

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (Auxis rochei)

MarinTrust Programme

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

| | Species: | Bullet tuna (Auxis rochei) |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| er i u i | Geographical area: | Western Central Pacific, FAO 71 |
| Fishery Under Assessment | Country of origin of the product: | Flag countries in the Western Central Pacific |
| | Stock: | Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (<i>Auxis</i> rochei) |
| Date | June 2022 | |
| Report Code | THA11 | |
| Assessor | Vito Romito | |
| Country of origin of the product - PASS | Flag countries in the W | estern Central Pacific |
| Country of origin of the product - FAIL | | |

| Application details and | d summary of the assess | sment outcome | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Company Name(s): So | outh East Asian Packagir | ng and Canning | Ltd |
| Country: Thailand | | | |
| Email address: athipat | @kingfisher.co.th | Applicant Cod | e: |
| Certification Body Det | ails | | |
| Name of Certification | Body: | Global Trust | |
| Assessor Peer Reviewer | | Assessment Days | Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval |
| Vito Romito | Ivan Mateo | 0.5 | Surveillance 2 |
| Assessment Period | To June 2022 | | |

| Scope Details | |
|------------------------|--|
| Main Species | Bullet tuna |
| Stock | Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (Auxis rochei) |
| Fishery Location | Western Central Pacific, FAO 71 |
| Management Authority | Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) and |
| (Country/ State) | associated Members, Territories and Cooperating non-members |
| Gear Type(s) | All |
| Outcome of Assessment | |
| Peer Review Evaluation | Approve |
| Recommendation | Approve |

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If a species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as MarinTrust RS raw material. Bullet tuna (*Auxis rochei*) is listed on the IUCN Red List as Least Concern (LC) globally and is not listed in CITES; therefore, byproducts derived for this stock are eligible for approval for use as MarinTrust RS byproduct raw material.

There is no apparent management or stock assessment and advice for bullet tuna by the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFCP)¹ where only occasional catch records can be found, principally associated with catches other tuna species.

Due to the lack of information on stocks status, as per MarinTrust requirements, this stock has been risk assessed through the Productivity and Selectivity Analysis (PSA) in Category D.

As the stock passes Category D requirements the by-product covered by this report is recommended for APPROVAL for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current MarinTrust RS v 2.2 by-product standard.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The assessor correctly classified Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (Auxis rochei) stock as category D, reference points are not defined to assess the stock status relative to.

A PSA was performed. With an average productivity score of 1.57 and an average susceptibility score of 2.75, the stock passes Table D3.

Therefore, the peer reviewer agrees with the assessor's determination that the fishery passes Table D3 and Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (Auxis rochei) is thus approved

Notes for On-site Auditor

None.

¹ https://www.wcpfc.int/folder/currernt-stock-status-and-advice-key-documents



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

| Common name | Latin name | Stock | Management | Category | IUCN Red List Category ² | CITES Appendix 1 ³ |
|-------------|--------------|---|---|----------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Bullet tuna | Auxis rochei | Western Central Pacific bullet tuna (Auxis rochei) | Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC) and associated Members, Territories and Cooperating non- members | D | LC | NO |

² https://www.iucnredlist.org/

³ https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

| Spe | ecies | Name | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------------|--|---|
| C1 | Categ | ory C Stock Sta | ntus - Minimum Requirements | |
| CI | C1.1 | Fishery remo | vals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment | |
| | | process, OR a | are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. | |
| | C1.2 | The species i | s considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit | |
| | | reference po | int (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific | |
| | | authorities to | be negligible. | |
| | | | Clause outcome: | |
| proxy |), OR re | movals by the | fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. | |
| Refer | ences | | | |
| Links | | | | |
| Marin | Trust S | tandard clause | 1.3.2.2 | - |
| FAO (| CCRF | | 7.5.3 | |
| GSSI | | | D.3.04, D5.01 | |



CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

| Species Name | Western Central Pacific Bullet tuna (Auxis ro | ochei) |
|---|---|--------|
| Productivity Attribute | Value | Sco |
| Average age at maturity (years) | 2 years | 2 |
| Average maximum age (years) | 5 years | 1 |
| Fecundity (eggs/spawning) | It is a multiple spawner with fecundity ranging between 31,000 and 103,000 eggs per spawning (according to the size of the fish). Larval studies indicate that bullet tuna spawn throughout its range. | 1 |
| Average maximum size (cm) | 50 cm | 1 |
| Average size at maturity (cm) | Females and males ~35 cm FL | 2 |
| Reproductive strategy | Nonguarders: open water/substratum egg scatterers | 1 |
| Mean trophic level | 4.4 | 3 |
| | Average Productivity Score | 1.5 |
| Susceptibility Attribute | Value | Sco |
| Availability (area overlap) | This species is distributed across the Indian and Western Central Pacific Ocean (refer to Fishbase map). Adults are principally caught in coastal waters of these regions and around islands that have oceanic salinities. It is likely | 3 |
| | that >50% of the stock occurs in the area fished. | |
| Encounterability (the position of the stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear) | | 2 |
| stock/species within the water column | fished. This is a pelagic species caught in the upper surface of the water column. There is likely a | |
| stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear) | fished. This is a pelagic species caught in the upper surface of the water column. There is likely a medium overlap with fishing gears. | 2 3 3 |
| stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear) Selectivity of gear type | fished. This is a pelagic species caught in the upper surface of the water column. There is likely a medium overlap with fishing gears. Species is more than 2 times mesh size. | 3 |
| stock/species within the water column relative to the fishing gear) Selectivity of gear type | fished. This is a pelagic species caught in the upper surface of the water column. There is likely a medium overlap with fishing gears. Species is more than 2 times mesh size. Mostly retained. | 3 |

References

CITES. 2022. Cites Appendix 1. https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

Collette, B., Acero, A., Amorim, A.F., Boustany, A., Canales Ramirez, C., Cardenas, G., Carpenter, K.E., de Oliveira Leite Jr., N., Di Natale, A., Fox, W., Fredou, F.L., Graves, J., Guzman-Mora, A., Viera Hazin, F.H., Juan Jorda, M., Kada, O., Minte Vera, C., Miyabe, N., Montano Cruz, R., Nelson, R., Oxenford, H., Salas, E., Schaefer, K., Serra, R., Sun, C., Teixeira Lessa, R.P., Pires Ferreira Travassos, P.E., Uozumi, Y. & Yanez, E. 2011. Auxis rochei. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2011: e.T170355A6765188. https://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2011-2.RLTS.T170355A6765188.en.



Fishbase. 2022. Auxis rochei (Risso, 1810) Bullet tuna. https://www.fishbase.se/summary/Auxis-rochei#: text=A%20large%2C%20single%2Dpointed%20flap,smaller%20keels%20(Ref%209684).

IOTC. 2017. Bullet tuna supporting information. Indian Ocean Tuna Commission.

https://www.iotc.org/sites/default/files/documents/science/species summaries/english/Bullet tuna Supporting informa tion.pdf

IOTC. 2021. Executive summary bullet tuna 2021. Indian Ocean Tuna Commission.

https://www.iotc.org/sites/default/files/documents/science/species_summaries/english/10_Bullet2021E.pdf

WCPFC. 2022. Current Stock Status and Advice key documents.

Standard clauses 1.3.2.2



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

| Productivity attributes | Low productivity/ High risk | Medium productivity/ Medium risk | High productivity Low risk |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Score 3 | Score 2 | Score 1 |
| Average age at maturity (years) | >4 | 2 to 4 | <2 |
| Average maximum age (years) | >30 | 10 to 30 | <10 |
| Fecundity (eggs/spawning) | <1 000 | 1 000 to 10 000 | >10 000 |
| Average maximum size (cm) | >150 | 60 to 150 | <60 |
| Average size at maturity (cm) | >150 | 30 to 150 | <30 |
| Reproductive strategy | Live bearer, mouth brooder or significant parental investment | Demersal spawner "berried" | Broadcast spawner |
| Mean trophic level | >3.25 | 2.5-3.25 | <2.5 |

| Susceptibility at | tribu | tes | High susceptibility/ High risk | Medium susceptibility/ Medium risk | Low susceptibility/ Low risk |
|---------------------------|-------|--|---|---|--|
| | | | Score 3 | Score 2 | Score 1 |
| Availability | 1) | Overlap of adult species range with fishery | >50% of stock occurs in the area fished | hed of the stock occurs in the area fished the area fished | <25% of stock occurs in the area fished |
| | 2) | Distribution | Only in the country/ fishery | Limited range in the region | Throughout region/ global distribution |
| Encounterability | 1) | Habitat | Habitat preference of species make it highly likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. demersal, muddy/sandy bottom) | Habitat preference of species make it moderately likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. rocky bottom/reefs) | Depth or distribution of species make it unlikely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. epi-pelagic or meso-pelagic) |
| | 2) | Depth range | High overlap with trawl fishing gear (20 to 60 m depth) | Medium overlap with trawl fishing gear (10 to 20 m depth) | Low overlap with trawl fishing gear (0 to 10 m, >70 m depth) |
| Selectivity | | | Species >2 times mesh size or up to 4 m length | Species 1 to 2 times mesh size or 4 to 5 m length | Species <mesh or<br="" size="">>5 m length</mesh> |
| Post capture mortality | | | Most dead or retained Trawl tow >3 hours | Alive after net hauled Trawl tow 0.5 to 3 hours | Released alive Trawl tow <0.5 hours |

Note: Availability 2 is only used when there is no information for Availability 1; the most conservative score between Encounterability 1 and 2 is used.



| D3 | | Average Susceptibility | Score | |
|----------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|----------|
| | | 1 - 1.75 | 1.76 - 2.24 | 2.25 - 3 |
| Average Productivity | 1 - 1.75 | PASS | PASS | PASS |
| Score | 1.76 - 2.24 | PASS | PASS | TABLE D4 |
| | 2.25 - 3 | PASS | TABLE D4 | TABLE D4 |

| D4 | Spe | cies Name | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|-------|
| | Impac | ts On Species Categorise | ed as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements | |
| | D4.1 | · · | of the fishery on this species are considered during the management le measures are taken to minimise these impacts. | |
| | D4.2 | There is no substantia species. | al evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the | |
| | | | Outcome: | |
| | The pot | ential impacts of the fi easures are taken to mir | shery on this species are considered during the management process, limise these impacts. | , and |
| D4.1: reason | The pot | easures are taken to mir | | , and |
| D4.1: reason | The pot nable me | easures are taken to mir | limise these impacts. | , and |
| D4.1: reason D4.2 T | The pot nable me | easures are taken to mir | limise these impacts. | , and |
| D4.1: reason D4.2 T Refere | The pot nable mo | easures are taken to mir | limise these impacts. | , and |
| D4.1: reason D4.2 T Refere | The pot nable mo here is r ences | easures are taken to mir | that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species. | , and |