

# MarinTrust Standard V2

# By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template (Turbot, Scophthalmus maximus in ICES Division 3.a)

#### **MarinTrust Programme**

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# Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:	Turbot (Scophthalmus maximus)
	Geographical area:	FAO Area 27 North East Atlantic
Fishery Under Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	U.K. & Ireland
	Stock:	Turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat)
Date	8 February 2022	
Report Code	BP023	
Assessor	Geraldine Criquet	
Country of origin of the product - PASS	U.K. & Ireland	
Country of origin of the product - FAIL	NA	

Application details and	d summary of the asses	ssment outcome	
Company Name(s):			
Country: U.K. & Ireland	d		
Email address:		Applicant Cod	e:
Certification Body Det	ails		
Name of Certification	Body:	Global Trust C	Certification
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval
Geraldine Criquet	Ivan Mateo	0.5	Surveillance 1
Assessment Period	February 2022		

Scope Details	
Main Species	Turbot (Scophthalmus maximus)
Stock	Turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat)
Fishery Location	FAO Area 27 Northeast Atlantic Ocean
Management Authority (Country/ State)	European Union / U.K. & Ireland management authorities
Gear Type(s)	Otter trawls, seines, and others
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with the assessor's recommendation
Recommendation	APPROVED

### Table 2. Assessment Determination

#### **Assessment Determination**

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as Marin Trust raw material. Turbot (*Scophthalmus maximus*) is neither listed as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor listed in CITES appendices; therefore, turbot is eligible for approval for use as Marin Trust by-product raw material.

The EU Multiannual plan for the North Sea and adjacent waters applies to bycatch of this stock. Reference points are defined for the stock. Therefore, it was assessed under category C.

Fishery removals are included in the stock assessment process, it PASSES Clause C1.1. The stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point, it PASSES Clause C1.2.

Therefore, turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat) is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current Marin Trust v 2.0 by-products.

#### **Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments**

The assessor correctly classified turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat) as category C, the stock is managed and reference points are defined to assess the stock status against.

Fishery removals from the stock are considered in the stock assessment process. The most recent stock assessment shows that the stock is considered to have a biomass well above the limit reference point. Therefore, the turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat) fishery passes both C1.1 and C1.2 and therefore the turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat) is approved

Notes for On-site Auditor	
NA	



# **Species Categorisation**

**NB:** If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

#### **IUCN Red list Category**

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

# Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category <sup>1</sup>	CITES Appendix 1 <sup>2</sup>
Turbot	Scophthalmus maximus	Turbot in ICES Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat)	European Union / U.K. & Ireland management authorities	С	VU	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.iucnredlist.org/

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

## **CATEGORY C SPECIES**

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	cies	Name	Turbot (Scophthalmus maximus)	
<b>C1</b>	Catego	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements	
CI	C1.1		ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment	Yes
		process, OR	are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	
	C1.2	reference po	s considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit bint (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific to be negligible.	Yes
		•	Clause outcome:	DACC

C1.1 Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock assessment type is a SPICT assessment that uses commercial catches (discards information available since 2002). Catches are presented in Figure 1.

Therefore, fishery removals of the stock, including from the fishery under assessment, are included in the stock assessment process, **it PASSES Clause C1.1** 

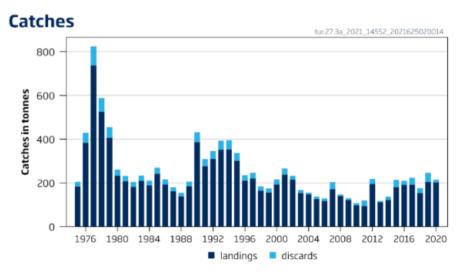


Figure 1. Turbot in Division 3.a. ICES landings and discards.

C1.2 The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.

The stock size is above MSY B<sub>trigger</sub> (Figure 2).

Therefore, the stock is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference point, **C1.2** is met.



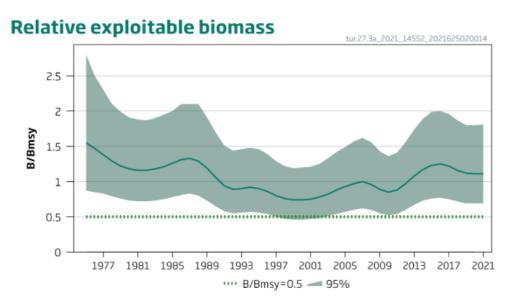


Figure 2. Turbot in Division 3.a. Relative exploitable biomass.

#### References

ICES. 2021. Turbot (Scophthalmus maximus) in Division 3.a (Skagerrak and Kattegat). In Report of the ICES Advisory Committee, 2021. ICES Advice 2021, tur.27.3a. <a href="https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.7878">https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.7878</a>. <a href="https://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2021/2021/tur.27.3a.pdf">https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.7878</a>. <a href="https://www.ices.dk/sites/pub/Publication%20Reports/Advice/2021/2021/tur.27.3a.pdf">https://doi.org/10.17895/ices.advice.7878</a>.

Munroe, T., Costa, M., Nielsen, J., Herrera, J., de Sola, L., Rijnsdorp, A.D. & Keskin, Ç. 2015. *Scophthalmus maximus*. *The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species* 2015: e.T198731A45790581. Accessed on 08 February 2022.

https://www.iucnredlist.org/species/198731/45790581

Links	
MarinTrust Standard clause	1.3.2.2
FAO CCRF	7.5.3
GSSI	D.3.04, D5.01



# **CATEGORY D SPECIES**

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

1 Species Name		
Productivity Attribute	Value	Score
Average age at maturity (years)		
Average maximum age (years)		
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)		
Average maximum size (cm)		
Average size at maturity (cm)		
Reproductive strategy		
Mean trophic level		
	Average Productivity Score	
Susceptibility Attribute	Value	Score
Overlap of adult species range with fishery		
Distribution		
Habitat		
Depth range		
Selectivity		
Post-capture mortality		
	Average Susceptibility Score	
	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)	
	Compliance rating	
ferences		
andard clauses 1.3.2.2		



# Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	Low productivity/ High risk	Medium productivity/ Medium risk	High productivity Low risk
	Score 3	Score 2	Score 1
Average age at maturity (years)	>4	2 to 4	<2
Average maximum age (years)	>30	10 to 30	<10
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	<1 000	1 000 to 10 000	>10 000
Average maximum size (cm)	>150	60 to 150	<60
Average size at maturity (cm)	>150	30 to 150	<30
Reproductive strategy	Live bearer, mouth brooder or significant parental investment	Demersal spawner "berried"	Broadcast spawner
Mean trophic level	>3.25	2.5-3.25	<2.5

Susceptibility attributes		ites	High susceptibility/ High risk	Medium susceptibility/ Medium risk	Low susceptibility/ Low risk	
			Score 3	Score 2	Score 1	
Availability	1)	Overlap of adult species range with fishery	>50% of stock occurs in the area fished	Between 25% and 50% of the stock occurs in the area fished	<25% of stock occurs in the area fished	
	2)	Distribution	Only in the country/ fishery	Limited range in the region	Throughout region/ global distribution	
Encounterability	1)	Habitat	Habitat preference of species make it highly likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. demersal, muddy/sandy bottom)	Habitat preference of species make it moderately likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. rocky bottom/reefs)	Depth or distribution of species make it unlikely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. epi-pelagic or meso-pelagic)	
	2)	Depth range	High overlap with trawl fishing gear (20 to 60 m depth)	Medium overlap with trawl fishing gear (10 to 20 m depth)	Low overlap with trawl fishing gear (0 to 10 m, >70 m depth)	
Selectivity			Species >2 times mesh size or up to 4 m length	Species 1 to 2 times mesh size or 4 to 5 m length	Species <mesh or<br="" size="">&gt;5 m length</mesh>	
Post capture mortality			Most dead or retained Trawl tow >3 hours	Alive after net hauled Trawl tow 0.5 to 3 hours	Released alive Trawl tow <0.5 hours	

**Note:** Availability 2 is only used when there is no information for Availability 1; the most conservative score between Encounterability 1 and 2 is used.



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

<b>D4</b>	Species Name Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements					
	D4.1	1 '	of the fishery on this species are considered during the management e measures are taken to minimise these impacts.			
	D4.2	There is no substantial species.	evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the			
			Outcome:			
	-	ential impacts of the fis easures are taken to mini	hery on this species are considered during the management process, a mise these impacts.	nd		
reasor	nable me	easures are taken to mini		nd		
reasor	nable me	easures are taken to mini	mise these impacts.	nd		
reasor D4.2 T	nable me	easures are taken to mini	mise these impacts.	nd		
D4.2 T Refere	nable mo	easures are taken to mini	mise these impacts.	nd		
D4.2 T Refere	There is rences	easures are taken to mini no substantial evidence t	mise these impacts.  nat the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.	nd		