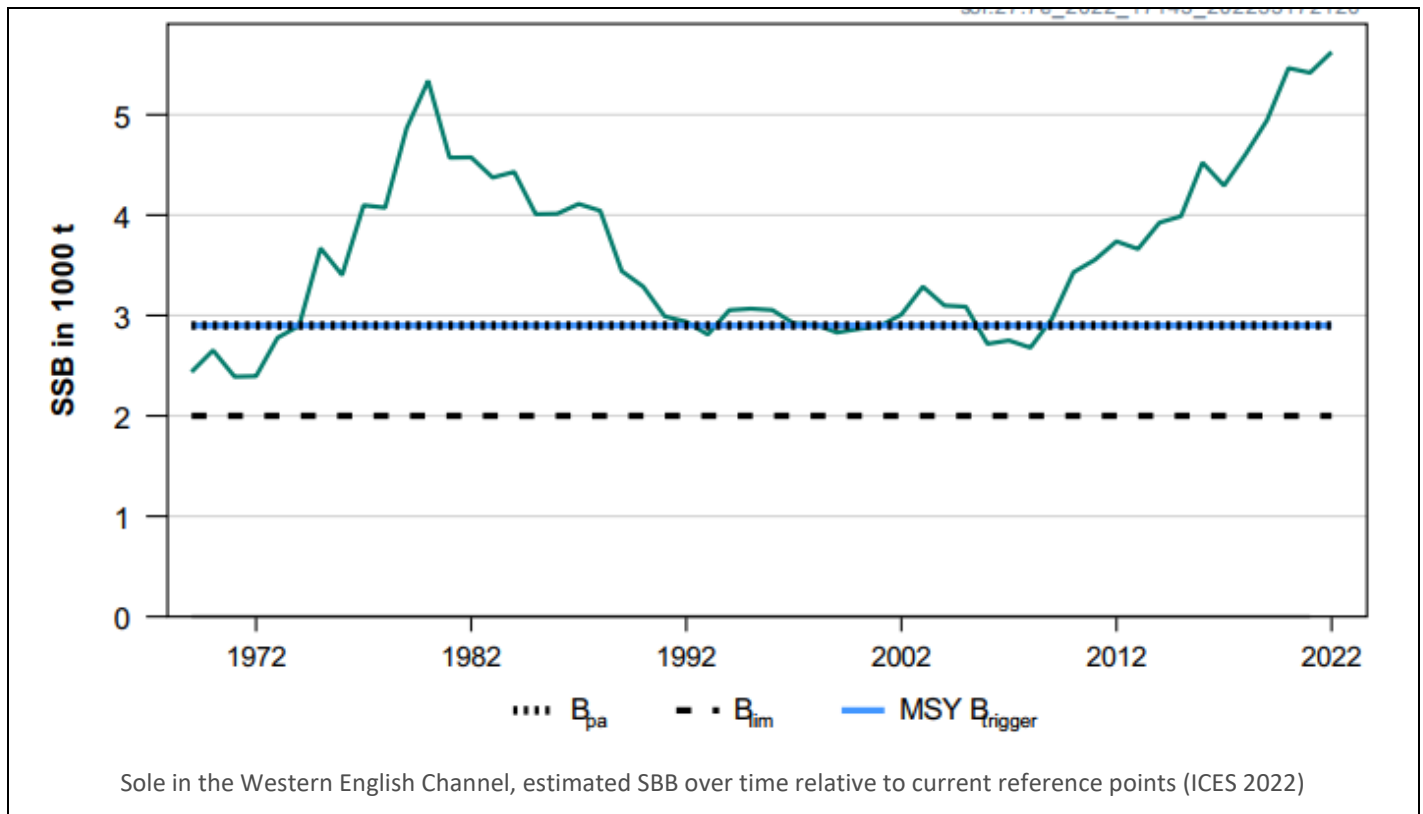[3] https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/198739/87698320

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Species Name	Sole	
C1	**Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements**	
	C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	PASS
	C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	PASS
	Clause outcome:	PASS

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

Sole in Division 7e is subjected to annual stock assessment by the ICES Working Group for the Celtic Seas Ecoregion (WGCSE), the most recent of which was published in June 2022. The 2022 stock assessment was an age-based analytical assessment which utilised commercial landings-at-age data and survey outputs. Discards and bycatch were not incorporated into the model but were used to provide catch advice. The catch advice report includes a section "Issues relevant for the advice", which does not include any concerns. Fishery removals are included in the stock assessment process and C1.1 is met.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The June 2022 WGCSE catch advice provides an indication of the status of the stock relative to established reference points. Target reference points MSY $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa}, MAP MSY $B_{trigger}$ and MAP B_{pa} have been set at 2,900t. Limit reference points B_{lim} and MAP B_{lim} have been set at 2,000t. The 2022 catch advice included a short-term forecast for biomass, estimating SSB in 2023 would be 5,052t, and also stated "spawning-stock size is above MSY $B_{trigger}$, B_{pa}, and B_{lim}". The most recent stock assessment concluded that stock biomass is substantially above both the target and limit reference points and C1.2 is met.

Sole in the Western English Channel, estimated SBB over time relative to current reference points (ICES 2022)

References
ICES (2022). Sole (*Solea solea*) in Division 7.e (Irish Sea). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2022. ICES Advice 2022, sol.27.7e. https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.19453826

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01

CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name		n/a	
	Productivity Attribute		**Value**	**Score**
	Average age at maturity (years)			
	Average maximum age (years)			
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)			
	Average maximum size (cm)			
	Average size at maturity (cm)			
	Reproductive strategy			
	Mean trophic level			
		Average Productivity Score		
	Susceptibility Attribute		**Value**	**Score**
	Availability (area overlap)			
	Encounterability (the position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear)			
	Selectivity of gear type			
	Post-capture mortality			
		Average Susceptibility Score		
		PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)		
		Compliance rating		
	Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant) *For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision.*			
	References			
	Standard clauses 1.3.2.2			

Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes	Low susceptibility (Low risk, score = 1)		Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)		High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10-30% overlap		>30% overlap	
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).		Medium overlap with fishing gear.		High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species	
Selectivity of gear type Potential of the gear to retain species	a	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	a	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	a	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught
	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	Evidence of majority released post-capture and survival.		Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.		Retained species or majority dead when released.	

D3		Average Susceptibility Score		
		1 - 1.75	**1.76 - 2.24**	**2.25 - 3**
Average Productivity Score	**1 - 1.75**	PASS	PASS	PASS
	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4

D4	Species Name	
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements	
D4.1	The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.	
D4.2	There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.	
	Outcome:	

Evidence

D4.1: The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.

D4.2 There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.

References

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4
FAO CCRF	7.5.1
GSSI	D.5.01