

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template

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Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species: Bigeye tuna, Thunnus obesus		
	Geographical area: FAO Area 51 Indian Ocean western		
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Mauritius	
	Stock:	Indian Ocean bigeye tuna	
Date	April 2021		
Report Code	BP48		
Assessor	Virginia Polonio		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	PASS		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Name:					
Address:					
Country: Mauritius		Zip:			
Tel. No.:		Fax. No.:	Fax. No.:		
Email address:		Applicant Code:			
Key Contact:		Title:			
Certification Body Details					
Name of Certification	Body:	Global Trust Certification			
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval		
Virginia Polonio Geraldine Criquet		0.5 Surveillance			
Assessment Period	Assessment Period April 2021				

Scope Details				
Main Species	Bigeye tuna, Thunnus obesus			
Stock	Indian Ocean			
Fishery Location	FAO Area 51 Indian Ocean Western			
Management Authority (Country/ State)	Indian Ocean Tuna Commission/Mauritius Ministry of Fisheries			
Gear Type(s)	Purse seine and longlines			
Outcome of Assessment				
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with assessor's determination			
Recommendation	APPROVED			

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Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin Trust raw material. Bigeye tuna, *Thunnus obesus* does not appear as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor does it appear in CITES appendices, therefore Bigeye tuna, (*Thunnus obesus*) is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust by-product raw material.

Bigeye tuna in the western Indian Ocean is managed at the international level by the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) which is an intergovernmental organisation responsible for the management of tuna and tuna-like species in the Indian Ocean. In 2019 a new stock assessment was carried out for bigeye tuna in the IOTC area of competence to update the stock status undertaken in 2016.

Therefore, the stock is subject to specific management regime and reference points are available to define the stock status relative to. Therefore it was assessed under Category C.

The most recent assessment (2019) indicates that the stock status determination changed qualitatively in 2019 to not overfished but subject to overfishing.

In order to be approved, the stock assessed must achieve a pass in both clauses C1.1 and C1.2. Therefore, Bigeye tuna, *Thunnus obesus* in FAO Area 51 Indian Ocean Western is **APPROVED** by the assessor for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products standard.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The assessor correctly classified Indian Ocean bigeye tuna stock as category C, this stock is managed and reference points are defined.

Fishery removals are considered in the stock assessment process. The most recent stock assessment shows that the stock is not overfished. Therefore, the stock is considered to have a biomass above the limit reference point.

The Indian Ocean bigeye tuna stock passes both Clauses C1.1 and C1.2 and is therefore approved under the Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products standard.

Notes for On-site Auditor



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MARINTRUST raw material.

IUCN Redlist Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Bigeye tuna	Thunnus obesus	Indian Ocean	IOTC	С	VU	No

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

² <u>https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php</u>

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a whole fish assessment, Category C species are those which make up less than 5% of landings, but which are subject to a species-specific management regime. In most cases this will be because they are a commercial target in a fishery other than the one under assessment.

Clause C1 should be completed for **each** Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it may be assessed as a Category D species instead, EXCEPT if there is evidence that it is currently below the limit reference point.

Species Name Bigeye tuna, Thunnus obesus						
C1	C1 Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements					
CI	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment	PASS			
		process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.				
	C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit		PASS			
		reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific				
		authorities to be negligible.				
		Clause outcome:	PASS			
C1.1 Eishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process. OR are						

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The fisheries removals are reported as commercial catches. Data are considered to be relatively reliable for the main industrial fleets targeting bigeye tuna, with the proportion of catches estimated or adjusted by the IOTC Secretariat relatively low. Therefore, each IOTC dataset (nominal catch, catch-and-effort, and length frequency) are assessed against IOTC reporting standards. Therefore, fishery removals are considered in the stock assessment and it **PASSES** clause C1.1.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The SS3 projections from the 2019 assessment show that there is a risk of breaching MSY-based reference points by 2021, and 2028 if catches are maintained at 2018 levels at the2018 selectivity and therefore size distribution of catch (Table 1). Should the management objective of maintaining biomass at levels higher than SBMSY with more than 50% probability in 2028 be pursued, the overall catch should be reduced 10% from 2018 levels (73,272 MT).

Table 1. Bigeye tuna: Stock Synthesis base case Indian Ocean assessment Kobe II Strategy Matrix. Probability (percentage) of violating the MSY-based target (top) and limit (bottom) reference points for constant catch projections (relative to average catch level from 2018 (81,413 MT); -10%, -20%, -30%, -40%) projected for 3 and 10 years. Source: IOTC stock assessment 2019



Reference point and projection timeframe	Alternative catch projections (relative to the catch level from 2018) and weighted probability (%) scenarios that exceed reference point				
	60% (48,848 MT)	70% (56,990 MT)	80% (65,130 MT)	90% (73,272 MT)	100% (81,413 MT)
SB ₂₀₂₁ < SB _{MSY}	51.1	53.3	54.2	57.1	58.9
F ₂₀₂₁ > F _{MSY}	7.3	17.8	32	47.9	62.8
SB ₂₀₂₈ < SB _{MSY}	8	19.5	35.1	49.1	60.8
F ₂₀₂₈ > F _{MSY}	1.1	6.9	19.8	37.7	55.6
Reference point and projection timeframe	Alternative catch projections (relative to the catch level from 2018) an probability (%) of violating MSY-based limit reference points (SB _{lim} = 0.5 SB _{MSY} ; F _{Lim} = 1.3 F _{MSY})			•	
	60% (48,848 MT)	70% (56,990 MT)	80% (65,130 MT)	90% (73,272 MT)	100% (81,413 MT
SB ₂₀₂₁ < SB _{LIM}	0	0	0	0	0
F2021 > FUM	6.0	11.0	17.0	28.0	39.0
SB ₂₀₂₈ < SB _{LIM}	0.0	0.0	6.0	11.0	22.0

Following the information in the table above and the results of the Kobe plot from 18 models, the median stock status has showed that the stock is not overfished, therefore, it is above biomass reference point and it **PASSES** clause C1.2.

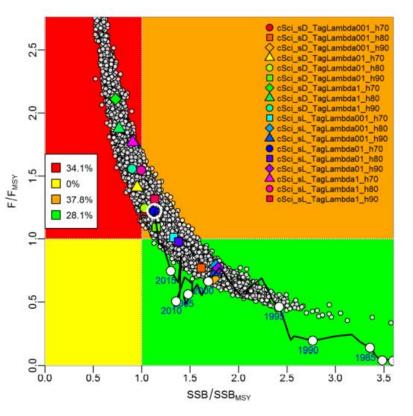


Figure 1. Bigeye tuna: SS3 Aggregated Indian Ocean assessment Kobe plot. The coloured points represent stock status estimates from the 18 model options. The grey dots represent 5,000 estimates of 2018 stock status from the multivariate normal approximation from the mean and variance-covariance of the 18 model options. The legend indicates the estimated probability of the stock status being in each of the Kobe quadrant. The white circle (around the blue dot) represents the median stock status in 2018. Source: IOTC stock assessment 2019.

References

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Froese R, Pauly DE (2009) FishBase, version 02/2009, FishBase Consortium, Nootmorn, P (2004) Reproductive biology of bigeye tuna in the eastern Indian Ocean. IOTC–2004–WPTT04–05.

Indian Ocean Tuna Commission. 2019 Stock Assessment Appendix 9 executive summary: bigeye tuna (2020). <u>https://www.iotc.org/science/status-summary-species-tuna-and-tuna-species-under-iotc-mandate-well-other-species-impacted-iotc</u>

Links			
MARINTRUST Standard clause	1.3.2.2		
FAO CCRF	7.5.3		
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01		