



# MarinTrust Standard V2

# By-product Fishery Assessment ESP06 European Pilchard in GFCM GSA 1 & 3

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

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# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	European pilchard, Sardina pilchardus	
	Geographical area:	FAO 37	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Spain, Portugal	
	Stock:	GFCM GSA 1 & 3	
Date	May 2023		
Report Code	ESP06		
Assessor	Sam Peacock		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Spain, Portugal		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	None		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome									
Company Name(s): Sa	rval Bio-Industries Nord	este S.A.U. S.A	U: Arteixo						
Country:	Country:								
Email address:		Applicant Code	2:						
Certification Body Deta	ails								
Name of Certification Body:		LRQA							
	Peer Reviewer	Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/						
Assessor		Days	Re-approval						
Sam Peacock	Jose Piero Crespo	0.2	Surveillance 1						
Assessment Period	May 2023 – May 2024								

Scope Details	
Main Species	European pilchard, Sardina pilchardus
Stock	GFCM GSA 1 & 3
Fishery Location	FAO 37
Management Authority (Country/ State)	GFCM
Gear Type(s)	Purse seine & pelagic trawl
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Pass
Recommendation	Pass



### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

European pilchard has been categorised by the IUCN as Near Threatened and does not appear in the CITES appendices. The pilchard stocks in General Fisheries Commission for the Mediterranean (GFCM) GSAs 1 and 3 are not managed relative to biomass-based reference points<sup>1</sup>, and were assessed under Category D.

European pilchard was awarded a Productivity score of 1.14 and a Susceptibility score of 2.5, leading to a rating of Pass on Table D3. Therefore the byproduct continues to meet the MT requirements and should remain approved for use as a raw material.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The by-product fishery under assessment is the European pilchard (*Sardina pilchardus*) purse seine and pelagic trawl fishery in the Mediterranean Geographical Subarea - GFCM GSAs 1 and 3 (Northern and Southern Alboran Sea). European pilchard in the area is classified as NT in the IUCN red list and it is not managed relative to biomass-based reference points. Therefore, it was assessed under category D (productivity-susceptibility analysis).

The species scoring table has been completed by the auditor, and sufficient evidence given to justify the scores and the final determination.

The peer review supports the auditor's recommendation to pass the GFCM GSAs 1 and 3 European pilchard purse seine & pelagic trawl fishery under the Marin Trust IFFO RS v2.0 by-fishery standard for the production of fishmeal and fish oil.

Notes for On-site Auditor	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Table 2 on page 36 of the GFCM Report of the 23<sup>rd</sup> Session of the Scientific Advisory Committee on Fisheries, June 2022: <a href="https://www.fao.org/3/cc3109en.pdf">https://www.fao.org/3/cc3109en.pdf</a>



# **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

#### **IUCN Red list Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

# Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>2</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>3</sup>
European pilchard	Sardina pilchardus	GFCM GSA 1 & 3	No	D	Near Threatened <sup>4</sup>	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/198580/45075369



# **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	n/a						
<u>C1</u>	Categ	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements						
CI	C1.1		ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.						
	C1.2	reference po	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.						
	II.	1	Clause outcome:						
	-		ered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	point (o					
Refer	ences								
Links									
Marir	Trust S		1.3.2.2						
FAO (	CDE	tandard clause	1.5.2.2						
	CINI	tandard clause	7.5.3						



## **CATEGORY D SPECIES**

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken

01	<b>Species Name</b>		European pilchard	
	Productivity Attribut	е	Value	Score
Aver	age age at maturity (years)		2 years	1
Aver	age maximum age (years)		7 years	1
Fecu	ndity (eggs/spawning)		156,525	1
Aver	age maximum size (cm)		27.5cm	1
Aver	age size at maturity (cm)		11.8cm	1
Repr	oductive strategy		Broadcast spawner	1
Mea	n trophic level		3.1	2
			Average Productivity Score	1.14
	Susceptibility Attribut	te	Value	Score
Avail	ability (area overlap)		<10% overlap	1
	unterability (the position of the s in the water column relative to th		Targeted	3
Selec	ctivity of gear type		Retained	3
Post-	-capture mortality		Retained	3
	_		Average Susceptibility Score	2.5
		ı	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	PASS
			Compliance rating	PASS

#### Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)

For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision



European pilchard distribution, from Fishbase ( https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1350)

References



Fishbase, European pilchard: <a href="https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1350">https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1350</a>

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



# Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes		ow susceptibility ow risk, score = 1)		edium susceptibility nedium risk, score = 2)		High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)	
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10	10-30% overlap		>30% overlap	
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).		Medium overlap with fishing gear.		High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species		
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	Ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	ridence of majority eased post-capture d survival.	rel	Evidence of some released post-capture and survival.		Retained species or majority dead when released.	



D3		Average Susceptibility Score				
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3		
Average Productivity			PASS	PASS		
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4		
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4		

<b>D4</b>	Species Name						
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements						
	D4.1	The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management					
		process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.					
	D4.2	There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.					
	•	Outcome:					
Eviden	nce	<u> </u>					
D4.2 T	here is r	no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.					
Refere	ences						
Refere	ences						
Links		tandard clause 1.3.2.2, 4.1.4					

D.5.01

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