

## MarinTrust Standard V2

## By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

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# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Dover sole ( <i>Solea solea</i> )  FAO Area 27 North East Atlantic  France	
	Geographical area:	FAO Area 27 North East Atlantic	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	France	
	Stock:	Sole in Division 7.d (eastern English Channel)	
Date	8 November 2021		
Report Code	BP 231		
Assessor	Geraldine Criquet		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	France		
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA		

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome						
Name: Bioceval SAS						
Address:						
Country: France		Zip:				
Tel. No.:		Fax. No.:				
Email address:		Applicant Cod	Applicant Code:			
Key Contact:		Title:				
<b>Certification Body Det</b>	ails					
Name of Certification	Body:	Global Trust C	ertification			
Assessor Peer Reviewer		Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval			
Geraldine Criquet	Virginia Polonio	0.5	Surveillance 2			
Assessment Period To November 2021						

Scope Details	
Main Species	Dover sole (Solea solea)
Stock	Sole in Division 7.d (eastern English Channel)
Fishery Location	FAO Area 27 Northeast Atlantic Ocean
Management Authority European Union / France Direction des Pêches Maritimes et d	
(Country/ State)	l'Aquaculture
Gear Type(s)	Trawl
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with assessor's determination
Recommendation	APPROVED



### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin Trust raw material. Dover sole (*Solea solea*) is neither listed as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor listed in CITES appendices; therefore, Dover sole is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust by-product raw material.

The eastern English Channel Dover sole stock is managed through the EU Multiannual plan (MAP) for the Western Waters adopted in 2019 and reference points are defined for the stock, therefore it was assessed under category C.

Fishery removals are included in the stock assessment process, it PASSES Clause C1.1. The stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point, it PASSES Clause C1.2.

Therefore, Dover sole in ICES in Division 7.d (eastern English Channel) is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The stock has been identified correctly as there is species specific management plan for this stock.

Fisheries removals are considered in the stock assessment and biomass is below limits. Therefore, the stock passes both clauses in category C and it is recommended for approval.

Notes for On-site Auditor		



## **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MARINTRUST raw material.

#### **IUCN Redlist Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

## **Table 3 Species Categorisation Table**

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>1</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup>
Dover sole	Solea solea	Sole in ICES in Division 7.d (eastern English Channel)	France Direction	С	LC	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

## **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a whole fish assessment, Category C species are those which make up less than 5% of landings, but which are subject to a species-specific management regime. In most cases this will be because they are a commercial target in a fishery other than the one under assessment.

Clause C1 should be completed for **each** Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	Species Name Dover sole (Solea solea)					
<b>C1</b>	Catego	ory C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements				
CI	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock	Yes			
		assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.				
	C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the					
	limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are					
	considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
		Clause outcome:	PASS			

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock assessment type is an age-based analytical assessment and input data include commercial catches (international landings and discards) and age composition from catch data. Catches are presented in Figure 1.

Therefore, fishery removals of the stock, including from the fishery under assessment, are included in the stock assessment process, it PASSES Clause C1.1

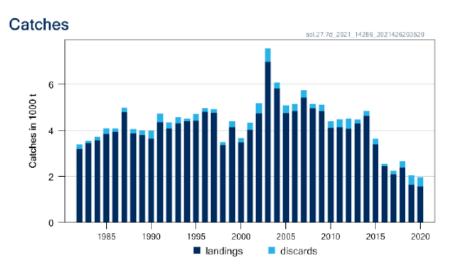


Figure 1. Sole in ICES in Division 7.d. Long-term trends in catches (landings and discards), discards are reconstructed prior to 2004.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The spawning-stock size is below MSY Btrigger but above Blim (Figure 2).

Therefore, the stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point, **C1.2** is met.



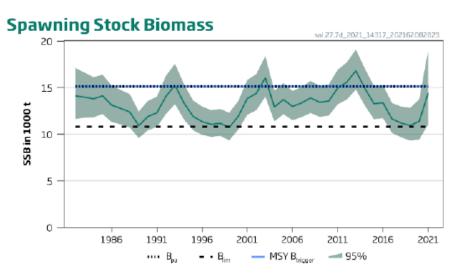


Figure 2. Sole in ICES in Division 7.d. Summary of the stock assessment. Spawning stock biomass.

#### References

ICES. 2021. Sole (*Solea solea*) in Division 7.d (eastern English Channel). *In* Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2021. ICES Advice 2021, sol.27.7d.https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.7861.

https://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2021/2021/sol.27.7d.pdf

Monroe, T., Keskin, Ç., Costa, M. & Rijnsdorp, A.D. 2015. *Solea solea* (errata version published in 2016). *The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species* 2015: e.T198739A87698320. Downloaded on 08 November 2021.

Links				
MARINTRUST Standard clause	1.3.2.2			
FAO CCRF	7.5.3			
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01			



## **CATEGORY D SPECIES**

Category D species are those which make up less than 5% of landings and are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	<b>Species Name</b>					
	Productivity Attribut	te Value	Score			
	Average age at maturity (years)					
	Average maximum age (years)					
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)					
	Average maximum size (cm)					
	Average size at maturity (cm)					
	Reproductive strategy					
	Mean trophic level					
		Average Productivity Score				
	Susceptibility Attribu	te Value	Score			
	Overlap of adult species range with fishe	ery				
	Distribution					
	Habitat					
	Depth range					
	Selectivity					
	Post-capture mortality					
	Average Susceptibility Score PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)					
	Compliance rating					
Standa	ırd clauses 1.3.2.2					



## Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	Low productivity/ High risk	Medium productivity/ Medium risk	High productivity Low risk	
	Score 3	Score 2	Score 1	
Average age at maturity (years)	>4	2 to 4	<2	
Average maximum age (years)	>30	10 to 30	<10	
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	<1 000	1 000 to 10 000	>10 000	
Average maximum size (cm)	>150	60 to 150	<60	
Average size at maturity (cm)	>150	30 to 150	<30	
Reproductive strategy	Live bearer, mouth brooder or significant parental investment	Demersal spawner "berried"	Broadcast spawner	
Mean trophic level	>3.25	2.5-3.25	<2.5	

Susceptibility attributes		High susceptibility/ High risk	Medium susceptibility/ Medium risk	Low susceptibility/ Low risk		
		Score 3	Score 2	Score 1		
Availability	1)	Overlap of adult species range with fishery	>50% of stock occurs in the area fished Between 25% and 509 of the stock occurs in the area fished		<25% of stock occurs in the area fished	
	2)	Distribution	Only in the country/ fishery	Limited range in the region	Throughout region/ global distribution	
Encounterability	1)	Habitat	Habitat preference of species make it highly likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. demersal, muddy/sandy bottom)	Habitat preference of species make it moderately likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. rocky bottom/reefs)	Depth or distribution of species make it unlikely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. epi-pelagic or meso-pelagic)	
	2)	Depth range	High overlap with trawl fishing gear (20 to 60 m depth)	Medium overlap with trawl fishing gear (10 to 20 m depth)	Low overlap with trawl fishing gear (0 to 10 m, >70 m depth)	
Selectivity			Species >2 times mesh size or up to 4 m length	Species 1 to 2 times mesh size or 4 to 5 m length	Species <mesh or<br="" size="">&gt;5 m length</mesh>	
Post capture mortality			Most dead or retained Trawl tow >3 hours	Alive after net hauled Trawl tow 0.5 to 3 hours	Released alive Trawl tow <0.5 hours	

**Note:** Availability 2 is only used when there is no information for Availability 1; the most conservative score between Encounterability 1 and 2 is used.



D3		Average Susceptibility Score		
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4