



# MarinTrust Standard V2

# By-product Fishery Assessment ESP33 – Skipjack tuna in FAO Areas 61, 71 (Western and Central Pacific skipjack)

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

Unit C, Printworks 22 Amelia Street London SE17 3BZ

E: <a href="mailto:standards@marin-trust.com">standards@marin-trust.com</a>

T: +44 2039 780 819



# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Skipjack tuna (Katsuwonus pelamis)	
Fishery Under Assessment	Geographical area:	FAO Areas 61, 71	
	Country of origin of the product:	Spain, Portugal	
	Stock:	Western and Central Pacific Ocean (WCPO) skipjack	
Date	December 2023		
Report Code	ESP33		
Assessor		Sam Peacock	
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Spain, Portugal		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL		n/a	

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome									
Company Name(s): Sa	Company Name(s): Sarval Bio-industries Noroeste; S.A.U: Arteixo								
Country:									
Email address:		Applicant Code	2:						
Certification Body Deta	ails								
Name of Certification E	Body:		LRQA						
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval						
Days									
Sam Peacock Jose Peiro Crespo 0.2 Surveillance 1									
Assessment Period	D	ecember 2023 -	- December 2024						

Scope Details	
Main Species	Skipjack tuna (Katsuwonus pelamis)
Stock	WCPO skipjack
Fishery Location	FAO Areas 61, 71
Management Authority (Country/ State)	Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC)
Gear Type(s)	Longline, pole and line, purse seine
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Approve byproduct
Recommendation	Approve byproduct



### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

Notes for On-site Auditor

Skipjack tuna has been categorised by the IUCN as a species of Least Concern, and does not appear in the CITES appendices. Western and Central Pacific Ocean (WCPO) skipjack tuna is managed by the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) relative to target and limit reference points, and therefore was assessed under Category C.

The most recent stock assessment for WCPO skipjack was carried out in 2022 using catch data up to 2021. The assessment incorporated international catch data and the results of tag-and-release studies, and concluded that stock biomass is above the limit reference point and likely to be around the level of the interim target reference point. The byproduct thus continues to meet the MT requirements and should remain approved for use as a raw material.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The by-product fishery under assessment is the Skipjack tuna (*Katsuwonus pelamis*) longline, pole and line and purse seine in FAO Areas 61 and 71 (Northwest and western Central Pacific). The species is classified as LC by the IUCN. The stock is managed relative to biomass-based reference points and therefore it is assessed as a category C species.

The most recent stock assessment for WCPO skipjack carried out in 2022 concluded that stock biomass was above the limit reference point and likely to be around the level of the interim target reference point. Therefore, it passes category C.

The peer review supports the auditor's recommendation to pass the Western and Central Pacific Ocean Skipjack tuna longline, pole and line and purse seine fisheries (FAO Areas 61 and 71) under the Marin Trust IFFO RS v2.0 by-fishery standard for the production of fishmeal and fish oil.



# **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

#### **IUCN Red list Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

# Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>1</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup>
Skipjack tuna	Katsuwonus pelamis	WCPO skipjack	Yes	С	Least Concern <sup>3</sup>	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/170310/46644566



## **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Skipjack tuna		
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements				
CI	C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.		PASS		
	C1.2	reference po	is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit bint (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific o be negligible.	PASS	
			Clause outcome:	PASS	

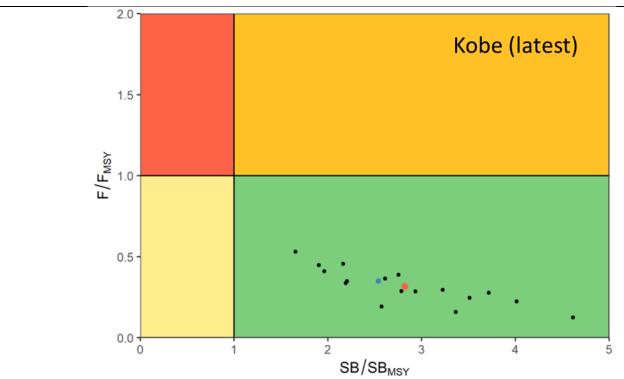
C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

WCPO skipjack tuna is subjected to regular stock assessments by the WCPFC. The most recent of these was carried out in 2022, using data up to 2021. The assessment incorporated catch, effort- and length-frequency estimates, and tag-recapture data (WCPFC 2022). The stock assessment report includes a discussion of structural uncertainties and needs for further data gathering; however, it does not raise major concerns and the assessor concludes that the stock assessment is sufficiently robust for C1.1 to be met.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The 2022 stock assessment for WCPO skipjack concluded that "according to WCPFC reference points the stock is not overfished, not undergoing overfishing" (WCPFC 2023). None of the model outcomes produced by the stock assessment indicated that the stock biomass was below the limit reference point of  $0.2*SB_{F=0}$ . The median model outcome indicated that stock biomass is very close to the interim target reference point of  $SB_{recent}/SB_{F=0} = 0.5$ . Therefore, the species is considered in the most recent stock assessment to have a biomass above the limit reference point, and C1.2 is met.





Kobe plot summarising the results for each of the models in the "latest" period (i.e. 2021). The black dots represent model outcomes, the blue point is the diagnostic model, and the red point is the median (WCPFC 2023).

#### References

WCPFC (2022). WCPO skipjack tuna stock assessment, 2022. https://meetings.wcpfc.int/node/16242

WCPFC (2023). Skipjack tuna, current stock status and advice. <a href="https://www.wcpfc.int/file/987813">https://www.wcpfc.int/file/987813</a>

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01



# **CATEGORY D SPECIES**

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	<b>Species Name</b>	n/a					
	Productivity Attribut	e Value	Score				
	Average age at maturity (years)						
	Average maximum age (years)						
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)						
	Average maximum size (cm)						
	Average size at maturity (cm)						
	Reproductive strategy						
	Mean trophic level						
		Average Productivity Score					
	Susceptibility Attribu	te Value	Score				
	Availability (area overlap)						
	Encounterability (the position of the s						
	within the water column relative to the	e fishing gear)					
	Selectivity of gear type						
	Post-capture mortality						
		Average Susceptibility Score					
		PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)					
	Compliance rating						
	Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)  For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be						
	uncertainty affecting your decision						
Refere	ences						
Stando	ard clauses 1.3.2.2						



# Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes Low susceptibility (Low risk, score = 1)				Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)		High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear		10	10-30% overlap  Medium overlap with fishing gear.		>30% overlap  High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability).  Default score for target species		
		fishing gear (low					
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	Ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	ridence of majority eased post-capture d survival.	Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.		Retained species or majority dead when released.		



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

<b>D4</b>	I Species Name								
	Impac	ts On Species Categorise	ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements						
	<b>D4.1</b> The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management								
	process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.								
	D4.2	There is no substantia species.	al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the						
			Outcome:						
Eviden	ice								
D4.2 T	here is r	no substantial evidence	that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.						
Refere	ences								
Links									
Marin <sup>*</sup>	Trust Sta	andard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4						
FAO C	CRF		7.5.1						

D.5.01

GSSI