



# MarinTrust Standard V2

# By-product Fishery Assessment Flounder in ICES Subarea 4 and Division 3a

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

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# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Flounder ( <i>Platichthys flesus</i> )	
	Geographical area:	North Sea, Skagerrak and Kattegat	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Denmark	
	Stock:	ICES Subarea 4 and Division 3a	
Date	November 2022		
Report Code		DNK28	
Assessor	Sam Peacock		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	Denmark		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NONE		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Company Name(s): Sk	agen; Triple Nine				
Country: Denmark					
Email address: sap@maring.org, mid@maring.org		Applicant Code:			
Certification Body Deta	ails				
Name of Certification Body:		LRQA			
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval		
Sam Peacock	Kate Morris	0.2	Surveillance		
Assessment Period	No	ovember 2022 -	- November 2023		

Scope Details	
Main Species	Flounder ( <i>Platichthys flesus</i> )
Stock	ICES Subarea 4 and Division 3a
Fishery Location	North Sea, Skagerrak and Kattegat
Management Authority	EU
(Country/ State)	
Gear Type(s)	Bottom trawl; gillnets
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Pass
Recommendation	Maintain approval



### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

European flounder is categorised by the IUCN Red List as Least concern and does not appear in the CITES appendices. As at the time of the initial assessment, flounder in ICES Subarea 4 and Division 3a is not managed relative to any established reference points and only a proxy is available as an indicator of stock health. Flounder was therefore assessed under Category D.

European flounder was awarded a Productivity score of 1.43 and a Susceptibility score of 3, leading to an outcome of PASS on Table D3. For this reason, the by-product should remain approved for use as a raw material in MT-certified marine ingredients.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The by-product fishery under assessment here is European Flounder (*Platicthys flesus*) fishery, pursued by Danish vessels in FAO fishing area 27, ICES subdivisions 4 and 3a. European flounder is managed by the EU Common Fisheries Policy and the Danish government. For this Marin Trust assessment, the European Flounder stock is scored as a category D species.

All species scoring tables have been completed by the auditor with sufficient evidence presented to support their final determination.

The peer review supports the auditor's recommendation to Pass both stocks of the fishery under the Marin Trust IFFO RS v2.0 by-fishery standard for the production of fishmeal and fish oil.

Notes for On-site Auditor		



## **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

#### **IUCN Red list Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

# **Table 3 Species Categorisation Table**

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>1</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup>
Flounder	Platichthys flesus	ICES Subarea 4 and Division 3a	No	D	Least Concern <sup>3</sup>	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/135717/4191586



#### **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

		s Name					
<b>C1</b>	Categ	gory C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements					
CI	C1.1	1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment					
	process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.  C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific						
		authorities to be negligible.					
		Clause outcome:					
C1.1	Fishery	removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, 0	OR are				
consi	dered b	by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
C1.2							
	The spe	ecies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference po	int (or				
	-	ecies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference po	int (or				
	-	ecies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference po emovals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	int (or				
	-	•	int (or				
	-	•	int (or				
proxy	-	•	int (or				
proxy	/), OR re	•	int (or				
proxy	/), OR re	•	int (or				
proxy	r), OR re	•	int (or				
Refer	rences	•	int (or				
Refer	ences	emovals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	int (or				

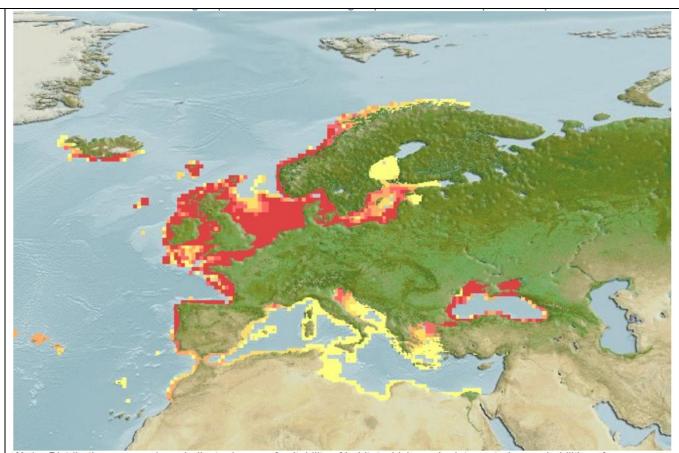


#### **CATEGORY D SPECIES**

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name	Flounder	
	Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
	Average age at maturity (years)	3 years	1
	Average maximum age (years)	12.4 years	2
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	894,427	1
	Average maximum size (cm)	60cm	1
	Average size at maturity (cm)	26.7cm	1
	Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	1
	Mean trophic level	3.3	3
		Average Productivity Score	1.43
	Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Score
	Availability (area overlap)	>30%	3
	Encounterability (the position of the stock/sp	ecies within Targeted	3
	the water column relative to the fishing gear)	Targeteu	<u></u>
	Selectivity of gear type	Retained	3
	Post-capture mortality	Retained	3
		Average Susceptibility Score	3
		PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	PASS
		Compliance rating	PASS
	Further justification for susceptibility scoring	g (where relevant)	
	For susceptibility attributes, please provide a affecting your decision	brief rationale for scoring of parameters where there n	nay be uncertainty





Computer-generated distribution map for European flounder. From Fishbase, <a href="https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1341">https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1341</a>

#### References

Fishbase, European flounder: <a href="https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1341">https://www.fishbase.se/summary/1341</a>

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



# Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	High productivity (Low risk, score = 1)	Medium productivity (medium risk, score = 2)	Low productivity (high risk, score = 3)
Average age at maturity	<5 years	5-15 years	>15 years
Average maximum age	<10 years	10-25 years	>25 years
Fecundity	>20,000 eggs per year	100-20,000 eggs per year	<100 eggs per year
Average maximum size	<100 cm	100-300 cm	>300 cm
Average size at maturity	<40 cm	40-200 cm	>200 cm
Reproductive strategy	Broadcast spawner	Demersal egg layer	Live bearer
Mean Trophic Level	<2.75	2.75-3.25	>3.25

Susceptibility attributes	Low susceptibility (Low risk, score = 1) Medium susceptibility (medium risk, score = 2)			High susceptibility (high risk, score = 3)			
Areal overlap (availability) Overlap of the fishing effort with the species range	<10% overlap		10	10-30% overlap		>30% overlap	
Encounterability The position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear, and the position of the stock/species within the habitat relative to the position of the gear	Low overlap with fishing gear (low encounterability).		Medium overlap with fishing gear.		High overlap with fishing gear (high encounterability). Default score for target species		
Selectivity of gear type	а	Individuals < size at maturity are rarely caught	а	Individuals < size at maturity are regularly caught.	а	Individuals < size at maturity are frequently caught	
Potential of the gear to retain species	b	Individuals < size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	Ь	Individuals < half the size at maturity can escape or avoid gear.	b	Individuals < half the size at maturity are retained by gear.	
Post-capture mortality (PCM) The chance that, if captured, a species would be released and that it would be in a condition permitting subsequent survival	re	ridence of majority eased post-capture d survival.	rel	idence of some eased post-capture d survival.	m	etained species or ajority dead when leased.	



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75 1.76 - 2.24		2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

<b>D4</b>	Species Name							
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements							
	D4.1	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management						
	process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.  D4.2 There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.							
	•	Outcome:						
Eviden	nce	<u> </u>						
D4.2 T	here is r	no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.						
Refere	ences							
Refere	ences							
Links		tandard clause 1.3.2.2, 4.1.4						

D.5.01

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