

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus) in ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea)

MarinTrust Programme

Unit C, Printworks 22 Amelia Street London SE17 3BZ

E: standards@marin-trust.com

T: +44 2039 780 819



Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Melanogrammus aeglefinus	
etalo de la coloria.	Geographical area:	FAO Area 27 North East Atlantic	
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	U.K. & Ireland	
	Stock:	Haddock (<i>Melanogrammus aeglefinus</i>) in ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea)	
Date	March 2022		
Report Code	BP036		
Assessor	Vito Romito		
Country of origin of the product - PASS	U.K. & Ireland		
Country of origin of the			
product - FAIL			

Application details and summary of the assessment outcome					
Company Name(s): Pe	Company Name(s): Pelagia				
Country: U.K. & Ireland					
Email address:		Applicant Code:			
Certification Body Details					
Name of Certification Body:		Global Trust Certification			
	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/		
Assessor			Re-approval		
Vito Romito	Ivan Mateo	0.5	Surveillance 2		
Assessment Period	To March 2022				

Scope Details				
Main Species	Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus)			
Stock	ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea)			
Fishery Location	FAO Area 27 North East Atlantic			
Management Authority (Country/ State)	EU CFP			
Gear Type(s)	All			
Outcome of Assessment				
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with recommendation			
Recommendation	Approve			

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin Trust raw material. Haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*) is neither listed as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor listed in CITES appendices; therefore, it is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust by-product raw material.

ICES is aware of the multiannual management plan (MAP) which has been adopted by the EU for this stock (EU, 2019) and which ICES considers to be precautionary. There is no agreed shared management plan with UK for this stock, and ICES provides advice according to ICES MSY approach. Catch scenarios consistent with the MAP FMSY ranges are provided. ICES advises that when the MSY approach is applied, catches in 2022 should be no more than 3038 tonnes.

The stock is assessed by ICES and therefore assessed as a Category C here. Fishing pressure on the stock is below FMSY and spawning-stock size is above MSY Btrigger, Bpa, and Blim. Therefore, this haddock stock is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 Standard for by-products.

Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments

The assessor correctly classified the Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus) in ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea) as category C, the stock is managed, and reference points are defined to assess the stock status against. Fishery removals from the stock are considered in the stock assessment process. The most recent stock assessment shows that the stock is considered to have a biomass well above the limit reference point. Therefore, Haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*) in ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea), fishery passes both C1.1 and C1.2 and therefore the Haddock (*Melanogrammus aeglefinus*) in ICES Division 7a (Irish Sea) is approved



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Haddock	(Melanogrammus aeglefinus)	ICES Division 7.a (Irish Sea)	EU CFP	С	LC	No

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name	Haddock			
C1 Category C Stock Status - Minimum Requirements						
CI	C1.1		Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment Pass			
		process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.				
	C1.2	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.				
			Clause outcome:	DACC		

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock is assessed through ASAP (Age-Structured Assessment Programme; NOAA toolbox) that uses catches in the model and in the forecast (ICES, 2021a). Model inputs include four survey indices (NIGFS-WIBTS-Q1 [G7144], NIGFS-WIBTS-Q4 [G7655], NIMIK [I9826], UKFSPW [B7897]); annual maturity and growth data from the NIGFS-WIBTS-Q1 (G7144) survey and from commercial landings in quarter 1, and commercial catch-at-age. Discards and bycatch are included in the assessment for the full time-series. Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, C1.1 is met.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

Fishing pressure on the stock is below FMSY and spawning—stock size is above MSY Btrigger, Bpa, and Blim, as seen in the figure below.



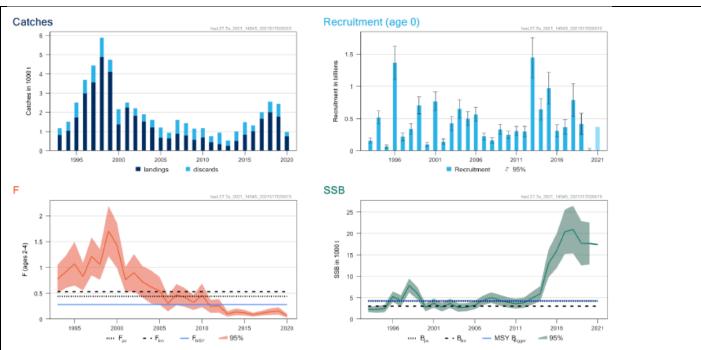


Figure 1. Haddock in Division 7.a. Summary of stock assessment. The assumed 2021 recruitment value is shaded in a light colour (ICES 2021).

The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point. C1.2 is met.

References

CITES. 2022. Cites Appendix 1. https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

Cook, R., Fernandes, P., Florin, A., Lorance, P. & Nedreaas, K. 2015. Melanogrammus aeglefinus. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species 2015: e.T13045A45097487. Accessed on 21 March 2022.

ICES. 2021. Haddock (Melanogrammus aeglefinus) in Division 7.a (Irish Sea). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2021. ICES Advice 2021, had.27.7a. https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.9137.

Links		
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2	
FAO CCRF	7.5.3	
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01	