



## By-Product assessment report

BP076

Coomarpes Ltda

*Document TEM-003 (prev. FISH-1) - Version 3.1*

*Issued April 2025 – Effective April 2025*

<b>Report code</b>	BP076	<b>Date of issue</b>	March 2026
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1. Application details	
<b>Applicant</b>	Coomarpes Ltda
<b>Applicant country</b>	Argentina
2. Certification Body details	
<b>Name of Certification Body (CB)</b>	LRQA
<b>Contact information for CB</b>	mt-ca@lrqa.com
<b>Assessor name</b>	Blanca Gonzalez
<b>CB internal peer reviewer name</b>	Phoebe Schouten
<b>Internal peer review evaluation</b>	Agree with evaluation
<b>Number of Assessment days</b>	.5
<b>Comments on the assessment</b>	<p>The byproduct species listed in this report are not considered ETP species under the Marin Trust definition, thereby fulfilling this requirement for the assessment.</p> <p>All of them are caught by flagged vessels from Argentina which is considered high risk; thus, all species and stocks require a Step 3 assessment. Additional information was requested from the applicant, and the provided data included the fishing areas, which were necessary for the Category C assessment.</p> <p>All the fisheries passed the Category C assessment, and traceability information allowed these fisheries to be downgraded to medium risk, approving these byproducts, but they should be sourced with caution.</p>
<b>3. Approval validity</b>	Valid from 03/2026      Valid until 03/2027
<b>4. Assessment cycle</b>	Re-Approval

5. By-product assessment outcomes			
By-product species name <i>Common and Latin names</i>	Flag country(ies)	Fishing Areas <i>Only applicable to Step 3 assessed species</i>	MarinTrust approval status
Hake - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	Approved source with caution
Brazilian flathead - <i>Percophis brasiliensis</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	Approved source with caution
Chub mackerel - <i>Scomber japonicus/colias</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	Approved source with caution
<p><b>Guidance for on-site auditor</b></p> <p>For the audit, the auditor will check how the facility manages by-products deemed medium risk. Any by-products downrated from high to medium risk will require additional due diligence checks.</p> <p>It is important that facilities check all raw materials from and verify their suppliers especially if there is a perceived risk of sourcing from known or suspected IUU fishing activity. This requires checking supplier records or procedures in place to understand how the supplier can ensure there is no IUU in the raw material they provide. For raw materials risk rated medium, additional or more frequent checks may be required until the facility is certain that the raw materials are not from IUU fishing activity.</p> <p>The audit requirements are covered in clause 2.11.3 of the MarinTrust Global Standard for Responsible Supply of Marine Ingredients (the MarinTrust Standard) and associated interpretation guidance.</p> <p><b>Approved by-products</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No further checks are required beyond those included in the MarinTrust Standard.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional checks of Approved Source with Caution by-products</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Review supplier records or procedures in place.</li> </ul> <p><b>Additional checks of by-products Approved Source with Caution via Step 3 assessment</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In addition to checks for medium risk Approved Source with Caution by-products, by-products that have had risk downgraded from high to medium at Step 3 (use <b>Appendix 1</b> to identify these by-product species), confirm that the relevant traceability information continues to be collected for this by-product. During the audit, a traceability check on any by-products downgraded from high to medium risk shall be included as part of the required traceability checks (Section 4).</li> </ul>			

**Guidance for the applicant/certificate holder**

The applicant/certificate holder is responsible for ensuring the relevant actions are taken to comply with the MarinTrust Standard.

The certificate holder is responsible for communicating any changes to the by-products sourced by submitting a scope extension request through the MarinTrust online Application Portal.

## Appendix 1 – assessment outcomes

### Step 2 Assessment Outcomes

By-product species name <i>Common and Latin names</i>	Flag country(ies)	IUCN Red List <i>Select IUCN red list category from dropdown</i>	CITES Appendices <i>Select CITES appendix status from dropdown</i>	Step 2 risk status <i>Low risk/ Medium risk/ High risk</i>	Step 3 required <i>Yes / No</i>
Hake - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>	Argentina	Not Evaluated	Not listed	High risk	Yes
Brazilian flathead - <i>Percophis brasiliensis</i>	Argentina	Not Evaluated	Not listed	High risk	Yes
Chub mackerel - <i>Scomber japonicus/colias</i>	Argentina	Least concern	Not listed	High risk	Yes

### Step 3 Assessment Outcomes

By-product species name  <i>Common and Latin names</i>	Flag country(ies)	Fishing Area	Stock name  <i>(If applicable e.g. Eastern Pacific stock)</i>	Category C Assessment Outcome  <i>Pass/Fail</i>	Traceability information  <i>Path 1 – Yes OR Path 2 – Yes/No OR MT Approved Whole Fish</i>	Step 3 Risk Outcome  <i>Risk downgraded to Medium Risk/ Remains High Risk</i>
Hake - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	Argentina effective north of 41°S stock  Argentina effective south of 41°S stock	Pass	Path 2 - Yes	Risk downgraded to Medium risk
Brazilian flathead - <i>Percophis brasiliensis</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	39°S north stock	Pass	Path 2 - Yes	Risk downgraded to Medium risk
Chub mackerel - <i>Scomber japonicus/colias</i>	Argentina	FAO 41 – Atlantic Southwest	39°S south stock	Pass	Path 2 - Yes	Risk downgraded to Medium risk
<b>Comments on Step 3 Assessment:</b> NA						

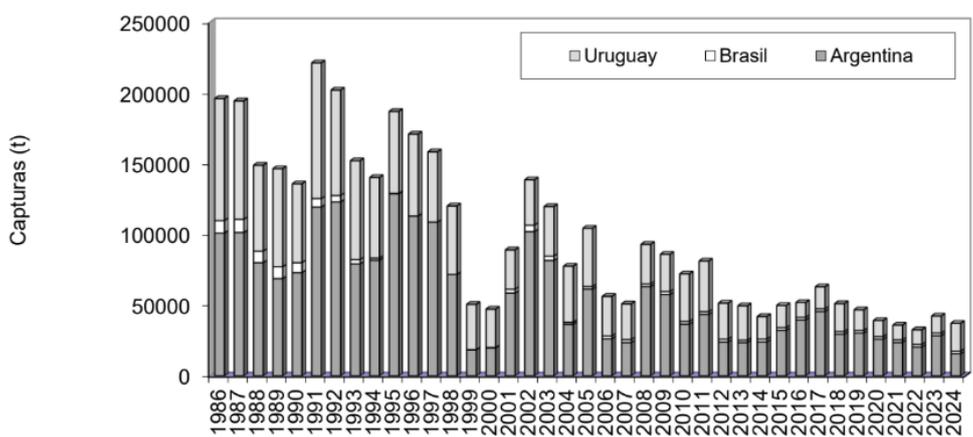
## Appendix 2 – detailed assessment outcomes (step 2 and step 3 if applicable)

### Step 2 outcomes

Flag state	Risk rating	Flag score	Port score	General score	Flag State is contracting party or cooperating non-contracting party to all relevant RFMOs	'Carded' under EU Carding system	Flag state party to PSMA	Flag state mandatory vessel tracking for commercial seagoing fleet	WGI Governance rank
Argentina	High	1.1	2.71	2.47	1	1		1	25.94%

## Step 3 outcomes

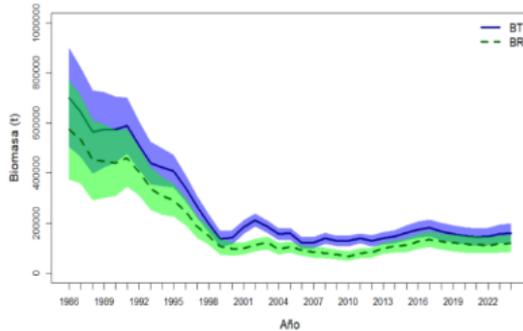
### Category C assessment

<b>Species name</b>		Argentine hake / merluza - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>	
<b>Fishing area and stock</b>		FAO Area 41 – Atlantic Southwest Argentina effective north of 41°S	
<b>C1</b>	<b>Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements</b>		
	<b>C1.1</b>	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
	<b>C1.2</b>	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
<b>Clause outcome:</b>			Pass
<p><b>C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.</b></p> <p>Clause is met considering that:</p> <p>The Instituto Nacional de Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP) assesses the hake stock in the Argentine effective north of 41°S area annually. The stock assessment is based on a statistical catch-at-age model, which has been used since 2020. Assessment uses catch data from Argentina, Uruguay, and Brazil since 1986, which are the countries that fished this resource in the area; thus, the stock assessment process includes removals of the species (Irusta et al. 2025).</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">Annual catches of hake by country in the effective north area of 41°S. (Irusta et al. 2025).</p>			
<p><b>C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.</b></p>			

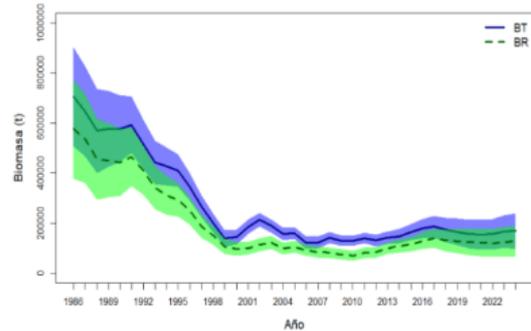
Clause is met considering that:

The 2025 effective north hake stock assessment indicates that total biomass in 2024 was 159,220 t, 169,350 t and 163,800 t in the three scenarios from the model. In all cases, total biomass is above the limit reference point (150,000 t) but below the target reference point (230,000 t). To increase reproductive biomass in the medium term, total catches should not exceed 48,461 t during the year 2026 (Irusta et al. 2025).

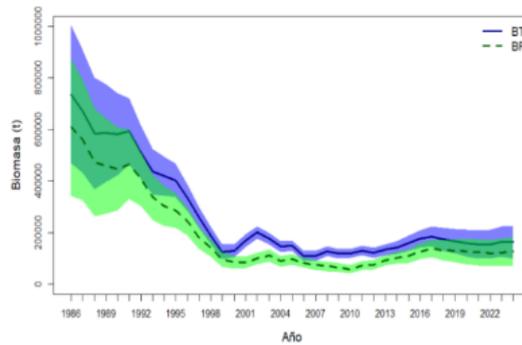
Escenario 1



Escenario 2



Escenario 3



Total biomass (BT) and reproductive biomass (BR) of scenario 1, 2 and 3 for the period 1986–2024 estimated by the proposed model for Hake effective north of 41° S stock (Irusta et al. 2025).

## References

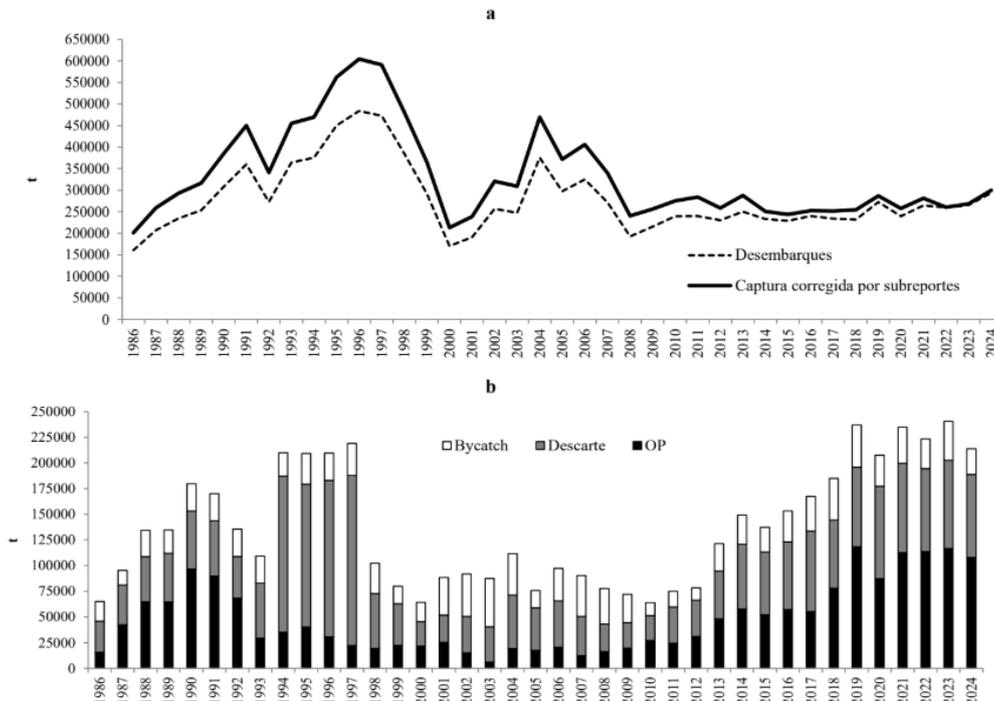
Irusta, C.G. (2025). Evaluación de la abundancia del efectivo norte de 41° S de la merluza (*Merluccius hubbsi*). Estimación de la CBA para el año 2026 (Informe Técnico Oficial, No. 43). Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP). <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1n0QloqE30nty2BJjo6iWgd-0OrHPiSQ/view>

<b>Species name</b>	Argentine hake / merluza - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i>		
<b>Fishing area and stock</b>	FAO Area 41 – Atlantic Southwest Argentina effective south of 41°S		
<b>C1</b>	<b>Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements</b>		
	<b>C1.1</b>	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
	<b>C1.2</b>	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
		<b>Clause outcome:</b>	Pass

**C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.**

Clause is met considering that:

The Instituto Nacional de Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP) assesses the hake stock south of 41°S annually. The stock assessment is based on a statistical catch-at-age model (ECE) that uses catch data reported from landings in Argentina, including discards and bycatch in the shrimp fishery from 1986 to 2024 and preliminary data from 2025 (Santos et al. 2025).



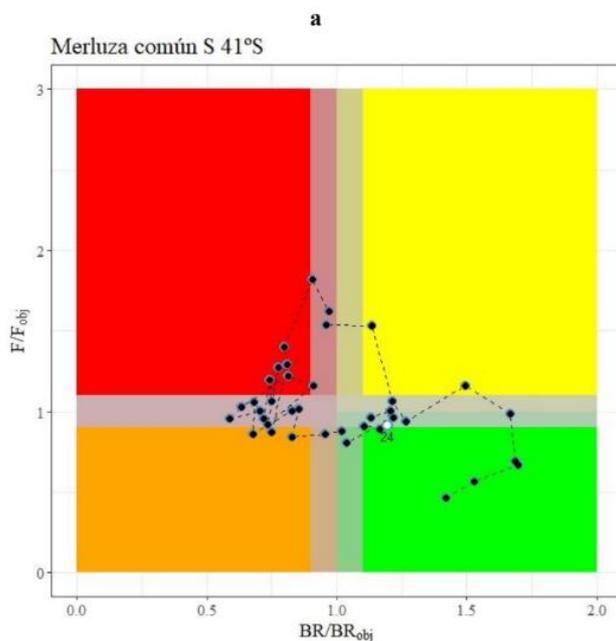
Estimated total hake catch south of 41°S (1986 - 2024): a. catch reported by Argentina (Landings), then corrected for misreporting (Corrected Catch), and b. sources of discards in the hake fishery

(Discards) and in the shrimp fishery (Bycatch), and catch reported by other countries (OP) (Santos et al. 2025).

**C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.**

Clause is met considering that:

The 2025 effective south hake stock assessment indicates that total biomass in 2024 is 1,208,400 t and a reproductive biomass of 777,260 t, which is above the target reference point set at 600,000 t of reproductive biomass. It is suggested that total catches should not exceed 370,000 t during 2026 with bycatch values below 32,000 t (Santos et al. 2025).



Kobe diagram representing the trajectory of the exploitation status of the southern hake (*M. hubbsi*) stock according to data from the period 1986–2024, according to the current biological reference points (Santos et al. 2025).

**References**

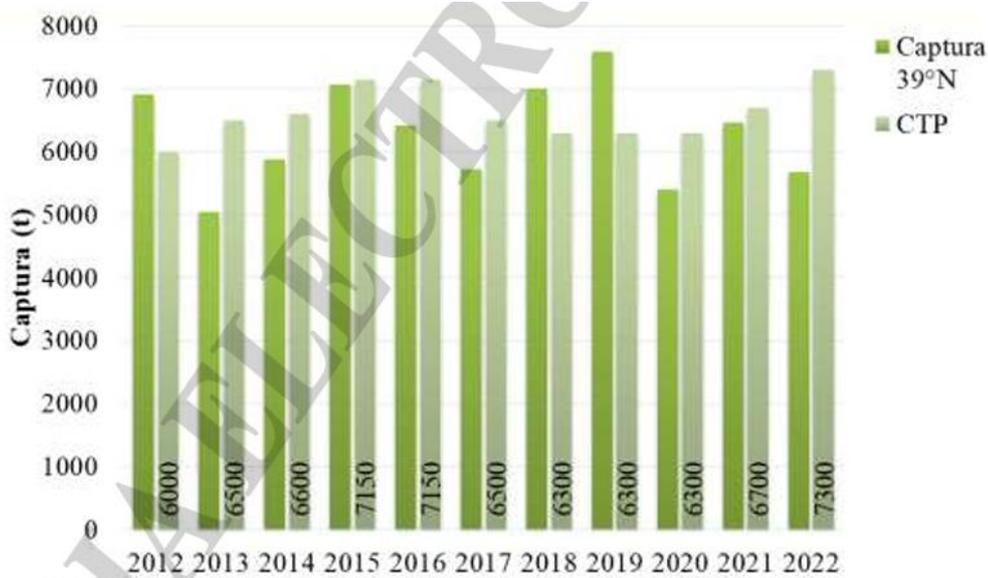
Santos, B.A.; Pedernera, M.F., Suby, A. (2025). Evaluación del estado de explotación del efectivo sur de 410 S de merluza (*Merluccius hubbsi*) y estimación de la captura biológicamente aceptable para 2026 (Informe Técnico Oficial, No. 47). Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP). <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ginfSwXG4ily9fX1JNrPIKJtG1BGkYv8/view>

<b>Species name</b>	Brazilian flathead - <i>Percophis brasiliensis</i>		
<b>Fishing area and stock</b>	FAO Area 41 – Atlantic Southwest 39°S north stock		
<b>C1</b>	<b>Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements</b>		
	<b>C1.1</b>	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
	<b>C1.2</b>	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
		<b>Clause outcome:</b>	Pass

**C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.**

Clause is met considering that:

The Instituto Nacional de Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP) published the last stock assessment for the Brazilian flathead 39°S north stock in 2024. The stock assessment was carried out using an age-structured integrated model, which used annual landings declared in fishing reports by the Argentine commercial fleet in the area of the Río de la Plata (RdP), ZCPAU and adjacent jurisdictional waters north of 39° S in the period 1934-2022. Thus, the stock assessment process includes removals of the species (Rico et al. 2024).

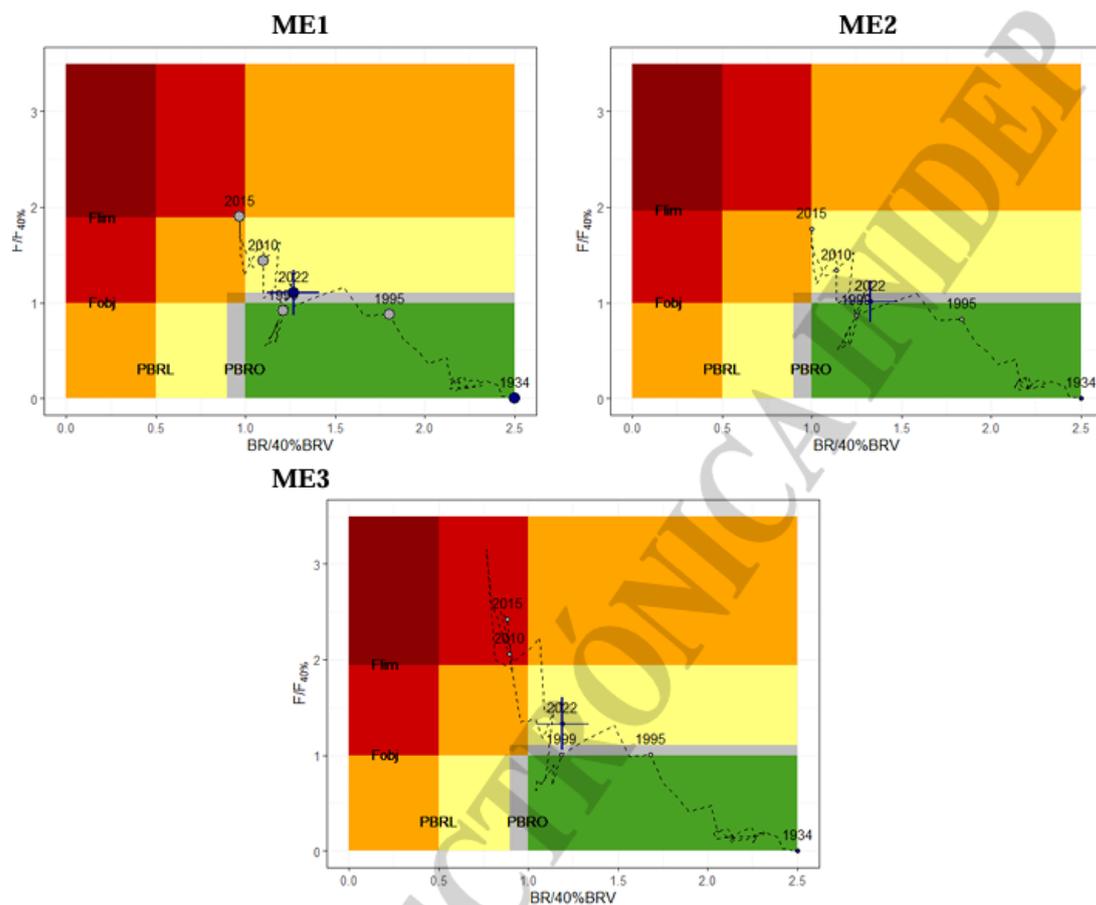


Landings of Brazilian flathead catch in the north of 39°S and Total Allowable Catches (CTPs) established in area (Rico et al. 2025).

**C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.**

Clause is met considering that:

The last stock assessment report indicates that the stock is in a state of under exploitation, given that the reproductive biomass (RB) ranged from 48% to 53% of Virgin Reproductive Biomass (VRB), indicating that the resource is above the Target Reference Point (40% VR), suggesting that the stock was not overexploited in 2022 (Figure 2). A Total Allowable Catch (TAC) of 7,500 t was established for the administrative period beginning on October 1, 2023, and ending on September 30, 2024 (Rico et al. 2024).

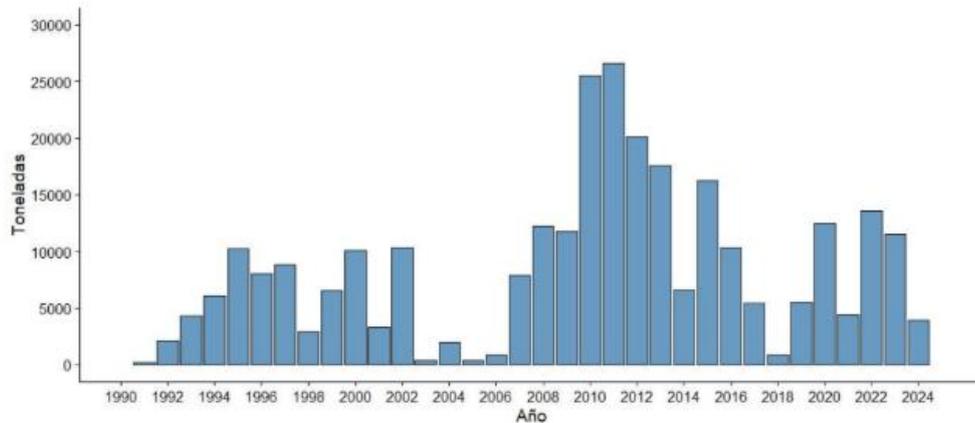


Kobe plots of each implemented model, where the population in 2022 is not in a situation of overexploitation, since the relationship between the current reproductive biomass and the target reference point ( $BR_{actual}/BR_{PBRO}$ ) is greater than 1. The blue dots correspond to the population status at the start and end of the period, and the dotted lines correspond to the trajectory of the population status over the entire period. The associated 95% confidence interval is incorporated in the final year of diagnosis (Rico et al. 2024).

**References**

Rico, M.R.; Rodriguez, J.S. (2024). Análisis de la pesquería y evaluación de stock de pez palo en el área del Río de la Plata, Zona Común de Pesca Argentino-Uruguaya y aguas jurisdiccionales adyacentes al norte de los 39°S. Período: 1934-2022 (Informe Técnico Oficial, No. 27). Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP). <https://marabierto.inidep.edu.ar/items/a94a7a59-0b59-4571-beaf-d45767a3934b>

<b>Species name</b>		Chub mackerel - <i>Scomber japonicus/colias</i>	
<b>Fishing area and stock</b>		FAO Area 41 – Atlantic Southwest 39°S south stock	
<b>C1</b>	<b>Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements</b>		
	<b>C1.1</b>	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
	<b>C1.2</b>	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	Pass
<b>Clause outcome:</b>			Pass
<b>C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.</b>			
The clause is met considering that:			
The Instituto Nacional de Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP) published the last stock assessment for the chub mackerel 39°S south stock in 2025. The stock assessment was carried out using a production with age structure (MPEE) model using nominal catches of mackerel during the period 1991 – 2024,; thus, the stock assessment process includes removals of the species (Buratti et al. 2025).			

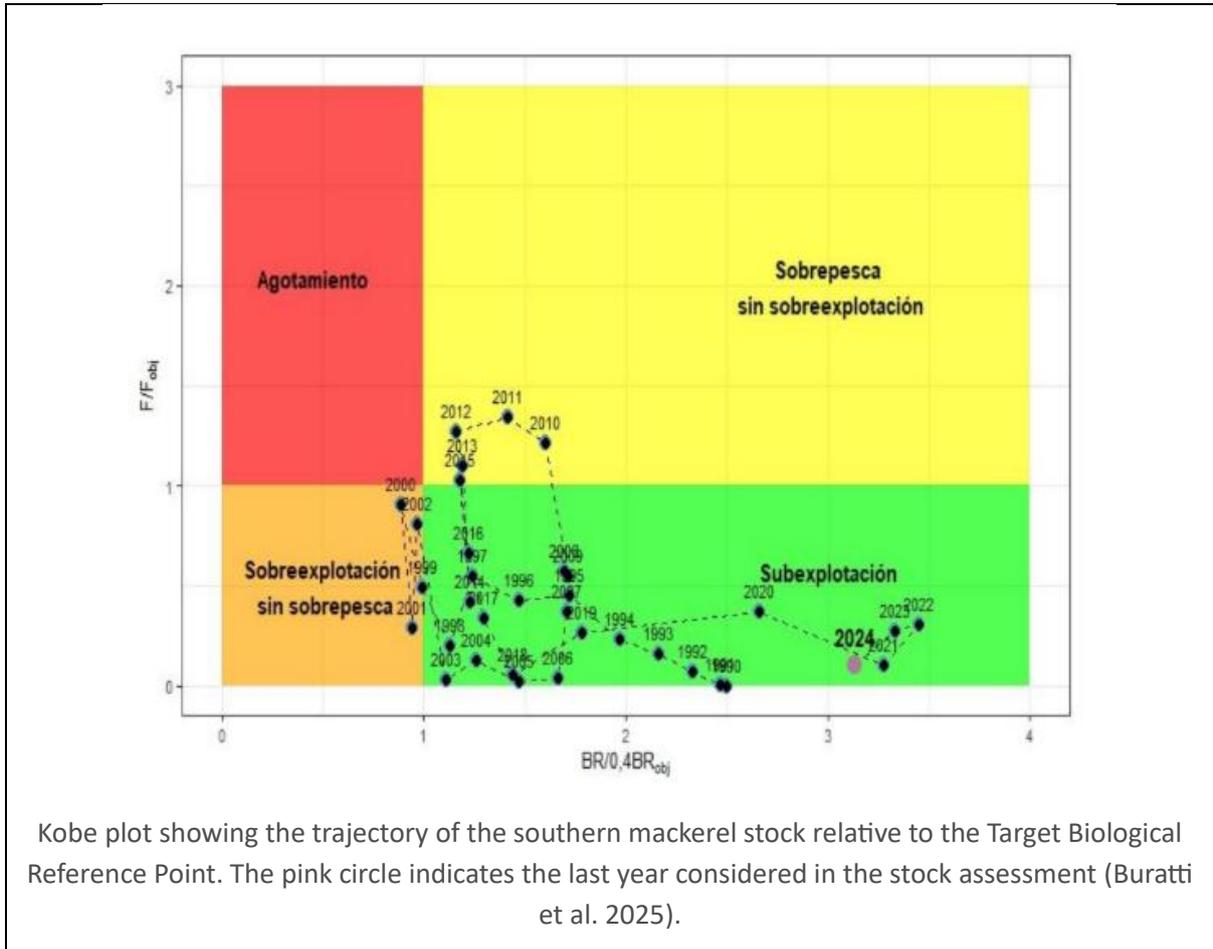


Landings (t) of mackerel from the southern stock in the period 1991-2024 (Buratti et al. 2025).

**C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.**

The Clause is met considering that:

The last stock assessment report indicates that the stock is in a state of under exploitation, given that estimated spawning biomass represented approximately 125% of the virgin spawning biomass ( $SB_0$ ), which is substantially higher than the limit reference point defined at 25%  $SB_0$  and the target reference point of 40%  $SB_0$ . A Total Allowable Catch (TAC) of 38,000 t was suggested for 2025. (Buratti et al. 2024).



**References**

Buratti, C.C.; Orlando, P.; Garciarena, A.D.; Spath, M.C.; Buratti, G.E.; Pareitti, M. (2025). Diagnóstico de la población de caballa al sur de 39oS mediante un modelo de producción estructurado por edades y estimación de captura biológicamente aceptable para el año 2025 (Informe Técnico Oficial, No. 38). Instituto Nacional de Investigación y Desarrollo Pesquero (INIDEP). <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1XYAmqbbReQS-JMDm6sCeXjF7ugc3QTph/view>

**Traceability information**

Information provided for Step 3 Path 1 or Path 2

<b>Species name</b>	Argentine hake / merluza - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i> Argentina effective north of 41°S
<b>Path 1</b>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Confirm all KDEs are provided</b>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>

<b>Path 2</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If yes for Path 2, complete the next section			
<b>Path 2 outcome</b> Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	<b>Flag country</b>	<b>Coastal score</b>	<b>Port score</b>	<b>Risk outcome</b>
	Argentina	Medium risk	Medium risk	Downgraded to medium risk

<b>Species name</b>	Argentine hake / merluza - <i>Merluccius hubbsi</i> Argentina effective south of 41°S			
<b>Path 1</b>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Confirm all KDEs are provided	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>Path 2</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If yes for Path 2, complete the next section			
<b>Path 2 outcome</b> Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	<b>Flag country</b>	<b>Coastal score</b>	<b>Port score</b>	<b>Risk outcome</b>
	Argentina	Medium risk	Medium risk	Downgraded to medium risk

<b>Species name</b>	Brazilian flathead - <i>Percophis brasiliensis</i> 39°S north stock			
<b>Path 1</b>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Confirm all KDEs are provided	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>Path 2</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If yes for Path 2, complete the next section			
<b>Path 2 outcome</b> Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	<b>Flag country</b>	<b>Coastal score</b>	<b>Port score</b>	<b>Risk outcome</b>
	Argentina	Medium risk	Medium risk	Downgraded to medium risk

<b>Species name</b>	Chub mackerel - <i>Scomber japonicus/colias</i> 39°S south stock			
<b>Path 1</b>	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			
Confirm all KDEs are provided	Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>Path 2</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> If yes for Path 2, complete the next section			
<b>Path 2 outcome</b> Countries may be different for Coastal State and Port State.	<b>Flag country</b>	<b>Coastal score</b>	<b>Port score</b>	<b>Risk outcome</b>
	Argentina	Medium risk	Medium risk	Downgraded to medium risk