



BYPRODUCT FISHERY ASSESSMENT TEMPLATE REPORT

MarinTrust Ltd, Unit C, Printworks, 22 Amelia Street, London, SE17 3BZ, United Kingdom

TABLE 1 APPLICATION DETAILS AND SUMMARY OF THE ASSESSMENT OUTCOME

	Species:	Skipjack tuna (Katsuwonus Pelamis)	
	Geographical area:	Indian Ocean, FAO Major Fishing Areas	
Fishery Under		51 (Indian Ocean, Western)	
Assessment	Country of origin of the product:	Seychelles	
	Stock:	Skipjack tuna in the Indian Ocean	
Date		August 2020	
Report Code		286 -2020	
Assessor		Virginia Polonio	
Country of origin of		Seychelles	
the product - PASS			
Country of origin of the product - FAIL		None	

Application details	and summary of the a	ssessment outcome	
Name: CONRESA			
Address:			
Country: Spain		Zip:	
Tel. No.:		Fax. No.:	
Email address:		Applicant Code:	
Key Contact:		Title:	
Certification Body Det	ails	-	
Name of Certificat	ion Body:		
Assessor	Peer Reviewer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval
Virginia Polonio	Sam Dignan	0.5	Initial
Assessment Period	To August 2020		

Scope Details	
Main Species	Skipjack tuna (Katsuwonus Pelamis)
Stock	Skipjack tuna in the Indian Ocean
Fishery Location	Indian Ocean FAO Major Fishing Area 51 (Indian Ocean, Western)
ManagementAuthority	Internationally: IOTC
(Country/ State)	National authorities of the countries: Seychelles
	Gillnet, including offshore gillnet;
	Pole-and-Line;
Gear Type(s)	Purse seine free-school (FS) and Purse seine associated school (LS);
	Other gears (e.g., troll line, handline, beach seine, Danish seine, liftnet).
Outcome of Assessment	
Peer Review Evaluation	Agree with scores
Recommendation	APPROVE



TABLE 2. ASSESSMENT DETERMINATION

Assessment Determination

If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, or if it appears in the CITES appendices, it cannot be approved for use as IFFO RS raw material. Skipjack tuna in the Indian Ocean does not appear as Endangered or Critically Endangered on IUCN's Red List, nor does it appear in CITES appendices; therefore, skipjack tuna in the Indian Ocean is eligible for approval for use as IFFO RS by-product raw material.

Skipjack in the Indian Ocean are considered to comprise a single stock for assessment and management purposes; therefore, this assessment covers that stock when fished within FAO Areas 51.

Fishery removals of the stock are considered in the IOTC stock assessment process so the stock **PASSES** Clause C1.1.

As of the latest assessment of stock status; managers consider the stock to be above the management limit such that the stock **PASSES** Clause C1.2.

In order to be approved, the stock assessed must pass both Clause C1.1 and C1.2; therefore, as this is the case here, by-product covered by this report is **APPROVED** for the production of fishmeal and fish oil under the current IFFO RS v 2.0 by-product standard.

Peer Review Comments

Notes for On-site Auditor



SPECIES CATEGORISATION

<u>NB</u>: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MARINTRUST raw material.

IUCN Redlist Category

Byproduct material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

Byproduct material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

 TABLE 3 SPECIES CATEGORISATION TABLE

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²
Skipjack tuna	Katsuwonus pelamis	Skipjack tuna in the Indian Ocean	Yes (IOTC)	С	No	No

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for **each** Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it may be assessed as a Category D species instead, EXCEPT if there is evidence that it is currently below the limit reference point.

¹ <u>https://www.iucnredlist.org/</u>

² <u>https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php</u>



Spe	ecies	Name	Skipjack tuna (<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>)	
C1	Catego	ory C Stock S	Status - Minimum Requirements	
CI	C1.1	Fishery removals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock		PASS
assessment proce			t process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.	
	C1.2		s is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit	PASS
			point (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by	
		scientific a	uthorities to be negligible.	
			Clause outcome: the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment proce	PASS
Seycl	nelles la	ndings in rec	stock in the fishery under assessment are included in the IOTC stock assessment process. cent years represent around the 9 % of the total landings, estimated for 2016, (the last yea assessment) as 446,721 tones.	
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipja in 20 biom	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat	C1.1. cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unex	movals from the fishery under assessment in the stock assessment process, the fishery a idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being on the status of this stock being a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point	e point (or conducted ming stock
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipji in 20 biom SB ₀ a	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat nd abov	C1.1. cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unex	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being ys a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw	e point (or conducted ming stock
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipji in 20 biom SB ₀ a	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat	C1.1. cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unex	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being ys a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point	e point (or conducted ming stock
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipja in 20 biom SB ₀ a Refer IOTC	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat nd abov rences 2017. St	cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unexp te the limit re	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being ys a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point	e point (or conducted rning stock t of 40% of
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipja in 20 biom SB ₀ a Refer IOTC	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat nd abov rences 2017. St mary-spe	cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unexp te the limit re	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being on the status of this stock being a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point eference point of 20% of SB ₀ ; therefore, the fishery achieves a PASS against C1.2 .	e point (or conducted rning stock t of 40% of
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipji in 20 biom SB ₀ a Refer IOTC sumr Links	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat nd abov rences 2017. St nary-spe	cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unexp te the limit re	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being on the space of the status of this stock being a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point eference point of 20% of SB ₀ ; therefore, the fishery achieves a PASS against C1.2 . ary of Skipjack tuna (<i>Katsuwonus pelamis</i>). Available at: <u>https://www.iotc.org/science/station- nd-tuna-species-under-iotc-mandate-well-other-species-impacted-iotc</u>	e point (or conducted rning stock t of 40% of
Giver PASS C1.2 prox Skipji in 20 biom SB ₀ a Refer IOTC sumr Links	against The spe y), OR re ack tuna 17. The ass relat nd abov rences 2017. St nary-spe	cies is consi emovals by t is assessed IOTC emplo tive to unexp te the limit re tatus Summa ecies-tuna-a	idered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit reference the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible. and managed by the IOTC with the most recent analyses of the status of this stock being on the server a limit reference point for biomass for this stock of 20% of SB ₀ (where SB ₀ is the spaw ploited levels). Current spawning biomass is considered to be at the target reference point eference point of 20% of SB ₀ ; therefore, the fishery achieves a PASS against C1.2 .	e point (or conducted rning stock t of 40% of