

## By-Product assessment report

**BP121** 

Empresa Figueirense de Pesca

Document TEM-003 (prev. FISH-1) - Version 3.1

*Issued April 2025 – Effective April 2025* 



Report code	BP121	Date of issue	August 2025
Report code	D1 121	Date of issue	7 tagast 2025

1. Application details			
Applicant	Empresa Figueirense de l	Pesca	
Applicant country	Portugal		
2. Certification Body details			
Name of Certification Body (CB)	LRQA		
Contact information for CB	mt-ca@lrqa.com		
Assessor name	Sam Peacock		
CB internal peer reviewer name	Blanca Gonzalez		
Internal peer review evaluation	ternal peer review evaluation Agree with evaluation		
Number of Assessment days	1.5		
Comments on the assessment	This byproduct assessment contains a large number of byproducts. The majority of these caught exclusively by flag states which are low medium risk and were therefore approved affects of the High-Risk byproducts. Of these, the yellowfin tuna byproducts were downgraded Medium Risk and Approved, source with cauth One yellowfin tuna byproduct was not downgraded because it is sourced from FAO A 51, which includes the High-Risk coastal state Yemen. Frigate tuna originating from the Mediterranean and North-West Pacific was not downgraded because the species is not subject stock assessments in either region and therefould not meet the requirements of a Catego assessment.		
3. Approval validity	Valid from 08/2025	Valid until 08/2026	
4. Assessment cycle	Choose an item.	l	

### 5. By-product assessment outcomes



By-product species name Common and Latin names	Flag country(ies)	Fishing Areas  Only applicable to Step 3 assessed species	MarinTrust approval status
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 34	Approved source with caution
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 51	Approved source with caution
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 61	Approved source with caution
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papa New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 34, 47	Approved source with caution
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papa New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 51	Not Approved
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papa New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 87	Approved source with caution
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papa New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 71	Approved source with caution
Thunnus obesus - Bigeye tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Thunnus obesus - Bigeye tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	FAO 34	Approved source with caution

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Gadus macrocephalus -	Norway, Iceland, Canada	FAO 61	Approved source with caution
Pacific cod	Canada		Caution
Thunnus thynnus - Bluefin tuna	Portugal	FAO 27,FAO 37	Approved source with caution
Sardina pilchardus - European pilchard	Spain, Portugal, Morocco, Netherlands	FAO 27, 34, 37	Approved source with caution
Scomber colias - Atlantic chub mackerel	Portugal, Morocco	FAO 27, 34	Approved source with caution
Trachurus trachurus - Horse mackerel	Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Oncorhynchus keta - Chum salmon	Portugal, USA	FAO 27, 24, 67	Approved source with caution
Scomber japonicus - Pacific chub mackerel/macarela	Portugal	FAO 27, 34	Approved source with caution
Octopus vulgaris - Octopus	Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Micromesistius poutassou - Blue whiting	Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Raja clavata - Thornback ray	Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Scomber scombrus - Mackerel	Portugal	FAO 27	Approved source with caution
Auxis thazard - Frigate Tuna	Spain, Turkey, China	FAO 61 & 67	Not Approved
Sparus aurata - Bream	Turkey, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco	FAO 27, 34	Approved source with caution
Dicentrarchus labrax - Sea Bass	Turkey, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco	FAO 27	Approved source with caution



Gadus morhua - Cod	Norway, Faroe Islands,	FAO 27- I, FAO 21, FAO	
	Iceland, Greenland,	27- XIVb, FAO 27- Va,	Approved source with
	Canada	l FAO 27- Vb. FAO 27- I.	• •
		II, FAO 27- lib, FAO 27-	caution
		lia	

#### **Guidance for on-site auditor**

For the audit, the auditor will check how the facility manages by-products deemed medium risk. Any by-products downrated from high to medium risk will require additional due diligence checks.

It is important that facilities check all raw materials from and verify their suppliers especially if there is a perceived risk of sourcing from known or suspected IUU fishing activity. This requires checking supplier records or procedures in place to understand how the supplier can ensure there is no IUU in the raw material they provide. For raw materials risk rated medium, additional or more frequent checks may be required until the facility is certain that the raw materials are not from IUU fishing activity.

The audit requirements are covered in clause 2.11.3 of the MarinTrust Global Standard for Responsible Supply of Marine Ingredients (the MarinTrust Standard) and associated interpretation guidance.

### **Approved by-products**

• No further checks are required beyond those included in the MarinTrust Standard.

### Additional checks of Approved Source with Caution by-products

• Review supplier records or procedures in place.

### Additional checks of by-products Approved Source with Caution via Step 3 assessment

• In addition to checks for medium risk Approved Source with Caution by-products, by-products that have had risk downgraded from high to medium at Step 3 (use **Appendix 1** to identify these by-product species), confirm that the relevant traceability information continues to be collected for this by-product. During the audit, a traceability check on any by-products downgraded from high to medium risk shall be included as part of the required traceability checks (Section 4).

### Guidance for the applicant/certificate holder

The applicant/certificate holder is responsible for ensuring the relevant actions are taken to comply with the MarinTrust Standard.

The certificate holder is responsible for communicating any changes to the by-products sourced by submitting a scope extension request through the MarinTrust online Application Portal.



# Appendix 1 – assessment outcomes

## **Step 2 Assessment Outcomes**

By-product species name  Common and Latin names	Flag country(ies)	Select IUCN red list category from dropdown	Select CITES appendix status from dropdown	Step 2 risk status  Low risk/ Medium  risk/ High risk	Step 3 required  Yes / No
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Katsuwonus pelamis - Skipjack tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	Least concern	Not listed	High Risk	Yes

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Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	Least concern	Not listed	High Risk	Yes
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	Least concern	Not listed	High Risk	Yes
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	Least concern	Not listed	High Risk	Yes
Thunnus obesus - Bigeye tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Vulnerable	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Thunnus obesus - Bigeye tuna	France, Spain, Portugal	Vulnerable	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Gadus macrocephalus - Pacific cod	Norway, Iceland, Canada	Not Evaluated	Not listed	Medium risk	No

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Thunnus thynnus - Bluefin tuna	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Sardina pilchardus - European pilchard	Spain, Portugal, Morocco, Netherlands	Near Threatened	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Scomber colias - Atlantic chub mackerel	Portugal, Morocco	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Trachurus trachurus - Horse mackerel	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Oncorhynchus keta - Chum salmon	Portugal, USA	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Scomber japonicus - Pacific chub mackerel/macarela	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Octopus vulgaris - Octopus	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Micromesistius poutassou - Blue whiting	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No



Raja clavata - Thornback ray	Portugal	Near Threatened	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Scomber scombrus - Mackerel	Portugal	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Auxis thazard - Frigate Tuna	Spain, Turkey, China	Least concern	Not listed	High Risk	Yes
Sparus aurata - Bream	Turkey, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco	Least concern	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Dicentrarchus labrax - Sea Bass	Turkey, Portugal, Greece, Spain, Morocco	Near Threatened	Not listed	Medium risk	No
Gadus morhua - Cod	Norway, Faroe Islands, Iceland, Greenland, Canada	Vulnerable	Not listed	Medium risk	No



## **Step 3 Assessment Outcomes**

By-product species name Common and Latin names	Flag country(ies)	Fishing Area	Stock name  (If applicable e.g.  Eastern Pacific  stock)	Category C Assessment Outcome Pass/Fail	Traceability information  Path 1 – Yes OR  Path 2 – Yes/No OR  MT Approved Whole  Fish	Step 3 Risk Outcome  Risk downgraded to  Medium Risk/ Remains  High Risk
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 34, 47	Atlantic Ocean Yellowfin	PASS	Path 2 - Yes	Downgraded to Medium Risk
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 51	Indian Ocean Yellowfin	PASS	Path 2 - No	Remains High Risk
Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin tuna	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papua New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	FAO 87	Eastern Pacific Yellowfin	PASS	None provided	Downgraded to Medium Risk



Thunnus	Solomon Islands, Portugal,	FAO 71	Western Pacific	PASS	None provided	Downgraded to
albacares -	Indonesia, Belize, Papua		Yellowfin			Medium Risk
Yellowfin tuna	New Guinea, Panama,					
	Spain, France					
Auxis thazard - Frigate Tuna	Spain, Turkey, China	FAO 61 & 37	Pacific Ocean frigate tuna, Mediterranean frigate tuna	FAIL	Path 2 - Yes	Remains High Risk

**Comments on Step 3 Assessment:** Note that the traceability information provided by the applicant included some unlikely combinations; for example, China-flagged vessels operating in the North-West Pacific but landing in Spain. These claims would have been subjected to additional scrutiny had the byproducts in question not failed the assessment for unrelated reasons. Any revisions to this assessment report in future should bear this in mind.



# Appendix 2 – detailed assessment outcomes

# (step 2 and step 3 if applicable)

## Step 2 outcomes

Flag state	Risk rating	Flag score	Port score	General score	Flag State is contracting party or cooperating non- contracting party to all relevant RFMOs	'Carded' under EU Carding system	Flag state party to PSMA	Flag state mandatory vessel tracking for commercial seagoing fleet	WGI Governance rank
Belize	Medium	2.29	1.57	2	1	1		1	35.85%
Canada	Low	1.92	1.89	1.4	1	1	1	1	95.75%
China	High	4.21	4.33	3.2	1	1	5	1	36.79%
Denmark	Medium	2	2.56	1.87	1	1	1	1	98.58%
France	Medium	3.17	2.39	1.67	1	1	1	1	85.38%
Greece	Medium	1.79	2.22	1.7	1	1	1	1	67.45%
Iceland	Low	1.58	1.78	1.83	1	1	1	1	88.21%
Indonesia	Medium	3.33	2.56	2.47	1	1	1	1	59.43%

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Morocco	Medium	2.29	1.78	2.17	1	1	1	1	49.06%
Netherlands	Medium	2.21	2.44	1.87	1	1	1	1	96.70%
Norway	Medium	2.42	2.39	2.1	1	1	1	1	92.00%
Panama	High	3.75	1.67	1.93	3	3	1	1	55.19%
Papua New Guinea	High	2.04	2.94	2.07	1	1	5	1	26.42%
Portugal	Medium	3	2.44	1.53	1	1	1	1	75.00%
Solomon Isl.	High	1.58	3.28	2.07	1	1	5	1	21.70%
Spain	Medium	3.21	3.39	2.03	1	1	1	1	75.94%
Turkey	Medium	2.21	1.89	2.77	1	1	1	1	43.40%
USA	Medium	2.29	3	2.37	1	1	1	1	91.04%



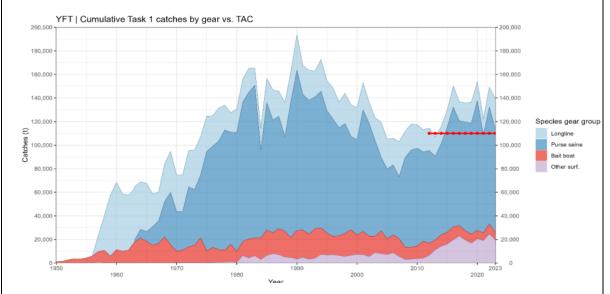
## Step 3 outcomes

### Category C assessment

Speci	Species name Thunnus albacares -Yellowfin Tuna									
	ng area	and	Atlantic yellowfin, FAO 34 & 47							
Stock	stock									
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements									
CI	C1.1	Fishery re	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included PASS							
		in the sto	n the stock assessment process, OR							
		are consi	dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.							
	C1.2	The spec	ies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a	PASS						
		biomass	biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR							
		removals	removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific							
		authorities to be negligible.								
Clause outcome: PASS										

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

Management of this yellowfin tuna stock is coordinated by the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT). The most recent stock assessment was conducted in 2024, using data up to and including 2022, and utilised an age-structured model framework (Stock Synthesis). The assessment incorporated all available catch data, along with three indices of abundance; the joint-CPC tropical Atlantic longline index, the acoustic echosounder buoy index, and the purse seine free school index (ICCAT 2024).

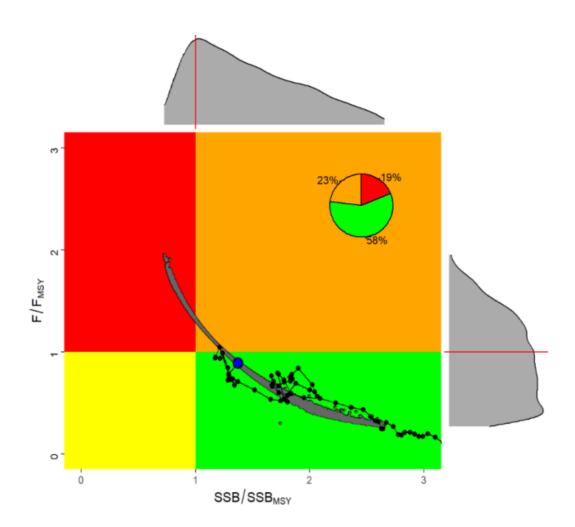


Yellowfin tuna in the Atlantic Ocean, total catch 1950-2023 by main fishing gear group. The red dotted line represents the TAC (ICCAT 2024).



C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The ICCAT stock assessment report includes an indication of the estimated stock status relative to target reference points.  $B_{2022}/B_{MSY}$  was estimated to be 1.37, with an 80% confidence interval of 0.91 – 2.15, meaning that it is likely that stock biomass was above the target reference point level, and therefore highly likely to be above the limit reference point level.



Kobe plot of the status of Atlantic yellowfin tuna in 2022 (based on the outcomes of the assessment conducted in 2024). Blue circle is the median of the stock synthesis model runs, which are marked in grey. The inserted pie chart indicates the proportion of model iterations within each Kobe colour quadrant, 58% in the green quadrant, 23% in the orange quadrant, and 19% in the red quadrant (ICCAT 2024).

References



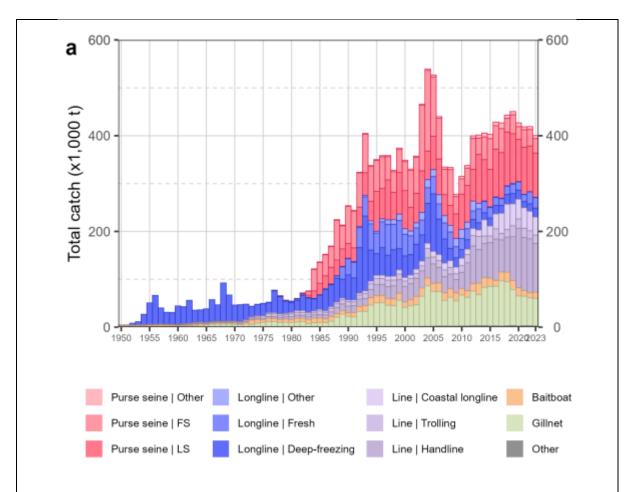
ICCAT (2024). Stock summary, yellowfin tuna. https://www.iccat.int/Documents/SCRS/ExecSum/YFT\_ENG.pdf

Speci	Species name Thunnus albacares -Yellowfin Tuna									
Fishir	ng area	and	Indian Ocean yellowfin, FAO 51							
stock	stock									
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements									
CI	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included PA								
		in the stock assessment process, OR								
		are consi	dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.							
	C1.2	The spec	ies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a	PASS						
		biomass	biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR							
		removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific								
		authorities to be negligible.								
Clause outcome: PAS										

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock assessment conducted by the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission (IOTC) takes all fishery removals into account. The most recent assessment was conducted in 2024. Landings in recent years were reported as a total catch in 2023 of 400,950t, and an average catch 2019-2023 of 423,142t (IOTC 2024). Full catch datasets, including catch and effort by month, species, gear, and vessels flag, and size-frequency datasets, are made available on the IOTC website (IOTC 2025).



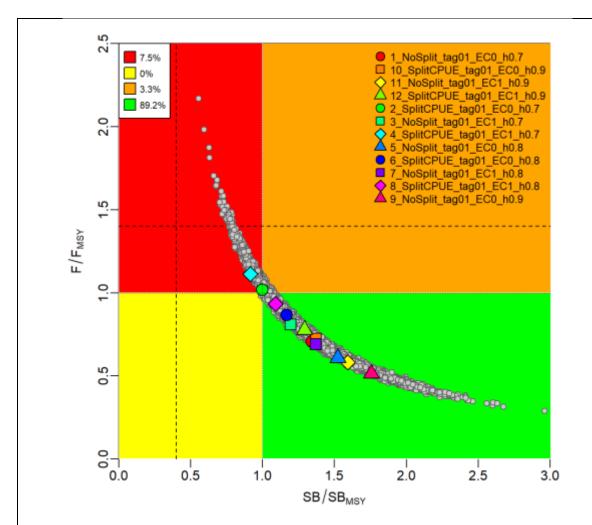


Catches of yellowfin tuna in the Pacific Ocean by gear type, 1950 – 2023 (IOTC 2024)

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The most recent stock assessment was carried out in 2024 using data from 1975-2023, as reported in a 2024 stock status report published by the IOTC (IOTC 2024). The stock assessment conclusion states that "overall stock status estimates do not differ substantially from the previous assessment". Spawning biomass in 2023 was estimated to be around 44% of the unfished level and 32% higher than B<sub>MSY</sub>. The biomass is therefore estimated to be above the target reference point, and therefore the stock is considered to have a biomass above the limit reference point in its most recent stock assessment (IOTC 2024).





Yellowfin tuna in the Pacific Ocean: Kobe chart estimating current stock status. Coloured symbols represent estimates from individual models. Grey dots represent statistical uncertainty from individual models. Dashed lines represent limit reference points (IOTC 2024)

### References

IOTC (2025). Available datasets. <a href="https://www.iotc.org/data/datasets">https://www.iotc.org/data/datasets</a>

IOTC (2024). Indian Ocean Yellowfin Tuna Stock Status: Executive Summary. <a href="https://iotc.org/sites/default/files/content/Stock\_status/2024/Engish/IOTC-2024-SC27-ES04\_YFTE.pdf">https://iotc.org/sites/default/files/content/Stock\_status/2024/Engish/IOTC-2024-SC27-ES04\_YFTE.pdf</a>

**Species name** 

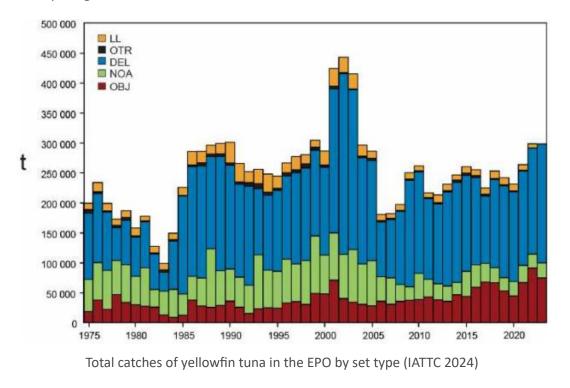
Thunnus albacares -Yellowfin Tuna



Fishing area and			East Pacific yellowfin, FAO 87					
Stock	stock							
Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements								
	C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included P.							
	in the stock assessment process, OR							
		are consi	dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
	C1.2	The spec	ies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a	PASS				
		biomass	above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR					
	removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific							
authorities to be negligible.								
	•	•	Clause outcome:	PASS				

# C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

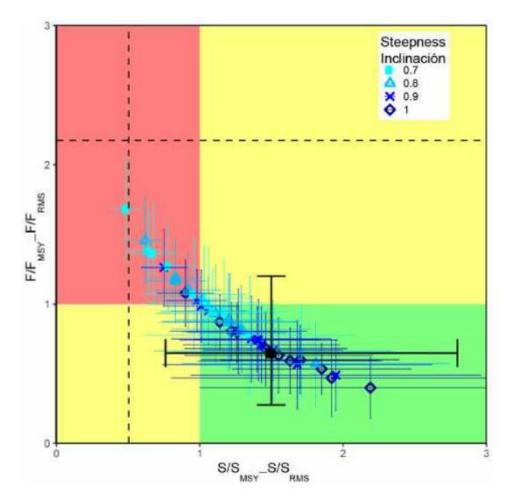
The Eastern Pacific Ocean (EPO) yellowfin tuna stock is managed and assessed by the Inter-American Tropical Tunas Commission (IATTC). A new risk-based approach was introduced to the management of the stock in 2022, with Stock Status Indicators (SSIs) developed using catch and other data collected from the EPO as a whole. This approach continued in 2023 (IATTC 2024). SSIs are considered to be important alternatives to formal stock assessments, particularly where those stock assessments may be too unreliable to form the basis for management advice (IATTC 2022). Fishery removals are a key component of the modelling used to generate SSI's, and their development and use is evidence that managers have sought out alternative mechanisms where stock assessment uncertainty is high. The most recent full stock assessment was conducted in 2020.





C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

In the full stock assessments for this stock, multiple reference models are utilised to create a risk-based understanding of stock status. The most recent results, from 2020, indicated that "the probability of the spawning biomass being below  $S_{MSY\_d}$  [i.e. the target reference point] is low (12%)" (IATTC 2024), and that the probability of the biomass being below the limit reference point  $S_{LIMIT}$  is zero. There was therefore a low probability that biomass is currently below the target reference point and almost no possibility it was below the limit reference point.



Kobe plot for yellowfin tuna in the EPO of estimates of spawning stock size (S) and fishing mortality (F). Coloured panels are separated by the target reference points  $S_{MSY}$  and  $F_{MSY}$ . Limit reference points are approximately indicated by the dashed lines, although these vary between models. The solid black circle represents all models combined (IATTC 2024).

### References



IATTC (2022). Stock Status Indicators (SSIs) for tropical tunas in the Eastern Pacific Ocean. 13<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the IATTC Scientific Advisory Committee, Document SAC-13-06 Corr. <a href="https://www.iattc.org/GetAttachment/22511b5b-ba2b-4126-9ba2-0bffee89f4d5/SAC-13-06%20-%20Stock%20status%20indicators%20(SSIs)%20for%20tropical%20tunas%20in%20the%20EPO</a>

IATTC (2024). The tuna fishery in the Eastern Pacific Ocean in 2023. <a href="https://www.iattc.org/GetAttachment/1ed36788-07ce-4bf4-80e4-10c6c3b2b14d/No-22-2024\_Tunas,-stocks-and-ecosystem-in-the-eastern-Pacific-Ocean-in-2023.pdf">https://www.iattc.org/GetAttachment/1ed36788-07ce-4bf4-80e4-10c6c3b2b14d/No-22-2024\_Tunas,-stocks-and-ecosystem-in-the-eastern-Pacific-Ocean-in-2023.pdf</a>

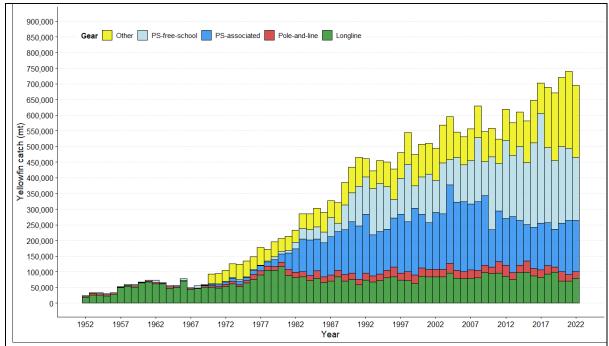
Speci	Thunnus albacares -Yellowfin Tuna									
	ng area	and	Western and Central Pacific yellowfin, FAO 71							
stock	stock									
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements									
CI	C1.1	Fishery re	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included PAS							
		in the sto	in the stock assessment process, OR							
		are consi	dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.							
	C1.2	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a PASS								
		biomass	biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR							
		removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific								
	authorities to be negligible.									
Clause outcome: PA										

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

Western and Central Pacific Ocean (WCPO) yellowfin tuna is subject to regular stock assessments by the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC). The most recent stock assessment was conducted in 2023 and utilised all available catch data, as summarised in the graph below. 54 models were used to provide a range of potential outcomes based on different key variables, a process which reduces the inherent level of uncertainty.

Catches are presented in the figure below:



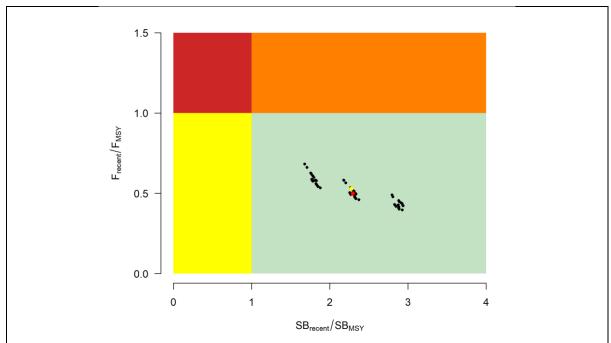


WCPO yellowfin catches, 1952-2022 (WCPFC 2023)

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The 2023 stock assessment produced a series of estimates of the current status of the stock relative to the target reference point BMSY. Biomass in 2021 was estimated to be between 1.91 and 3.11 times larger than BMSY with an 80% certainty; none of the model results indicated that biomass was below BMSY. Biomass is estimated by the most recent stock assessment to be above the target reference point with a high degree of certainty, and therefore also above any potential limit reference point (WCPFC 2023).





WCPO yellowfin tuna, Kobe plot summarising the results of each of the stock assessment models. The yellow dot is the 2023 diagnostic model and the red dot is the median (WCPFC 2023).

### References

WCPFC (2023). WCPO Yellowfin Tuna, Stock Status and Management Advice. https://www.wcpfc.int/file/1008665/download?token=wFUhc7q7tern

Species name			Auxis thazard – frigate tuna						
Fishing area and			Mediterranean frigate tune, FAO 37						
STOCK	stock								
<b>C1</b>	Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements								
	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included							
		in the sto	in the stock assessment process, OR						
		are consi	dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.						
	C1.2	The spec	ies is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a	n/a					
		biomass	biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR						
		removals	removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific						
	authorities to be negligible.								
		•	Clause outcome:	FAIL					

Frigate tuna in the Mediterranean Sea falls under the geographical jurisdiction of the International Commission for the Conservation of Atlantic Tunas (ICCAT). Frigate tuna are considered within a broader group of small tunas, and knowledge on small tuna stocks is considered "very fragmented" (ICCAT 2025). No reference points have been established for frigate tuna to date, and stock assessment efforts appear limited to Productivity-Susceptibility Analysis. Therefore, the stock

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cannot be subjected to a Category C assessment, and does not meet requirements for downgrading to Medium Risk.

### References

ICCAT (2025). ICCAT stock assessment executive summary, small tunas. https://www.iccat.int/Documents/SCRS/ExecSum/SMT\_ENG.pdf

Speci	Species name Auxis thazard – frigate tuna								
Fishir	Pacific frigate tune, FAO 61								
Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements									
CI	C1.1	in the sto	rishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included n/a n the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.						
	C1.2	The spec biomass removals	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.						
	Clause outcome: FAIL								

Frigate tuna in the North-Western Pacific falls under the geographical jurisdiction of the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC). It is not listed as a WCPFC "Stock of Interest" (WCPFC 2025), and the assessor was not able to find any evidence of recent stock assessment activity. Therefore, the stock cannot be subjected to a Category C assessment, and does not meet requirements for downgrading to Medium Risk.

#### References

WCPFC (2025). https://www.wcpfc.int/doc/00/overview-stocks-interest-wcpfc



### **Traceability information**

The applicant provided the following traceability information:

Stock	Coastal State(s)	Port State(s)
Atlantic yellowfin, FAO 34 & 47	FAO 34 & 47	Spain
Indian Ocean yellowfin, FAO 51	FAO 51	Spain
Eastern Pacific yellowfin, FAO 87	FAO 87	Peru
Western and Central Pacific yellowfin, FAO 71	FAO 71	Australia
Frigate tuna in FAO 37 and 61	FAO 37 & 61	Spain

Species name	7	Thunnus albacares – Yellowfin Tuna, FAO 34 & 47			
Path 1		Yes □ No ⊠			
Confirm all KDEs are provided		Yes □ No □			
Path 2	Yes ⊠ No ☐ If yes for Path	□ h 2, complete the nex	at section		
Path 2 outcome	Flag country	Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome	
Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	Solomon Islands, Portugal, Indonesia, Belize, Papa New Guinea, Panama, Spain, France	Multiple states, highest risk rating Medium	Spain, Medium Risk	Downgraded to medium risk	
				Choose an item.	

Species name			Thunnus albacares - Yellowfin Tuna, FAO 51			
Path 1		Ye	es □ No ⊠			
Confirm all KDEs are p	rovided	Ye	es 🗆 No 🗆			
Path 2	Yes ⊠ No					
	If yes for Pa	ath 2, complete the next section				
Path 2 outcome	Flag country		Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome	
Countries may be	Solomon		Multiple states,	Spain, Medium	Remains high risk	
different for Coastal	Islands,		highest risk rating	Risk		
State and Port State.	Portugal,		High (Yemen)			
	Indonesia,					
	Belize, Papa					
	New Guinea,					



	Panama,					
	Spain, France	<del>-</del>			Choose an item.	
					choose an item.	
<b>C</b>				. II	07	
Species name		11	nunnus albacares – Yo	ellowfin Tuna, FAO	87	
Path 1		Ύ	es □ No ⊠			
Confirm all KDEs are p	provided	Ye	es 🗆 No 🗆			
Path 2	Yes ⊠ No					
			2, complete the nex		1	
Path 2 outcome	Flag country		Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome	
Countries may be	Solomon		Multiple states,	Peru, Medium	Downgraded to	
different for Coastal	Islands,		highest risk rating	Risk	medium risk	
State and Port State.	Portugal,		Medium			
	Indonesia,					
	Belize, Papa					
	New Guinea,					
	Panama, Spa	ın,				
	France					
Species name		Thunnus albacares – Yellowfin Tuna, FAO 71				
Path 1		Yes □ No ⊠				
		1.00 2 1.00 2				
Confirm all KDEs are p	provided	Yes □ No □				
Path 2	Yes ⊠ No					
	•	ath 2, complete the next section				
Path 2 outcome	Flag country		Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome	
Countries may be	Solomon		Multiple states,	Australia,	Downgraded to	
different for Coastal	Islands,		highest risk rating	Medium Risk	medium risk	
State and Port State.	Portugal,		Medium			
	Indonesia,					
	Belize, Papa					
	New Guinea,					
	Panama,					
	Spain, France	9				
Species name		Auxis thazard – Frigate Tuna, FAO 37 & 61				
Path 1		Yes □ No ⊠				
Path 1		Ye	es □ No ⊠			
Confirm all KDEs are p	provided		es 🗆 No 🖂			

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Path 2	Yes ⊠ No □ If yes for Path 2, complete the next section					
Path 2 outcome	Flag country	Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome		
Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	Spain, Turkey, China	Multiple states, highest risk rating Medium	Spain, Medium Risk	Remains high risk		
				Choose an item.		