

By-Product assessment report

BP040

Eskja fiskimjölsverks miðja (Eskja hf)



Report code	BP040	Date of issue	Aug 2025
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1. Application details		
Applicant	Eskja fiskimjölsverks mið	ja (Eskja hf)
Applicant country	Iceland	
2. Certification Body details		
Name of Certification Body (CB)	NSF / Global Trust Certifi	cation Ltd
Contact information for CB	Fisheries@nsf.org	
Assessor name	Matthew Jew	
CB internal peer reviewer name	Léa Lebechnech	
Internal peer review evaluation	Agree with evaluation	
Number of Assessment days	0.5	
Comments on the assessment	'Least Concern' by the IL	arinTrust definition of an all, or Protected (ETP) elegible for byproduct a harengus and Scomber by CITES and are listed as ICN redlist. Mallotus ITES and is not evaluated or this report is only werisk score.
3. Approval validity	August 2025	August 2026
4. Assessment cycle	Initial	



5. By-product assessment outcomes							
By-product species name	Flag country(ies) Fishing Areas		MarinTrust approval status				
Clupea harengus – Herring	Iceland	N/A	Approved				
Mallotus villosus - Capelin	Iceland	N/A	Approved				
Scomber scombrus - Mackerel	Iceland	N/A	Approved				

Guidance for on-site auditor

For the audit, the auditor will check how the facility manages by-products deemed medium risk. Any by-products downrated from high to medium risk will require additional due diligence checks.

It is important that facilities check all raw materials from and verify their suppliers especially if there is a perceived risk of sourcing from known or suspected IUU fishing activity. This requires checking supplier records or procedures in place to understand how the supplier can ensure there is no IUU in the raw material they provide. For raw materials risk rated medium, additional or more frequent checks may be required until the facility is certain that the raw materials are not from IUU fishing activity.

The audit requirements are covered in clause 2.11.3 of the MarinTrust Global Standard for Responsible Supply of Marine Ingredients (the MarinTrust Standard) and associated interpretation guidance.

Approved by-products

• No further checks are required beyond those included in the MarinTrust Standard.

Additional checks of Approved Source with Caution by-products

Review supplier records or procedures in place.

Additional checks of by-products Approved Source with Caution via Step 3 assessment

• In addition to checks for medium risk Approved Source with Caution by-products, by-products that have had risk downgraded from high to medium at Step 3 (use **Appendix 1** to identify these by-product species), confirm that the relevant traceability information continues to be collected for this by-product. During the audit, a traceability check on any by-products downgraded from high to medium risk shall be included as part of the required traceability checks (Section 4).

Guidance for the applicant/certificate holder

The applicant/certificate holder is responsible for ensuring the relevant actions are taken to comply with the MarinTrust Standard.

The certificate holder is responsible for communicating any changes to the by-products sourced by submitting a scope extension request through the MarinTrust online Application Portal.



Appendix 1 – assessment outcomes

Step 2 Assessment Outcomes

By-product species	Flag country(ies)	IUCN Red List	CITES Appendices	Step 2 risk status	Step 3 required
name					
Clupea harengus –	Iceland	Least concern	Not listed	Low risk	No
Herring					
Mallotus villosus -	Iceland	Not Evaluated	Not listed	Low risk	No
Capelin					
Scomber scombrus -	Iceland	Least concern	Not listed	Low risk	No
Mackerel					



Step 3 Assessment Outcomes

By-product species name	Flag country(ies)	Fishing Area	Stock name	Category C Assessment Outcome	Traceability information	Step 3 Risk Outcome	
No species require step 3 in the By-Product Assessment Process							



Appendix 2 – detailed assessment outcomes

(step 2 and step 3 if applicable)

Step 2 outcomes

Flag state	Risk rating	Flag score	Port score	General score	Flag State is contracting party or cooperating non- contracting party to all relevant RFMOs	'Carded' under EU Carding system	Flag state party to PSMA	Flag state mandatory vessel tracking for commercial seagoing fleet	WGI Governance rank
Iceland	Low	1.58	1.78	1.83	1	1	1	1	88.21%



Step 3 outcomes

Category C assessment

Speci	ies nam	ne	N/A			
Fishir	ng area	and				
C1	Categ	ory C Stoc	k Status - Minimum Requirements			
	C1.1	in the sto	emovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included ock assessment process, OR dered by scientific authorities to be negligible.			
	C1.2	2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific				
	authorities to be negligible. Clause outcome:					
asses	-	process O	of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the R are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	e stock		
limit	referer	nce point (nsidered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass about proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are consider to be negligible.			
Add r	rational	e here				
Refer	rences					



Traceability information

Information provided for Step 3 Path 1 or Path 2

Species name		N/A					
Path 1		Yes □ No □					
Confirm all KDEs are provided		Yes □ No □	Yes □ No □				
Path 2	Yes □ No If yes for Pat	\square th 2, complete the ne	ext section				
Path 2 outcome	Flag country	Coastal score	Port score	Risk outcome			
Countries may be				Choose an item.			
different for Coastal				Choose an item.			
State and Port State.							

Guidance for Applicants/Certificate holders on improved traceability

When by-product origin cannot be made more granular than major FAO Areas, or when the source fishery is taking place in the High Seas (i.e. outside of EEZs of all relevant nations), an assessor must evaluate the Coastal and Port scores for each nation that straddles that FAO Area. This may lead to higher risk outcomes for an applicant. To mitigate that risk, better practice involves securing KDEs from the source fishery of the by-products, thereby meeting Path 1 instead of Path 2.

What does better practices look like?

Comprehensive data collection and sharing: Collect detailed information using Key Data Elements (KDEs) including vessel identification and authorisation, species, catch areas, fishing method and dates. These are defined in the MarinTrust Standard clauses 2.11.2.2 and 3.2.5.

Supply chain transparency: Maintain detailed records at each step of the supply chain, from capture to final sale, to ensure traceability.

Interoperable systems and technologies to support the collection and transfer of this information.