

MarinTrust Standard V2

By-product Fishery Assessment Report Template (Insert species name)

MarinTrust Programme

Unit C, Printworks 22 Amelia Street London SE17 3BZ

E: standards@marin-trust.com

T: +44 2039 780 819



Table 1 Application details and summary of the assessment outcome

	Species:				
	Geograp	phical area:			
Fishery Under		of origin of	:		
Assessment	the prod	_			
	Charl				
	Stock:				
Date			•		
Report Code					
Assessor					
Country of origin of th product - PASS	е				
Country of origin of th	е				
product - FAIL					
Application details and	summary o	f the assess	ment outcome		
Company Name(s):					
Country:			Γ		
Email address:			Applicant Code:		
Certification Body Deta	ils				
•					
Name of Certification E	Body:				
Name of Certification E	•		Assessment	Initial/Surveillance/	
•	Body: Peer Reviev	wer	Assessment Days	Initial/Surveillance/ Re-approval	
Name of Certification E	•	wer			
Name of Certification E	•	wer			
Name of Certification E Assessor	•	ver			
Name of Certification E Assessor	•	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period	•	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details	•	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species	•	wer			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species Stock	Peer Reviev	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species Stock Fishery Location	Peer Reviev	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species Stock Fishery Location Management Authority	Peer Reviev	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species Stock Fishery Location Management Authority (Country/ State)	Peer Reviev	ver			
Assessor Assessment Period Scope Details Main Species Stock Fishery Location Management Authority (Country/ State) Gear Type(s)	Peer Reviev	ver			

Table 2. Assessment Determination

Assessment Determination
Fishery Assessment Peer Review Comments
Notes for On-site Auditor



Species Categorisation

NB: If any species is categorised as Endangered or Critically Endangered on the IUCN Red List, or if it appears in CITES Appendix 1, it **cannot** be approved for use as an MarinTrust raw material.

IUCN Red list Category

By-product material from a species listed by IUCN (the International Union for Conservation of Nature) under the Red List for the following categories shall immediately fail the assessment;

- EXTINCT (E) AND EXTINCT IN THE WILD (EW)
- CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR) facing an extremely high risk of extinction in the wild.
- ENDANGERED (EN) facing a very high risk of extinction in the wild.

By-product material may be used from the following categories provided that all clauses in the MarinTrust standard are passed.

- VULNERABLE (VU) facing a high risk of extinction in the wild.
- NEAR THREATENED (NT) does not qualify for above now, but is close or is likely to qualify for, a threatened category in the near future.
- LEAST CONCERN (LC) Widespread and abundant.
- DATA DEFICIENT (DD) and NOT EVALUATED (NE)

Table 3 Species Categorisation Table

Common name	Latin name	Stock	Management	Category	IUCN Red List Category ¹	CITES Appendix 1 ²

¹ https://www.iucnredlist.org/

² https://cites.org/eng/app/appendices.php

CATEGORY C SPECIES

In a by-product assessment, Category C species are those which are subject to a species-specific management regime and are usually targeted species in fisheries for human consumption.

Clause C1 should be completed for each Category C species. If there are no Category C species in the fishery under assessment, this section can be deleted. Where a species fails this Clause, it should be assessed as a Category D species instead.

Spe	ecies	Name						
C1	Catego	ory C Stock Sta	atus - Minimum Requirements					
CI	C1.1	Fishery remo	ovals of the species in the fishery under assessment are included in the stock assessment					
		process, OR	process, OR are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
	C1.2	The species i	The species is considered, in its most recent stock assessment, to have a biomass above the limit					
		reference po	int (or proxy), OR removals by the fishery under assessment are considered by scientific					
		authorities to	o be negligible.					
			Clause outcome:					
proxy), OR re	movals by the	fishery under assessment are considered by scientific authorities to be negligible.					
Refer	ences							
Links								
Marin								
	Trust S	tandard clause	1.3.2.2					
FAO (tandard clause	1.3.2.2 7.5.3					



CATEGORY D SPECIES

Category D species are those which are not subject to a species-specific management regime. In the case of mixed trawl fisheries, Category D species may make up the majority of landings. The comparative lack of scientific information on the status of the population of the species means that a risk-assessment style approach must be taken.

D1	Species Name					
	Productivity Attribut	e	Value	Score		
	Average age at maturity (years)					
	Average maximum age (years)					
	Fecundity (eggs/spawning)					
	Average maximum size (cm)					
	Average size at maturity (cm)					
	Reproductive strategy					
	Mean trophic level					
			Average Productivity Score			
	Susceptibility Attribu	te	Value	Score		
	Availability (area overlap)					
	Encounterability (the position of the s	tock/species				
	within the water column relative to th	e fishing gear)				
	Selectivity of gear type					
	Post-capture mortality					
	Average Susceptibility Score					
		F	PSA Risk Rating (From Table D3)			
			Compliance rating			
	Further justification for susceptibility For susceptibility attributes, please pro uncertainty affecting your decision			re there may be		
Refere						
Stando	rd clauses 1 3 2 2					



Table D2 - Productivity / Susceptibility attributes and scores.

Productivity attributes	Low productivity/ High risk	Medium productivity/ Medium risk	High productivity/ Low risk Score 1	
	Score 3	Score 2		
Average age at maturity (years)	>4	2 to 4	<2	
Average maximum age (years)	>30	10 to 30	<10	
Fecundity (eggs/spawning)	<1 000	1 000 to 10 000	>10 000	
Average maximum size (cm)	>150	60 to 150	<60	
Average size at maturity (cm)	>150	30 to 150	<30	
Reproductive strategy	Live bearer, mouth brooder or significant parental investment	Demersal spawner "berried"	Broadcast spawner	
Mean trophic level	>3.25	2.5-3.25	<2.5	

Susceptibility attributes		High susceptibility/ High risk	Medium susceptibility/ Medium risk	Low susceptibility/ Low risk Score 1	
		Score 3	Score 2		
Availability	1)	Overlap of adult species range with fishery	>50% of stock occurs in the area fished	Between 25% and 50% of the stock occurs in the area fished	<25% of stock occurs in the area fished
	2)	Distribution	Only in the country/ fishery	Limited range in the region	Throughout region/ global distribution
Encounterability	1)	Habitat	Habitat preference of species make it highly likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. demersal, muddy/sandy bottom)	Habitat preference of species make it moderately likely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. rocky bottom/reefs)	Depth or distribution of species make it unlikely to encounter trawl gear (e.g. epi-pelagic or meso-pelagic)
	2)	Depth range	High overlap with trawl fishing gear (20 to 60 m depth)	Medium overlap with trawl fishing gear (10 to 20 m depth)	Low overlap with trawl fishing gear (0 to 10 m, >70 m depth)
Selectivity			Species >2 times mesh size or up to 4 m length	Species 1 to 2 times mesh size or 4 to 5 m length	Species <mesh or<br="" size="">>5 m length</mesh>
Post capture mortality			Most dead or retained Trawl tow >3 hours	Alive after net hauled Trawl tow 0.5 to 3 hours	Released alive Trawl tow <0.5 hours

Note: Availability 2 is only used when there is no information for Availability 1; the most conservative score between Encounterability 1 and 2 is used.



D3		Average Susceptibility Score			
		1 - 1.75	1.76 - 2.24	2.25 - 3	
Average Productivity	1 - 1.75	PASS	PASS	PASS	
Score	1.76 - 2.24	PASS	PASS	TABLE D4	
	2.25 - 3	PASS	TABLE D4	TABLE D4	

D4	Spe	cies Name			
	Impacts On Species Categorised as Vulnerable by D1-D3 - Minimum Requirements				
	D4.1 The potential impacts of the fishery on this species are considered during the management process, and reasonable measures are taken to minimise these impacts.				
	D4.2 There is no substantial evidence that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.				
			Outcome:		
	here is r	easures are taken to min	that the fishery has a significant negative impact on the species.		
Links					
	Trust Sta	andard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4		
		andard clause	1.3.2.2, 4.1.4 7.5.1		