

## MarinTrust Standard V2

# By-product Fishery Assessment Pacific harvestfish (Peprilus medius) FAO 87- Southeast Pacific, Ecuador EEZ

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## Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

|   | Species:                          | Pacific harvestfish (Peprilus medius) |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|   | Geographical area:                | FAO 87                                |
| Fishery Under<br>Assessment             | Country of origin of the product: | Ecuador                               |
|   | Stock:                            | Southeast Pacific – Ecuador EEZ       |
| Date                                    | February 2024                     |                                       |
| Report Code                             | ECU10                             |                                       |
| Assessor                                | Blanca Gonzalez                   |                                       |
| Country of origin of the product - PASS | Ecuador                           |                                       |
| Country of origin of the product - FAIL | None                              |                                       |

| Application details and | summary of the assess | sment outcome      |                                      |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Company Name(s): Fo     | ortidex SA            |                    |                                      |
| Country: Mexico         |                       |                    |                                      |
| Email address:          |                       | Applicant Cod      | e:                                   |
| Certification Body Det  | ails                  |                    |                                      |
| Name of Certification   | Body:                 | LRQA               |                                      |
| Assessor                | Peer Reviewer         | Assessment<br>Days | Initial/Surveillance/<br>Re-approval |
| Blanca Gonzalez         | Sam Peacock           | 0.5                | Surveillance 1                       |
| Assessment Period       | February 2024 – Febru | iary 2025          |                                      |

| Scope Details                            |                                       |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Main Species                             | Pacific harvestfish (Peprilus medius) |
| Stock                                    | Southeast Pacific – Ecuador EEZ       |
| Fishery Location                         | FAO 87                                |
| Management Authority<br>(Country/ State) | Ecuador                               |
| Gear Type(s)                             | Purse seine                           |
| Outcome of Assessment                    |                                       |
| Peer Review Evaluation                   | Agree with recommendation             |
| Recommendation                           | PASS                                  |

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#### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

Pacific harvestfish (*Peprilus medius*) is categorised by the IUCN as Least Concern, do not appear in the CITES appendices, and there is no species-specific management in place or establish reference points for the species in Ecuador. Thus, it was assessed under Category D.

In the Productivity-Susceptibility Analysis (PSA) the Pacific harvestfish awarded an average productivity score of 1.33 and an average susceptibility score of 2.25 passing against Table D3, indicating that the stock is not vulnerable to the fisheries in the Ecuadorian EEZ.

The Pacific harvestfish by-product meets the Marin Trust requirements and it should be remained approved for use as a raw material.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The peer reviewer agrees that Pacific harvestfish is eligible for assessment and has been correctly assessed under Category D. The PSA has been conducted correctly and sufficient supporting evidence is provided to support the conclusions. The peer reviewer agrees that this byproduct should remain approved for use as a raw material.

**Notes for On-site Auditor** 



### **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

#### **IUCN Red list Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

#### Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

| Common name            | Latin name         | Stock                  | Management | Category | IUCN Red List<br>Category <sup>1</sup> | CITES<br>Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup> |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------|----------|--|----------------------------------|
| Pacific<br>harvestfish | Peprilus<br>medius | Southeast<br>Pacific – | No         | D        | Least Concern <sup>3</sup>             | No                               |
|                        |                    | Ecuador EEZ            |            |          |  |                                  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/183339/8096349

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## CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

| Spe                             | ecies  | Name   | N/A  |  |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| <b>C1</b>                       | Catego                                       | ory C Stock Sta                                      | atus - Minimum Requirements  |  |
| CI                              | C1.1   | Fishery remo   | vals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment   |  |
|                                 |  | process, OR a  | are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.   |  |
|                                 | C1.2   | The species is                                       | s considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit   |  |
|                                 |  |  | int (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific<br>o be negligible.   |  |
|                                 |  |  | Clause outcome:  |  |
| consi                           | dered by                                     | scientific aut                                       | ne species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment proces the horities to be negligible.  |  |
| consi                           | dered by<br>The spec                         | scientific aut<br>ies is conside                     |  |  |
| consi<br>C1.2<br>proxy          | dered by<br>The spec                         | scientific aut<br>ies is conside                     | horities to be negligible.<br>ered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference   |  |
| consi<br>C1.2<br>proxy          | dered by<br>The spec<br>r), OR rer<br>rences | scientific aut<br>ies is conside                     | horities to be negligible.<br>ered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference   |  |
| C1.2<br>proxy<br>Refer<br>Links | dered by<br>The spec<br>/), OR rer<br>rences | scientific aut<br>ies is conside                     | chorities to be negligible.<br>ered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference<br>fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. |  |
| C1.2<br>proxy<br>Refer<br>Links | dered by<br>The spec<br>/), OR rer<br>rences | v scientific aut<br>cies is conside<br>movals by the | chorities to be negligible.<br>ered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference<br>fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. |  |



#### CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

| Species Name   | Pacific harvestfish (Peprilus me                                     | acific harvestfish (Peprilus medius) |  |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| Productivity Attribute   | Value  | Score                                |  |
| Average age at maturity (years)  | 0.81   | 1                                    |  |
| Average maximum age (years)  | 31   | 1                                    |  |
| Fecundity (eggs/spawning)  | Unknown  | -                                    |  |
| Average maximum size (cm)  | 31.6 <sup>1</sup>  | 1                                    |  |
| Average size at maturity (cm)  | 19.4 <sup>1</sup>  | 1                                    |  |
| Reproductive strategy  | Broadcast spawner <sup>1</sup>                                       | 1                                    |  |
| Mean trophic level   | 4.0 <sup>1</sup>   | 3                                    |  |
|  | Average Productivity Score   | 1.33                                 |  |
| Susceptibility Attribute   | Value  | Score                                |  |
| Availability (area overlap)  | <10 % overlap <sup>2</sup>   | 1                                    |  |
| Encounterability (the position of the stock/spe<br>within the water column relative to the fishing |  | 2                                    |  |
| Selectivity of gear type   | Individuals < size at maturity<br>are frequently caught <sup>6</sup> | 3                                    |  |
| Post-capture mortality   | Retained   | 3                                    |  |
|  | Average Susceptibility Score   | 2.25                                 |  |
|  | PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)                                      | PASS                                 |  |
|  | Compliance rating  | PASS                                 |  |

**Further justification for susceptibility scoring (where relevant)** For susceptibility attributes, please provide a brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there may be uncertainty affecting your decision

**Area overlap:** The fishery occurs in the Exclusive Economic Zone from Ecuador and the Pacific harvestfish distributes in coastal waters from Mexico to Peru (Figure 1).

**Encounterability:** Pacific harvestfish is a benthopelagic that can be found in coastal water to over bottom of continental shelf in depths ranging between 10 to 60 m<sup>1</sup>, but they have preference for sandy-silty bottoms<sup>3</sup>. Pacific harvestfish is an associated species to the small pelagic fish fishery in Ecuador. Associated species are those which inhabit or are linked to the seabed and due to their migrations in the water column, are accessible to interact with the purse seine at the time of their fishing operation. 21.4% of the small pelagic fish fishery activity occurs on sandy-silty bottoms, in ranges between 0 – 50 m and 50 – 200 m<sup>4</sup>, and the Pacific harvestfish catch in the small pelagic fish fishery activity from 2015 to 2022 represents from 0.21% to 5.52% of the total catch. <sup>5</sup>

**Selectivity of gear type:** Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught, since fishing regulations in Ecuador states that small pelagic fish fisheries should use a minimum mesh size of 1 1/8" (2.85 cm). <sup>6</sup>





References

1 Fishbase 2023. Pacific harvestfish. https://www.fishbase.se/summary/Peprilus-medius.html

2 IUCN 2023. Pacific harvestfish. https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/183339/8096349

3 https://www.institutopesca.gob.ec/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/Ficha-Pesquera-Pampano-DLM-013.pdf

4 Análisis de la interacción de la pesquería de red de cerco con jareta de peces pelágicos pequeños y el hábitat físico, durante 2020. https://www.institutopesca.gob.ec/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/Informe-Impactos-HABITAT-2020.pdf

5 <u>https://institutopesca.gob.ec/wp-content/uploads/2023/05/Capturas-pela%CC%81gicos-pequen%CC%83os-2015-</u> 2022.pdf

6 Acuerdo Nº MRCEIP-SRP-2019-0160-A – Medidas de ordenamiento, regulación y control para las embarcaciones pesqueras industriales provistas de redes de cerco de jareta que capturan peces pelágicos pequeños. https://faolex.fao.org/docs/pdf/ecu196232.pdf

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



## Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

| Productivity<br>attributes  | High productivity<br>(Low risk, score = 1) | Medium productivity<br>(medium risk, score = 2) | Low productivity<br>(high risk, score = 3) |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| Average age<br>at maturity  | <5 years                                   | 5-15 years                                      | >15 years                                  |
| Average<br>maximum age      | <10 years                                  | 10-25 years                                     | >25 years                                  |
| Fecundity                   | >20,000 eggs per year                      | 100-20,000 eggs per<br>year                     | <100 eggs per year                         |
| Average<br>maximum size     | <100 cm                                    | 100-300 cm                                      | >300 cm                                    |
| Average size<br>at maturity | <40 cm                                     | 40-200 cm                                       | >200 cm                                    |
| Reproductive<br>strategy    | Broadcast spawner                          | Demersal egg layer                              | Live bearer                                |
| Mean Trophic Level          | <2.75                                      | 2.75-3.25                                       | >3.25                                      |

| Susceptibility<br>attributes  |     | ow susceptibility<br>ow risk, score = 1)                          |     | edium susceptibility<br>nedium risk, score = 2)                               |                 | igh susceptibility<br>igh risk, score = 3)   |
|---|-----|---|-----|---|-----------------|--|
| Areal overlap<br>(availability)<br>Overlap of the fishing<br>effort with the species<br>range   | <1  | 0% overlap  | 10  | -30% overlap  | >3              | 30% overlap  |
| Encounterability<br>The position of the<br>stock/species within<br>the water column<br>relative to the fishing<br>gear, and the position<br>of the stock/species<br>within the habitat<br>relative to the position<br>of the gear | fis | w overlap with<br>hing gear (low<br>counterability).              |     | edium overlap with<br>hing gear.  | fis<br>en<br>De | igh overlap with<br>hing gear (high<br>icounterability).<br>efault score for<br>rget species |
| Selectivity of gear type  | а   | Individuals < size<br>at maturity are<br>rarely caught            | а   | Individuals < size<br>at maturity are<br>regularly caught.                    | a               | Individuals < size<br>at maturity are<br>frequently caught                                   |
| Potential of the gear to<br>retain species  | ь   | Individuals < size<br>at maturity can<br>escape or avoid<br>gear. | ь   | Individuals < half<br>the size at<br>maturity can<br>escape or avoid<br>gear. | ь               | Individuals < half<br>the size at maturity<br>are retained by<br>gear.                       |
| Post-capture mortality<br>(PCM)<br>The chance that, if<br>captured, a species<br>would be released and<br>that it would be in a<br>condition permitting<br>subsequent survival  | re  | ridence of majority<br>leased post-capture<br>d survival.         | rel | idence of some<br>eased post-capture<br>d survival.                           | m               | etained species or<br>ajority dead when<br>leased.   |

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| D3                   |             | Average Susceptibility | Score       |          |
|----------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|----------|
|                      |             | 1 - 1.75               | 1.76 - 2.24 | 2.25 - 3 |
| Average Productivity | 1 - 1.75    | PASS                   | PASS        | PASS     |
| Score                | 1.76 - 2.24 | PASS                   | PASS        | TABLE D4 |
|                      | 2.25 - 3    | PASS                   | TABLE D4    | TABLE D4 |

| D4 Species Name           |                                 | cies Name                       | N/A  |     |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----|
|                           | Impac                           | ts On Species Categorise        | ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements   |     |
|                           | D4.1                            |                                 | of the fishery on this species are considered during the management le measures are taken to minimise these impacts. |     |
|                           | D4.2                            | There is no substantia species. | al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the  |     |
|                           |                                 | •                               | Outcome:   |     |
|                           |                                 | ential impacts of the fi        | shery on this species are considered during the management process, a  | and |
|                           |                                 | easures are taken to mir        | imise these impacts.<br>that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.                           |     |
|                           | here is r                       |                                 |  |     |
| D4.2 T                    | here is r                       |                                 |  |     |
| D4.2 T<br>Refere<br>Links | here is r<br>ences              |                                 |  |     |
| D4.2 T<br>Refere<br>Links | here is r<br>ences<br>Trust Sta | o substantial evidence          | that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.   |     |