

## MarinTrust Standard V2

## By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

Unit C, Printworks 22 Amelia Street London SE17 3BZ

E: standards@marin-trust.com

T: +44 2039 780 819



# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	White anglerfish (Lophius piscatorius)	
	Geographical area:	FAO Major Fishing Area 27	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	U.K. & Ireland	
Assessment	Stock:	White anglerfish ( <i>Lophius piscatorius</i> ) in Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a–b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay)	
Date	April 2021		
Report Code	BP54		
Assessor	Vito Romito		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	PASS		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Name:					
Address:					
Country: U.K. & Ireland		Zip:	Zip:		
Tel. No.:		Fax. No.:	Fax. No.:		
Email address:		Applicant Cod	Applicant Code:		
Key Contact:		Title:	Title:		
Certification Body Details					
Name of Certification Body:		Global Trust C	Global Trust Certification		
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval		
Vito Romito Virginia Polonio		0.5	Re-approval		
Assessment Period To April 2021					

Scope Details					
Main Species	White anglerfish (Lophius piscatorius)				
Stock	White anglerfish ( <i>Lophius piscatorius</i> ) in ICES Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a—b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay)				
Fishery Location	UK and Ireland				
Management Authority (Country/ State)	EU Common Fisheries Policy Framework and UK Fisheries Act 2020				
Gear Type(s)	Bottom trawl				
Outcome of Assessment					
Peer Review Evaluation	Agrees with assessor's determination				
Recommendation	APPROVE				



#### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

White anglerfish (*Lophius piscatorius*) is not is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red list nor is listed in Appendix 1 of CITES.

The EU multiannual plan (MAP) for stocks in in the Western Waters and adjacent waters applies to this stock. The plan specifies conditions for setting fishing opportunities, depending on stock status and making use of the FMSY range for the stock.

In accordance with the MAP, catches higher than those corresponding to FMSY can only be taken providing SSB is greater than MSY Btrigger, and one of the following conditions is met:

- a) if it is necessary for the achievement of objectives of mixed fisheries;
- b) if it is necessary to avoid serious harm to a stock caused by intra- or inter-species stock dynamics;
- c) in order to limit variations in fishing opportunities between consecutive years to not more than 20%.
- ICES consider that the FMSY range for this stock used in the MAP is precautionary.

ICES advise that when the EU multiannual plan (MAP) for Western Waters and adjacent waters is applied, catches in 2021 that correspond to the F ranges in the MAP are between 23,320 tonnes and 45,996 tonnes. According to the MAP, catches higher than those corresponding to FMSY (34,579 tonnes) can only be taken under conditions specified in the MAP, whilst the entire range is considered precautionary when applying the ICES advice rule.

Therefore, the species has been categorised as Category C. In order to approve the species must pass clauses C1.1 and C1.2.

Therefore, White anglerfish (Lophius piscatorius) in ICES Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a—b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay) is **APPROVED** by the assessor for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v.2.0 by-product Standard.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The fishery has a management plan in place therefore it has been correctly categorised by the assessor.

Removals are considered in the stock assessment and the biomas is above limits. Therefore, the species is **APPROVED** by the assessor for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v.2.0 by-product Standard.

The PR agrees with assessor's determination.

Notes for On-site Auditor					



### **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MARINTRUST raw material.

#### **IUCN Redlist Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

## Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>1</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup>
White anglerfish	Lophius piscatorius	White anglerfish (Lophius piscatorius) in ICES Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a-b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay)	EU Common Fisheries Policy Framework and UK Fisheries Act 2020	С	LC	Not listed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

#### **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a whole fish assessment, Category C species are those which make up less than 5% of landings, but which are subject to a species-specific management regime. In most cases this will be because they are a commercial target in a fishery other than the one under assessment.

Clause C1 should be completed for **each** Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it may be assessed as a Category D species instead, EXCEPT if there is evidence that it is currently below the limit reference point.

Spe	Species Name White anglerfish (Lophius piscatorius)				
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements				
CI	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment  Pass			
		process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.			
	C1.2	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit Pass			
		reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific			
		authorities to be negligible.			
	Clause outcome: PASS			PASS	

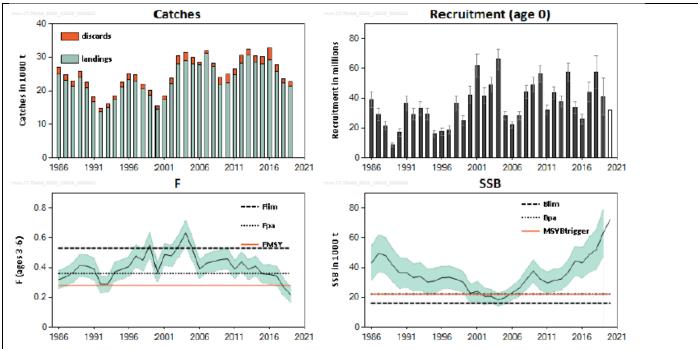
C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock is distributed in Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a—b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay). The stock is managed using an age-based analytical assessment that uses catches in the model and in the forecast. Data inputs in the model include commercial landings and discards; three survey indices (combined FR-EVHOE-WIBTS-Q4 / IE-IGFS-WIBTS-Q4 index, SP-PORC-WIBTS-Q3 and Irish Monkfish Survey); weights- and numbers-at-age derived from catch and survey length-frequency distribution. Discards are available from 2003 and are included in the assessment and forecast. Catches are also indicated in the figure 1 below. Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process. C1.1. passes.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The spawning-stock biomass (SSB) has been increasing since 2005 and is estimated to be the highest in the time-series in 2019. Fishing mortality (F) has been above FMSY but has trended downwards since the mid-2000s and is now lower than FMSY. Recruitment (R) has been variable over the time-series.





**Figure 1.** White anglerfish in Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a—b and 8.d. Summary of the stock assessment (weights in thousand tonnes). Discard observations are available only since 2003 and estimated for prior years. The plots for recruitment (R), fishing mortality (F), and spawning-stock biomass (SSB) indicate 95% confidence limits. Assumed recruitment values are unshaded. Source: ICES 2020.

The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point. C1.2. passes.

#### References

ICES. 2020. White anglerfish (*Lophius piscatorius*) in Subarea 7 and in divisions 8.a—b and 8.d (southern Celtic Seas, Bay of Biscay). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2020. ICES Advice 2020, mon.27.78abd. <a href="https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.5925">https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.5925</a>.

Links		
MARINTRUST Standard clause	1.3.2.2	
FAO CCRF	7.5.3	
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01	